## TERM TWO BASIC SIX WEEK TWO

## WEEKLY SCHEME OF LEARNING- WEEK TWO

## BASIC SIX

Name of School.....

Week Endin	g			
Class	<u> </u>	Six		
Subject		ENGLISH LANGUAGE		
Reference		English Language curriculum Pa	ge	
Learning Inc	licator(s)	B6.1.6.3.1. B6.2.6.3.1 B6.3.4 B6.5.4.1.1. B6.6.1.1.1.	.1.1 B6.4.9.3.2.	
Performanc	e Indicator	A. Learners can engage in co with unfamiliar audience	llaborative conversation	
		B. Learners can deduce mea they relate to one anothe	_	
		C. Learners can use compa and irregular adjectives to	_	
		D. Learners can edit/proofread draft, checking capitalisation, usage, pun		
	E. Learners can differentiate between how the simple past and the present perfect tense forms			
		are used in speech and in writing		
		F. Learners can read and c	ritique a variety of age-	
		and level appropriate bo	ooks and present a one-	
		page critical commenta criteria, on each book rea	•	
Teaching/ Lo	earning Resources	Word cards, sentence cards, lett	er cards, handwriting on	
_		a manila card and a class library.		
Core Compe	tencies: Creativity and	Innovation Communication and Co	ollaboration Personal	
Developmer	nt and Leadership Critica	l Thinking and Problem Solving.		
DAYS	PHASE 1: STARTER 10	PHASE 2: MAIN 40MINS	PHASE 3: REFLECTION	
	MINS	(New Learning Including	10MINS	
	(Preparing The Brain	Assessment)	(Learner And Teacher)	
	For Learning)			
Monday	Engage learners to	A. ORAL LANGAUGE	What have we learnt	
	sing songs and recite	Sample topics: social issues,	today?	
	familiar rhymes	social values and manners		
		Show a video of a talk show	Ask learners to	
		or introduce a talk show by	summarize the main	
		drawing on learners'	points in the lesson	

		background knowledge of such activities on TV.  • Identify an interesting topic e.g. "Children should not do WhatsApp". Initiate a conversation using questions. Learners take turns to contribute to the conversation.  • Put learners in groups and let them choose topics for conversation.  Go round to ensure learners take turns, use facial expressions appropriately and maintain eye contact when in conversation.	
		Assessment: let learners engage in collaborative conversation in groups on the school rules	
Tuesday	Engage learners to sing songs and recite familiar rhymes	<ul> <li>B.READING</li> <li>Meaning from context</li> <li>Explain and demonstrate that the meaning of a word can be deduced from other words in its environment. E.g. Philip is glad. He is really happy. Aku is tall but her brother is short.</li> <li>Put learners in groups. Let them read a text and I give the contextual meaning of selected words from the text.</li> <li>Engage learners in activities such as: – Matching words with</li> </ul>	What have we learnt today?  Ask learners to summarize the main points in the lesson
		their meanings/synonyms/antonyms.  – Reading a text and finding	

		replacements for certain words in the text.	
		<ul> <li>Using other strategies such</li> </ul>	
		as the synonym or antonym	
		tree or synonym or antonym	
		'bingo', have learners build a	
		portfolio of antonyms and	
		synonyms.	
		Meaning from word	
		relationships	
		hyponyms: fruit – apple	
		meronyms: hand – finger	
		Have learners use the	
		vocabulary tree and mother to	
		child to build words using	
		hyponyms and meronyms	
		A	
		Assessment: let learners use	
		the vocabulary tree and mother	
		to child to build words using	
		hyponyms and meronyms	
Wednesday	Engage learners to	C. GRAMMAR	What have we learnt
	sing songs and recite	Revise the comparatives with	today?
	familiar rhymes	learners.	
		Use practical activities to	Ask learners to
		guide learners to change the	summarize the main
		positive forms of regular	points in the lesson
		adjectives into comparative	
		forms by adding -er.	
		E.g. Compare the heights of	
		two learners:	
		i. Musah is tall. Safianu is short.	
		ii. Musah is taller than Safianu.	
		Guide learners to form the	
		superlative forms of regular	
		adjectives by adding -est. E.g.	
		Ali is the tallest.	
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		<ul> <li>Provide a text containing irregular forms of adjectives.</li> <li>Start with those that have different spelling for comparative and superlative.</li> <li>e.g. good better best</li> <li>Provide a text for learners to identify the examples. Learners use the irregular forms of adjectives in sentences</li> <li>Assist learners to use the adjectival forms position, more – and most – much</li> </ul>	
		more most intelligent more intelligent most intelligent  • For each type or form, guide learners with examples to compare classroom objects and things within the vicinity of the school and beyond.  Creativity	
		Assessment: let learners use comparatives forms of regular and irregular adjectives to make comparisons of classroom objects and things within the vicinity of the school,	
Thursday	Engage learners to sing songs and recite familiar rhymes	D. WRITING Have learners pick up their clean draft (Refer to B5 4.3.1) and check for conventions. E.g. errors in capitalisation, punctuation and spelling Tips for learners: i. Do my sentences have proper punctuation? E.g. full stop, question mark, exclamation mark. ii. Have I used commas correctly?	What have we learnt today?  Ask learners to summarize the main points in the lesson

		iii. Do my sentences start with	
		capital letters?	
		iv. Have I capitalised proper	
		nouns?	
		Have learners do peer	
		editing.	
		Have them prepare neat final	
		copies.	
		Guide them to proofread the	
		final copies before publishing.	
		Assessment: let learners	
		edit/proofread draft, checking	
		capitalisation, usage,	
		punctuation and spelling of	
		their own written story.	
Friday	Engage learners to	E. WRITING CONVENTION AND	What have we learnt
	sing songs and recite	GRAMMAR USAGE	today?
	familiar rhymes	Revise the simple present and	
		present perfect tenses by using	Ask learners to
		examples and situations.	summarize the main
		Distribute copies of a sample	points in the lesson
		story and let them identify the	
		simple past verbs, how they are	
		used in sentences and identify	
		modals used.	
		Use this as a guide to let	
		learners write a story using the	
		simple past.	
		• Learners in pairs write their	
		own stories making sure they	
		use both tense forms.	
		Prepare a grid containing all	
		that could be needed to guide	
		the pairs to do their own	
		editing paying attention to the	
		correct use both tense.	
		Assessment: let learners	
		underline simple past and the	
		andernine simple past and the	

		present perfect tense forms in	
		sentences	
Friday	Guide learners to	E. EXTENSIVE READING	Have learners to tell
	choose and read	Lead discussion on the	what they read to the
	books during the	importance of reading widely.	whole class
	library period	Have learners read books of	
		their choice independently	
		during the library period.	
		Learners think-pair-share	
		their stories with peers.	
		Ask each learner to write a-	
		two-paragraph summary of the	
		book read.	
		Invite individuals to present	
		their work to the class for	
		feedback.	
		Encourage them to share	
		whatever they read with their	
		mates.	
		Assessment: let learners read	
		and critique a variety of age-	
		and level appropriate books	
		and present a one-page critical	
		commentary based on a set of	
		criteria, on each book read.	

Week Endir	ng			
Class		six		
Subject		HISTORY		
Reference		History curriculum Page		
Learning Inc	dicator(s)	B6.5.4.1.1		
Performano	e Indicator	Learners can explain post \ in the Gold Coast	World War II developments	
Strand		Journey to Independence		
Sub strand		Ghana Gains Independence		
Teaching/ L	earning Resources	Pictures		
-	•	ovation Communication and hinking and Problem Solving		
DAYS	PHASE 1: STARTER 10 MINS (Preparing The Brain For Learning)	PHASE 2: MAIN 40MINS (New Learning Including Assessment)	PHASE 3: REFLECTION 10MINS (Learner And Teacher)	
Tuesday	Engage learners to sing songs and recite familiar rhymes  Why was the Watson Commission formed?  Who were its members?	Report on the findings of the Commission in the form of a paper or performance/poster/role play etc.  Assessment: let learners write the report on the findings of the Commission as a post World War II developments in the Gold Coast	What have we learnt today?  Ask learners to summarize the main points in the lesson	
Thursday	Engage learners to sing songs and recite familiar rhymes	Report on the findings of the Commission in the form of a paper or performance/poster/role play etc.  Assessment: let learners role play the report on the findings of the Commission as a post-	What have we learnt today?  Ask learners to summarize the main points in the lesson	

	World War II development	
	in the Gold Coast	

Week Endi	ing		
Class		six	
Subject		SCIENCE	
Reference		Science curriculum Page	
Learning Ir	ndicator(s)	B6.3.2.1.1	
Performan	ce Indicator	Learners can explain the d	ifference between a star,
		planet and a satellite	
Strand		SYSTEMS	
Sub strand		The Solar System	
Teaching/	Learning Resources	Pictures	
Core Comp	etencies: Creativity and In	novation Communication an	d Collaboration Personal
Developme	ent and Leadership Critical	Thinking and Problem Solvin	ıg.
DAYS	PHASE 1: STARTER 10	PHASE 2: MAIN 40MINS	PHASE 3: REFLECTION
	MINS	(New Learning Including	10MINS
	(Preparing The Brain	Assessment)	(Learner And Teacher)
	For Learning)		
Monday	Engage learners to sing	Show videos, models or	What have we learnt
	songs and recite familiar	pictures of the solar	today?
	rhymes	system and engage	
		learners to identify the	Ask learners to
	Discuss the functions of	planets in the system.	summarize the importar
	parts of plants with	Draw the solar system	points of the lesson
	learners	on the board, using	
		different colours to	
		illustrate the different	
		bodies.	
		<ul> <li>Learners tell what they</li> </ul>	
		see when they view the	
		sky during the night and	
		during day time.	
		Based on their answers,	
		use the chart to explain	
		that a star is a heavenly	
		body that produces its	
		own light and is stationary	
		(does not move)	
		,	
		Assessment: let learners	
		1	i

explain the difference

		between a star and a planet	
Thursday	Engage learners to sing songs and recite familiar rhymes	Using the solar system as an example, guide learners to understand that a planet is a body that moves around a star (e.g. the earth and the other planets move around the sun).  • Similarly, explain to learners that a satellite is a smaller body that moves around a bigger one, e.g. the moon is a satellite of the earth.  • Engage learners in a game that mimics the solar system (e.g. place a chair at the centre of the football field with one learner to represent the sun. Now ask 8 learners to go around the chair in circles to represent the planets).  Assessment: let learners explain the difference between a star, a planet and a satellite	What have we learnt today?  Ask learners to summarize the important points of the lesson

Week Endin	g g		
Class		six	
Subject		MATHEMATICS	
Reference		Mathematics curriculum Pa	age
Learning Inc	licator(s)	B6.1.2.6.2 B6.1.1.4.3 B6.	<u> </u>
Performanc	• •	A. Learners can solv	
1 CHOMINICE MIGRATOR		subtraction problems involving integers (exc  B. Learners can perform simple multiplication with integers  C. Learners can compare and order a mixture of fractions: common, percent and decimal fractions (up to thousandths)	
Strand		Number	
Sub strand		Fractions	
	earning Resources	Counters	
•	•	novation Communication and	
Developme	nt and Leadership Critical	Thinking and Problem Solving	g.
	1	T	T
DAYS	PHASE 1: STARTER 10	PHASE 2: MAIN 40MINS	PHASE 3: REFLECTION
	MINS	(New Learning Including	10MINS
	(Preparing The Brain For Learning)	Assessment)	(Learner And Teacher)
Monday	Sing songs like:	Solve word problems; e.g.	Review the lesson with
		(i) Some number added to	Learners
	I'm counting one, what	5 is equal to -11. Find the	
	is one	number.	
	1 - One is one alone,	(ii) Ben and Cam are	Assessment: have
	alone it shall be.	diving. Ben is 15.8 meters	learners to practice with
	2 - Two pair, two pair	below the surface of the	more examples
	come pair let us pair	water. Cam is 4.2 meters	
	3 - Turn around	above Ben.	
	4 - Follow me	What is Cam's position	
	5 - Fire	relative to the surface of	
		the water?	
Tuesday			
	Sing songs like:	Solve word problems: e.g.	Review the lesson with
,	Sing songs like:	Solve word problems; e.g. (i) Some number added to	Review the lesson with Learners

	I'm counting one, what is one 1 - One is one alone, alone it shall be. 2 - Two pair, two pair come pair let us pair 3 - Turn around 4 - Follow me 5 - Fire	5 is equal to -11. Find the number.  (ii) Ben and Cam are diving. Ben is 15.8 meters below the surface of the water. Cam is 4.2 meters above Ben.  What is Cam's position relative to the surface of the water?	
Wednesday	Sing songs like:  I'm counting one, what is one 1 - One is one alone, alone it shall be. 2 - Two pair, two pair come pair let us pair 3 - Turn around 4 - Follow me 5 - Fire	Use number line to help learners to multiply integers; learners should always start from zero and skip/hop to the left or write on the number line. For instance, to multiply 3 by (-2), have learners start from zero and hop to the left 3times in an interval of 2.	Assessment: have learners to practice with more examples
Thursday	Sing songs like:  I'm counting one, what is one  1 - One is one alone, alone it shall be.  2 - Two pair, two pair come pair let us pair  3 - Turn around  4 - Follow me  5 - Fire	Use number line to help learners to multiply integers; learners should always start from zero and skip/hop to the left or write on the number line. For instance, to multiply 3 by (-2), have learners start from zero and hop to the left 3times in an interval of 2.	Review the lesson with Learners  Assessment: have learners to practice with more examples

Friday	I'm counting one, what is one 1 - One is one alone, alone it shall be. 2 - Two pair, two pair come pair let us pair 3 - Turn around 4 - Follow me 5 - Fire	To compare and order a mixture of common, decimal and percent fractions, express them in one  form (i.e. either common, decimal or percent); e.g. to order 0.758, $\frac{5}{8}$ and 73%; we have $\rightarrow_{\frac{8}{1000}} = \frac{625}{1000} = 62.5\%$ , 0.758 $= \frac{758}{1000} = 75.8\%$ , and 73% and 0.758	Assessment: have learners to practice with more examples
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Week Ending	
Class	Six
Subject	CREATIVE ARTS
Reference	Creative Arts curriculum
Learning Indicator(s)	B6. 2.1.1.3
Performance Indicator	Learners can study how the artworks of the international performing artists studied reflect the physical and social environments of some communities in the world
Strand	Performing Arts
Sub strand	Thinking and Exploring Ideas
Teaching/ Learning Resources	Pictures
Core Competencies: Creativity and	Innovation Communication and Collaboration Personal

**Development and Leadership Critical Thinking and Problem Solving.** 

DAYS	PHASE 1: STARTER 10 MINS (Preparing The Brain For Learning)	PHASE 2: MAIN 40MINS (New Learning Including Assessment)	PHASE 3: REFLECTION  10MINS  (Learner And Teacher)
Monday	Engage learners to sing songs and recite familiar rhymes	Learners are to:  ② select the compositions and performances of any international performing artist that reflect ideas from the physical and social environments of any community in the world; ② appreciate: discuss the selected artworks in groups and share findings with the rest of the class focusing on the type of composition or	What have we learnt today?  Ask learners to summarize the main points in the lesson

		performance, theme/purpose, the idea from the physical and social environment that it reflects, vocabulary used, rhythm, etc.; Assessment: let learners describe how the artworks of the international performing artists studied reflect the physical and social environments of some communities in the world	
Wednesday	Engage learners to sing songs and recite familiar rhymes	Learners are to select and compare any two of the compositions and performances in terms of type, material, method, finishing, function and suitability, etc.  Assessment: let learners compare any two of the international compositions and performances in terms of type, material, method, finishing, function and suitability.	What have we learnt today?  Ask learners to summarize the main points in the lesson

Week End	ing		
Class		Six	
Subject		PHYSICAL EDUCATION	
Reference		PE curriculum Page	
Learning Indicator(s) B6.1.2.1.12			
Performance Indicator		Learners can Develop a co	operative movement game
		that uses locomotor skills,	object manipulation, and ar
		offensive strategy and te	ach the game to another
		person	
Strand		MOTOR SKILLS AND MOVE	MENT PATTERNS
Sub stran	t	LOCOMOTOR, MANIPULAT	IVE AND RHYTHMIC SKILLS
Teaching/ Learning Resources		cones	
Core Com	ore Competencies: Creativity and Innovation Communication and Collaboration Per		d Collaboration Personal
		cal Thinking and Problem Solving.	
Developm	ent and Leadership Critical	Thinking and Problem Solvir	ng.
Developm	ent and Leadership Critical	Thinking and Problem Solvir	ng.
Developm	PHASE 1: STARTER 10	Thinking and Problem Solvin PHASE 2: MAIN 40MINS	PHASE 3: REFLECTION
·	·		
·	PHASE 1: STARTER 10	PHASE 2: MAIN 40MINS	PHASE 3: REFLECTION
·	PHASE 1: STARTER 10 MINS	PHASE 2: MAIN 40MINS (New Learning Including	PHASE 3: REFLECTION 10MINS
·	PHASE 1: STARTER 10 MINS (Preparing The Brain	PHASE 2: MAIN 40MINS (New Learning Including	PHASE 3: REFLECTION 10MINS
·	PHASE 1: STARTER 10 MINS (Preparing The Brain For Learning)	PHASE 2: MAIN 40MINS (New Learning Including Assessment)	PHASE 3: REFLECTION  10MINS  (Learner And Teacher)
·	PHASE 1: STARTER 10 MINS (Preparing The Brain For Learning) Learners jog round a	PHASE 2: MAIN 40MINS (New Learning Including Assessment)  Learners participate in a	PHASE 3: REFLECTION 10MINS (Learner And Teacher) What have we learnt
·	PHASE 1: STARTER 10 MINS (Preparing The Brain For Learning) Learners jog round a demarcated area in files	PHASE 2: MAIN 40MINS (New Learning Including Assessment)  Learners participate in a mini Handball, Volleyball,	PHASE 3: REFLECTION 10MINS (Learner And Teacher)  What have we learnt today?
·	PHASE 1: STARTER 10 MINS (Preparing The Brain For Learning)  Learners jog round a demarcated area in files while singing and	PHASE 2: MAIN 40MINS (New Learning Including Assessment)  Learners participate in a mini Handball, Volleyball, Basketball, Netball,	PHASE 3: REFLECTION 10MINS (Learner And Teacher)  What have we learnt today? Use answers to

strategies and tactics in playing the game ae a team. Learners play various roles in a team and cooperate with one another in achieving the

teams' objectives.

the lesson

Learners cool down to end

prevent injuries

Week En	ding		
Class		Six	
Subject		COMPUTING	
Reference		Computing curriculum Page	
Learning	Indicator(s)	B6.5.1.1.1 B6.5.1.1.2 B6.5.1.1.3	
Performance Indicator		Learners can describe Datal	bases.
		Learners can identify databa	ases and data structures.
		Learners can explain Funda	mental Database concepts.
Strand		Programming and Database	es
Sub strai	nd	Introduction to Databases,	Algorithm And
		Programming. Languages	
Teaching/ Learning Resources		Laptop	
	•		d Collaboration Personal
	ment and Leadership Critical		
	•	Thinking and Problem Solvin PHASE 2: MAIN 40MINS	
Develop	PHASE 1: STARTER 10 MINS	Thinking and Problem Solvin  PHASE 2: MAIN 40MINS  (New Learning Including	PHASE 3: REFLECTION 10MINS
Develop	PHASE 1: STARTER 10 MINS (Preparing The Brain	Thinking and Problem Solvin PHASE 2: MAIN 40MINS	g. PHASE 3: REFLECTION
Develop	PHASE 1: STARTER 10 MINS (Preparing The Brain For Learning)	Thinking and Problem Solvin  PHASE 2: MAIN 40MINS  (New Learning Including Assessment)	PHASE 3: REFLECTION  10MINS  (Learner And Teacher)
Develop	PHASE 1: STARTER 10 MINS (Preparing The Brain For Learning) Engage learners to sing	PHASE 2: MAIN 40MINS (New Learning Including Assessment)  Guide learners through	PHASE 3: REFLECTION 10MINS (Learner And Teacher) What have we learnt
Develop	PHASE 1: STARTER 10 MINS (Preparing The Brain For Learning) Engage learners to sing songs and recite familiar	PHASE 2: MAIN 40MINS (New Learning Including Assessment)  Guide learners through discussion in groups, to list	PHASE 3: REFLECTION  10MINS  (Learner And Teacher)
Develop	PHASE 1: STARTER 10 MINS (Preparing The Brain For Learning) Engage learners to sing	PHASE 2: MAIN 40MINS (New Learning Including Assessment)  Guide learners through	PHASE 3: REFLECTION 10MINS (Learner And Teacher)  What have we learnt today?
Develop	PHASE 1: STARTER 10 MINS (Preparing The Brain For Learning) Engage learners to sing songs and recite familiar	PHASE 2: MAIN 40MINS (New Learning Including Assessment)  Guide learners through discussion in groups, to list and describe databases.	PHASE 3: REFLECTION 10MINS (Learner And Teacher)  What have we learnt today?  Ask learners to
Develop	PHASE 1: STARTER 10 MINS (Preparing The Brain For Learning) Engage learners to sing songs and recite familiar	PHASE 2: MAIN 40MINS (New Learning Including Assessment)  Guide learners through discussion in groups, to list and describe databases.  Guide learners to identify	PHASE 3: REFLECTION 10MINS (Learner And Teacher)  What have we learnt today?  Ask learners to summarize the main
Develop	PHASE 1: STARTER 10 MINS (Preparing The Brain For Learning) Engage learners to sing songs and recite familiar	PHASE 2: MAIN 40MINS (New Learning Including Assessment)  Guide learners through discussion in groups, to list and describe databases.  Guide learners to identify databases structures. ie.	PHASE 3: REFLECTION 10MINS (Learner And Teacher)  What have we learnt today?  Ask learners to
Develop	PHASE 1: STARTER 10 MINS (Preparing The Brain For Learning) Engage learners to sing songs and recite familiar	PHASE 2: MAIN 40MINS (New Learning Including Assessment)  Guide learners through discussion in groups, to list and describe databases.  Guide learners to identify databases structures. ie. database structure is the	PHASE 3: REFLECTION 10MINS (Learner And Teacher)  What have we learnt today?  Ask learners to summarize the main
Develop	PHASE 1: STARTER 10 MINS (Preparing The Brain For Learning) Engage learners to sing songs and recite familiar	PHASE 2: MAIN 40MINS (New Learning Including Assessment)  Guide learners through discussion in groups, to list and describe databases.  Guide learners to identify databases structures. ie.	PHASE 3: REFLECTION 10MINS (Learner And Teacher)  What have we learnt today?  Ask learners to summarize the main

Assessment: let learners explain Fundamental Database concepts

that comprises the

Guide learners to apply the fundamental database

concepts to a sample database in a class

database.

discussion

Week Ending	
Class	Six
Subject	OUR WORLD OUR PEOPLE
Reference	Our World Our People curriculum Page
Learning Indicator(s)	B6.2.3.1.1
Performance Indicator	Learners can identify the political regions on a sketch
	map of Ghana
Strand	ALL AROUND US
Sub strand	Map Making and Land Marks
	Content
Teaching/ Learning Resources	Pictures

Core Competencies: Creativity and Innovation Communication and Collaboration Personal Development and Leadership Critical Thinking and Problem Solving.

DAYS	PHASE 1: STARTER 10 MINS (Preparing The Brain For Learning)	PHASE 2: MAIN 40MINS (New Learning Including Assessment)	PHASE 3: REFLECTION  10MINS  (Learner And Teacher)
Tuesday	Engage learners to sing songs and recite familiar rhymes	Learners talk about the political regions of Ghana e.g. the sixteen regions, their names and capitals.  Learners show the locations of the political regions on a sketch map of Ghana.  Observe a map of Africa and write out the countries, which border Ghana to the North, East and West.  Assessment: let learners identify the political regions on a sketch map of Ghana	What have we learnt today?  Ask learners to summarize the main points in the lesson

	[		
Thursday	Engage learners to sing	Compose a song that	What have we learnt
	songs and recite familiar	locates the position of	today?
	rhymes	Ghana in relation to other	
		countries along the Coast	Ask learners to
		of West Africa. "From	summarize the main
		Senegal to GambiaBenin	points in the lesson
		to Nigeria".	
		Assessment: let learners	
		write and sing a song that	
		locates the position of	
		Ghana in relation to other	
		countries along the Coast	
		of West Africa	

Week En	/eek Ending		
Class		Six	
Subject		RELIGIOUS AND MORAL EDUCATION	
Reference		RME curriculum Page	
Learning	earning Indicator(s) B6.2.2.1.2		
Performance Indicator		Learners can explain the n	eed for celebrating various
festivals		festivals	
Strand Religious Practices and their Moral Im		r Moral Implications	
Sub strand Festivals in the Three Major Religions		Religions	
Teaching/ Learning Resources		Pictures	
Core Con	npetencies: Creativity and Ini	novation Communication an	d Callabaration Darcanal
Develop	ment and Leadership Critical		
DAYS	•		

Assessment: let learners

explain the need for celebrating various

festivals.

## WEEKLY LESSON PLAN FOR B6 GHANAIAN LANGUAGE

Learning Indicator (s) (Ref. No.)  Performance Indicators		nuclear family and r  The learner s  extended family and in it.	tended family and it.
		terms to describe fa	
Week Endi	ng	Chanaian Languaga aurria	ulum
		Ghanaian Language curric	uiuiii
Subject	lagaria Barana	GHANAIAN LANGUAGE	and and acceptance of the second
	Teaching/ Learning Resources Manila cards, markers, recorded audios visu  Core Competencies: Communication and collaboration Personal development and		
DAYS	PHASE 1: STARTER 10 MINS (Preparing The Brain For Learning) Engage leaners to sing songs and recite familiar rhymes	PHASE 2: MAIN 40MINS (New Learning Including Assessment)  • Ask learners to mention the family members they live with.  • Discuss who a nuclear family comprises of.  • Display a picture of a family.  • Aid learners to recognise the nuclear family and mention the members in it.  Assessment: let learners identify the nuclear family and mention the members in it	PHASE 3: REFLECTION 10MINS (Learner And Teacher)  What have we learnt today?  Review the lesson with learners

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	Engage leaners to sing songs and recite familiar rhymes	<ul> <li>Display a picture or watch a clip of an extended family in class.</li> <li>Discuss the members of the family seen in the video.</li> <li>Explain the concept of the extended family to</li> </ul>	What have we learnt today?
learn	ers.	<ul> <li>Aid learners to recognise the extended family and mention some members in it.</li> <li>B6.1.7.1.3 Use the appropriate terms to</li> </ul>	
		describe families	Review the lesson with learners
		Assessment: let learners identify the extended family and mention some members in it.	
	Engage leaners to sing songs and recite familiar rhymes	<ul> <li>With flashcards, write terms used in describing members of the family.</li> <li>Discuss the terms used to describe members with learners.</li> <li>Ask the learners to talk about their family using the appropriate terms.</li> <li>In groups, ask learners to act like a family and let learners use the appropriate terms to describe the families</li> </ul>	What have we learnt today?
		Assessment: let learners use the appropriate terms to describe families.	Review the lesson with learners