# ESSENTIAL Computing Primary 6

Teacher's Guide









# ESSENTIAL Computing Primary 6

**Teacher's Guide** 

Silas Hibbert • Victoria Wright





NNF Esquire Limited P.O. Box AN 8644, Accra - North, Ghana.

### **CAMBRIDGE** UNIVERSITY PRESS

University Printing House, Cambridge CB2 8BS, United Kingdom

One Liberty Plaza, 20th Floor, New York, NY 10006, USA

477 Williamstown Road, Port Melbourne, VIC 3207, Australia

314-321, 3rd Floor, Plot 3, Splendor Forum, Jasola District Centre, New Delhi - 110025, India

79 Anson Road, #06-04/06, Singapore 079906

The Water Club, Beach Road, Granger Bay, Cape Town, 8005, South Africa

Cambridge University Press is part of the University of Cambridge.

It furthers the University's mission by disseminating knowledge in the pursuit of education, learning and research at the highest international levels of excellence.

### www.cambridge.org

© Cambridge University Press and NNF Esquire Limited 2020

This publication is in copyright. Subject to statutory exception and to the provisions of relevant collective licensing agreements, no reproduction of any part may take place without the written permission of Cambridge University Press and NNF Esquire Limited.

First published 2020 20 19 18 17 16 15 14 13 12 11 10 9 8 7 6 5 4 3 2 1

Printed in South Africa by Academic Press

ISBN 978-9988-8965-3-9 Paperback

Authors: Silas Hibbert, Victoria Wright Editor: Arlene Stephenson Designer/Typesetter: Mzwakhe Sibeko Illustrator: Claudia Eckard Cover artwork: pictafolio/GettyImages

### Acknowledgements

The publisher and authors would like to thank the following individuals and organisations for permission to use their material in either the original or adapted form:

### Photographs

Author supplied photographs.

\_\_\_\_\_

Every effort has been made to trace copyright holders. Should infringements have occurred, please inform the publishers who will correct these in the event of a reprint.

Cambridge University Press and NNF Esquire Limited have no responsibility for the persistence or accuracy of URLs for external or third-party internet websites referred to in this publication, and does not guarantee that any content on such websites is, or will remain, accurate or appropriate.

If you want to know more about this book or any other NNF Esquire Limited publication, phone us at +233 20 21 I 31 17, +233 24 460 8305 or send an e-mail to nnfstareducation@gmail.com



ম

CONTENTS

Ŵ

This Teacher's Guide sets out to provide basic and practical ways to teach key tasks required by the Computing Curriculum for Primary Schools, closely following the curriculum requirements and outcomes, tied to the strands and sub-strands as well as listing performance indicators. A free CD is provided with additional printable worksheets and PowerPoint presentations that can be used on a projector in your classroom or printed out. Additional content is provided specifically for you as an e-book providing guidance on how to integrate ICT in the classroom as well as a handy reference of key concepts in computing and the fourth Industrial Revolution.

In this Teacher's Guide for Basic 6, you can expect to find teaching skills that focuses on high levels of engagement for learners through active learning styles, such as teach-backs; student group presentations; learner's self-assessment and peer-assessment activities, including many opportunities for small group or pair discussions and evaluations with constructive feedback to each other. Many of these pedagogical approaches require you to act as a facilitator who skilfully guides the learning process by employing targeted questions at appropriate times to encourage learners to think deeply on the more difficult or complex concepts and content. The scaffolding provided in the worksheets and activities is underpinned by Bloom's taxonomy. Additional 21st century pedagogical approaches, such as the 'Flipped Classroom', 'CLIL', 'Lesson Study', etc. have not been explored as methodologies in this book, but are ideas that teachers might wish to explore to enhance learner engagement and understanding of the concepts and content provided in the Learner's Book.

In the Learner's Book, the Contents page section indicates the number of strands and the main topics in each strand. The Revision section found at the end of each strand comprises a Check your progress section covering questions relating to the whole strand. At the beginning of each strand is an Introduction, providing information covered in that strand. These could be used in a variety of ways that might assist in lesson preparation.

# Tasks

Tasks provide a guide to teachers on how a concept or activity required by the curriculum could be taught. These will prove invaluable for teachers new to the subject. Tasks are numbered for each strand starting from the number I to the last number in the strand. Teachers will need to adjust the amount of time they spend on each strand based on the number of lessons per academic year. Some content, concepts, or practical tasks may require slightly more time than might be available in a lesson and it is left to your discretion and professionalism to allocate how much time you believe learners of different abilities may require in order to master the more difficult content and concepts.

The Content standard states the specific skills that learners should master and are linked to the corresponding sub-strand. Each sub-strand and its related content standard will be accompanied by a set of indicators which are different for each task.

Each Indicator is linked to performance indicators for all the ability groups that teachers may have to cater for in each teaching group. Differentiation is considered at the level of the expected outcomes expressed in the performance indicators for each lesson as follows:

ALL refers to the majority of learners and the expected skills will be commensurate with the lower levels in Bloom's taxonomy, such as, recall and comprehension.

SOME refers to the more able learners or in some cases the less able learners depending on what the performance indicator stipulates. Learners in this group should be able to do slightly more or less than the majority of learners and be able to analyse or interpret the more difficult concepts and content.

FEW refers to the most able learners who could be expected to do the higher order thinking skills, such as evaluating and synthesis, according to Bloom's taxonomy.

The Core competencies indicate the broad areas of the curriculum that are considered in each task. They lend themselves to broad interpretation in the way teachers facilitate the learning and the way learners engage in their learning process. Tasks tend to incorporate high levels of creativity, innovativeness, communication, and collaboration from learners. It includes content that fosters a healthy cultural identity yet highlights the importance of subscribing to a global citizenship. The 21st century pedagogies prescribed encourage learners to be confident leaders and focuses on personal development within the context of digital literacy.

# Resources

Resources for use during a task can be found in the section, On CD. Resources may include worksheets, presentations to be used, self-assessment criteria or peer-assessment criteria, evaluation criteria, etc.

# Phases

The **Phase I:** Start of task section should not last longer than 5-8 minutes. There are many creative ways to start a lesson and this section is merely a guide for teachers to introduce their learners to each new topic.

The **Phase 2:** Main section is merely a guide for teachers to use in their lessons. Teachers might have to adjust some aspects because much will depend on the ability of the learners in each class as to the pace of learning for each class. This section of a task should last approximately 20 minutes in a 30 minute lesson.

The **Phase 3:** End of task section can be used to reflect on the learning in each lesson or for consolidation of key concepts learnt. Teachers may wish to try some of their own creative plenary ideas and use the suggested ideas as a guide. This section should typically last approximately 5–8 minutes.

# Low resource schools

This section caters for schools or lessons where electronic devices are not available. Teachers in such situations should prepare in an entirely different way from the ways suggested in most of the tasks in this book. However, there are numerous parts of the tasks that do not require learners to be working on a computer. Teachers might be able to use the following ideas:

- Prepare flash cards with key words by placing a picture on one card and its definition on another card. Hand one card to each learner randomly and ask learners to find their match.
- Ask learners to explain or describe in their own words their understanding of their key word.
- Create or provide classroom posters for your display boards. Use these for reference during explanations.
- Create Find the matching words by using the key words lists.
- Create Fill in the missing words worksheets.
- Draw information-rich sketches on a writing board developing a discussion or explanation as the drawing is being developed and using the Learner's Book as a point of reference.
- Ask learners to do the activities in the Learner's Book or the Teacher's Guide that do not require the use of a computer.
- Arrange learners in groups to work through questions in the Learner's Book or Teacher's Guide.

# **Extension activities**

These serve as differentiation materials to challenge the more able learners in a class. Teachers might wish to use the extension activities as follows:

- with the more able learners only
- in pairs of a more able learner working together with a less able learner
- in mixed ability groups that might present their answers as a group to the rest of the class for all ability learners individually, at your discretion.

# Answers

This section provides possible answers for the activities and questions in the Learner's Book as well as answers to the worksheets available on the CD. These are by no means exhaustive and you can consider any other reasonable answers.

There are several links to websites and YouTube videos and learners are encouraged to create their own digital resources as a means to prepare our digital natives for their future world of work. It would be wise to adopt an open mind to the use of mobile phones and electronic devices to enhance the learning process.

I hope you enjoy using this Teacher's Guide as much as we enjoyed producing it.

# Introduction

In this strand, you can expect to explore a range of topics in four sub-strands:

- 1. Generations of computers and the parts of a computer and other gadgets types of output devices, differences between analogue and digital devices, the characters on a keyboard, further features of the MS Windows interface building on those explored in Basic 4 and Basic 5 and a summary of all the generations of computers.
- 2. Introduction to the MS Windows interface: a more in-depth exposition of the features of the MS Windows interface. Lessons include tasks for learners to personalise the desktop background and use the recycle bin, the pop-up menu, the File Explorer window, location of the hard drives, the navigation pane, frequent folders section, and the recent files sections.
- 3. Data, sources and usage: identifying types of data, such as, integers, float, double and characters. Exploring additional sources of data, including email, Skype, SMS, etc. Managing users of the desktop including presenting data in different forms.
- 4. Technology in the community (communication): identify and demonstrate the use of various communications technologies in the community.

# Task I of 32

Sub-strand I: Generations of computers and parts of a computer and other gadgets

<b>Content standard:</b> B6.I.I.I Identify parts of a computer, technology tools, and history of computers.	<b>Indicator:</b> B6.I.I.I. Learn about the generations of computers.
Performance indicator:	Core competencies:
<b>ALL</b> learners will be able to learn about the generations of computers, including supercomputers and mainframe computers.	<ol> <li>Creativity and innovation</li> <li>Communication and collaboration</li> <li>Cultural identity and global citizenship</li> </ol>
<b>SOME</b> learners will be able to learn about the generations of computers, including minicomputers, microprocessors, and mobile phones.	<ol> <li>Personal development and leadership</li> <li>Digital literacy</li> </ol>

**FEW** learners will be able to learn about the generations of computers.

**Key words:** supercomputers, mainframe computers, minicomputers, microprocessors, mobile phones, generations of computers

# In this task:

**The teacher should** refer to the Learner's Book for information and pictures of the different generations of computers. Divide learners into groups of three to make posters of the different generations of computers for the classroom displays.

**Learners should** refer to the Learner's Book and use the internet to find more information to make colourful posters about the different generations of computers for the classroom displays.

# **Resources required**

# Phase I: Start of task

Explain the task for the day. Learners should be in groups of 3 to make colourful posters of the different generations of computers. Each group should be given one generation of computers as the subject of their poster.

# Phase 2: Main

Refer to the Learner's Book for more information about the different generations of computers. Posters should be placed on the classroom display board.

# Phase 3: End of task

Learners should go around to all the displays and evaluate them by sticking a grade on each one using sticky notes with smiley faces. The posters with the most smiley faces should be discussed as to why they are so popular.

# **Extension activity**

Refer to Activity 1.1 on page 4 of the Learner's Book relating to the generations of computers. Ask the more able learners to do this task.

# Answers

# Activity I.I

Learner's Book page 4

Answers may vary.

- 1. The most useful would be the tablet because it is WiFi and can be carried easily as it is not very heavy.
- 2. It is easier to make notes when off-site or on a train. / Kplorm could write his report and upload it to the office if he is within a WiFi service. / Kplorm could connect to the internet via his smartphone to upload his reports if there is no WiFi connection.

# Task 2 of 32

**Sub-strand I:** Generations of computers and parts of a computer and other gadgets

<b>Content standard:</b> B6.I.I.I Identify parts of a computer, technology tools and history of computers.	<b>Indicator:</b> B6.1.1.1.2 Identify components of a computer system: hardware, software and liveware.
<b>Performance indicator:</b> <b>ALL</b> learners will be able to identify some computer hardware.	Core competencies:  I. Creativity and innovation  Communication and collaboration
<b>SOME</b> learners will be able to identify most parts of a computer system, and software. <b>FEW</b> learners will be able to identify all the computer hardware parts, software, and liveware.	<ol> <li>Cultural identity and global citizenship</li> <li>Personal development and leadership</li> <li>Digital literacy</li> </ol>

**Key words:** mouse, keyboard, monitor, central processing unit and its components, memory, hard disk drive, CD-ROM, speakers and peripherals, applications software, bespoke software, utility software, liveware

# In this task:

The teacher should give learners access to the Presentation Task 2\_B6.I.I.I.2 Components of a Computer System.pptx to edit and improve on it.

Learners should edit and improve the existing presentation on the CD.

# **Resources required**

Learner's Book pages 5-9

# On CD

• Presentation Task 2\_B6.I.I.I.2 Components of a computer system.pptx

# Phase I: Start of task

Show learners the beginning of the Presentation Task 2\_B6.1.1.1.2 Components of a computer system.pptx, found on the CD. Point out how the main parts are hyperlinked to the relevant sections in the same PowerPoint file. Explain that they should add pictures of their own and short explanations of each item.

# Phase 2: Main

Learners should improve and edit the current version of the Presentation Task 2\_B6.1.1.1.2 Components of a computer system.pptx.

# Phase 3: End of task

Select one or two of the best presentations to show the class and ask learners how they could improve their presentations next time.

# **Extension activity**

Ask the more able learners to do Activity 1.2 on page 5 of the Learner's Book. Remind other learners of the acronyms for hardware and software covered in Basic 5.

# Answers

# Activity I.2

Learner's Book page 5-6

- RAM: random access memory CPU: central processing unit HDD: hard disk drive SSD: solid state drive OS: operating system
- 2. hardware components: motherboard, CPU, RAM, power supply, hard drive, solid state drive, ROM, video card, sound card hardware devices: printer, keyboard, mouse, scanner, monitor
- 3. Answers will vary.

Activity I.3

Answers will vary.

# Activity I.4

Learner's Book page 8

Learner's Book page 7

Device	Software or hardware?	Input, output, or both?	Storage or com- munication?
Solid state drive (SSD)	Hardware		Storage
Mouse	Hardware	Input	
Keyboard	Hardware	Input	
Hard disk drive (HDD)	Hardware		Storage
Screen/monitor	Hardware	Output unless touch screen	
Central processing unit (CPU)	Hardware		
Operating system	Software		
Pen drive (flash drive)	Hardware	Both	
Bar code reader	Hardware	Input	
Motherboard	Hardware		
Random access memory (RAM)	Hardware		Storage
Video card	Hardware		
Printer	Hardware	Output	Output
Word processor	Software		
Scanner	Hardware	Input	
Webcam	Hardware	Input	
Microphone	Hardware	Input	

# Task 3 of 32

Sub-strand I: Generations of computers and parts of a computer and other gadgets

**Content standard:** B6.1.1.1 Identify parts of a computer, technology tools, and history of computers.

# **Performance indicator:**

**ALL** learners will be able to identify the left and right mouse buttons, holding the mouse.

**SOME** learners will be able to identify performing single, double, and triple clicking, dragging object, and using scroll wheel.

**FEW** learners will be able to identify the left and the right mouse buttons, holding the mouse, performing single, double, and triple clicking, dragging object, and using scroll wheel.

# Indicator: B6.1.1.1.3

Identify the left and right mouse buttons, holding the mouse, performing single, double and triple clicking, dragging object, and using scroll wheel.

### **Core competencies:**

- I. Creativity and innovation
- 2. Communication and collaboration
- 3. Cultural identity and global citizenship
- 4. Personal development and leadership
- 5. Digital literacy

**Key words:** mouse, left mouse button, right mouse button, single click, double click, triple click, scroll wheel, dragging object

# In this task:

**The teacher should** refer to the Learner's Book for information and pictures to create either short guides or short videos about how to use a mouse.

Learners should create either a short information leaflet or a short video explaining how to use a mouse.

# **Resources required**

Learner's Book pages 9-10

# Phase I: Start of task

Ask three learners to share with the class how they usually use a mouse.

# Phase 2: Main

Explain to learners all the ways that a mouse can be used. Divide the class into small groups and ask them to create a short guide with pictures or drawings of each of the ways a mouse could be used. They could produce a leaflet. Alternatively, suggest that some learners could record short videos demonstrating and explaining how to use the mouse in the various ways you have explained. They could work in pairs or small groups.

# Phase 3: End of task

Learners should share their videos and give one another a score out of 3 where I = needs improvement; 2 = satisfactory; and 3 = good.

# **Extension activity**

Ask the more able learners to do Activity 1.5 on page 10 of the Learner's Book.

# Answers

# Activity 1.5

Learner's Book page 10

Learners' posters showing beginners how to use a mouse will vary. They will get peer feedback and make changes if necessary before the posters are printed.

# Task 4 of 32

Sub-strand I: Generations of computers and parts of a computer and other gadgets

**Content standard:** B6.1.1.1 Identify parts of a computer, technology tools, and history of computers.

# **Performance indicator:**

**ALL** learners will be able to demonstrate the proper use of some keyboarding techniques.

**SOME** learners will be able to demonstrate the proper use of most keyboarding techniques.

**FEW** learners will be able to demonstrate the proper use of keyboarding techniques.

Core competencies:

I. Creativity and innovation

Indicator: B6.1.1.1.2

techniques.

- 2. Communication and collaboration
- 3. Cultural identity and global citizenship

Demonstrate the proper use of keyboarding

- 4. Personal development and leadership
- 5. Digital literacy

**Key words:** QWERTY; numeric keys; word processor; slash keys; tab key, function keys; caps lock, esc, PrtScn, Home and End keys; PgDn and PgUp keys; Enter key; home row keys; Backspace and Delete keys; Shift , Ctrl and Alt keys

# In this task:

**The teacher should** refer to the Learner's Book for pictures of keyboarding techniques and to the video tutorial for keyboarding techniques.

Learners should refer to the Learner's Book and use the video tutorial for keyboarding techniques.

# **Resources required**

Learner's Book pages 10-12

# On CD

Worksheet Task 4\_B6. I.I.I.4 Keyboarding techniques.pdf

### Phase I: Start of task

Provide the worksheet for learners to access.

### Phase 2: Main

Learners complete Worksheet Task 4\_B6. 1.1.1.4 Keyboarding techniques.pdf.

### Phase 3: End of task

Recap the meanings of the key words.

# Task 5 of 32

Sub-strand I: Generations of computers and parts of a computer and other gadgets

**Content standard:** B6.1.1.1 Identify parts of a computer, technology tools, and history of computers.

# **Performance indicator:**

**ALL** learners will be able to summarise the generation of computers (second generation of computers).

**SOME** learners will be able to summarise the generation of computers (second generation of computers).

**FEW** learners will be able to summarise the generation of computers (second generation of computers).

# Indicator: B6.1.1.1.5

Summarise the generation of computers (second generation of computers).

### **Core competencies:**

- I. Creativity and innovation
- 2. Communication and collaboration
- 3. Cultural identity and global citizenship
- 4. Personal development and leadership
- 5. Digital literacy

Key words: first generation computers, second generation computers, third generation computers

### In this task:

**The teacher should** refer to the Learner's Book for the generations of computers and divide the learners into small groups. Each group should be assigned one of the generations of computers.

**Learners should** refer to the Learner's Book for the generations of computers. They should compile quiz questions on their topic. They should write the answers on the reverse of the page and hand it in to you for the quiz in the next task.

Learners should prepare for the quiz, which will be held during the next task.

# **Resources required**

Learner's Book pages 10-14

# Phase I: Start of task

Divide learners into small groups and assign one of the generations of computers as a topic for each group. Many groups can have the same topic.

# Phase 2: Main

Learners must write up 10 quiz questions on their topic and the answers to them and hand them to you for the quiz in the next task.

**Phase 3:** End of task Recap the meanings of the key words.

# **Extension activity**

Ask the more able learners to attempt Activity 1.6 on page 14 of the Learner's Book.

Answers

# Activity I.6

- Transistors: Second VLSI: Fourth Vacuum tubes: First ULSI: Fifth Integrated circuits: Third
- 2. First
- 3. Ultra large scale integration P

# Task 6 of 32

Sub-strand I: Generations of computers and parts of a computer and other gadgets

**Content standard:** B6.1.1.1 Identify parts of a computer, technology tools and history of computers.

# **Performance indicator:**

**ALL** learners will be able to summarise the generation of computers (second generation of computers).

**SOME** learners will be able to summarise the generation of computers (second generation of computers).

**FEW** learners will be able to summarise the generation of computers (second generation of computers).

Indicator: B6.1.1.1.5

Summarise the generation of computers (second generation of computers).

# **Core competencies:**

- I. Creativity and innovation
- 2. Communication and collaboration
- 3. Cultural identity and global citizenship
- 4. Personal development and leadership
- 5. Digital literacy

Key words: first generation computers, second generation computers, third generation computers

# In this task:

**The teacher should** give each learner a quiz sheet to number and write their answers as she calls out the quiz questions they prepared in the previous task. She should aim to do as many questions as possible, allowing enough time to go over the correct answers after each question.

Learners should answer and correct each incorrect answer as they proceed through the quiz task.

# **Resources required**

Learner's Book pages 10-14

**Phase I:** Start of task Provide the quiz sheet for learners.

# Phase 2: Main

You should give each learner a quiz sheet to number and write their answers as you call out the quiz questions they prepared in the previous task. Aim to do as many questions as possible allowing enough time to go over the correct answers after each question.

# Learner's Book page 14

Learners should answer and correct each incorrect answer as they proceed throughout the quiz task.

Phase 3: End of task

Recap the meanings of the key words.

# Task 7 of 32

Sub-strand 2: Introduction to the MS Windows interface

**Content standard:** B6.1.2.1 Demonstrate the use of the desktop background as well as working with folders.

# **Performance indicator:**

**ALL** learners will be able to explore the use of the desktop background, changing theme colours.

**SOME** learners will be able to explore the use of the desktop background, changing the user account.

**FEW** learners will be able to explore the use of the desktop background, changing theme colours, and the user account

Key words: File Explorer, folder, file, clipboard

# In this task:

**The teacher should** divide the class into 10 different groups and allocate one topic to each group to prepare a presentation to share with everyone through Prezi or PowerPoint before carrying out the worksheet tasks for each of the next 10 tasks in Sub-strand 2.

**Learners should** refer to the Learner's Book and use the worksheet to create presentations for Prezi or PowerPoint to share with the whole class so that everyone can carry out the tasks on each worksheet for the next 10 tasks.

# **Resources required**

Learner's Book pages 15-17

# On CD

Presentation self-assessment sheet.pdf

# Phase I: Start of task

Explain the procedure for the next 10 tasks. Learners should be allocated topics and placed into 10 groups. They will prepare their presentation during this task and group 1 will start presenting in the next task, group 2 in the following task, and so on until all 10 groups have completed their presentations. Learners must complete the worksheet for each task and the group that presented must also complete the **Presentation self-assessment sheet.pdf.** 

# Phase 2: Main

Learners work in their groups to prepare their PowerPoint presentations or Prezis. They must aim to complete their preparation before the next task so that everyone can listen and complete their worksheet tasks after each presentation.

Assign a topic to each group as follows:

**Indicator:** B6.1.2.1.1-10 Explore the use of the desktop background, changing theme colours and the user account.

# **Core competencies:**

- I. Creativity and innovation
- 2. Communication and collaboration
- 3. Cultural identity and global citizenship
- 4. Personal development and leadership
- 5. Digital literacy

# Strand 1: Introduction to computing

Group	Торіс	Week for task
I	Explore the use of the desktop background, changing the theme colours and user account.	I
2	Demonstrate the use of the Recycle Bin or Trash Can.	2
3	Perform permanent delete or empty Trash Can and restoring files or icons in the Recycle Bin.	3
4	Explore the use of copy, paste, delete tools, the moving of folders by using the desktop pop-up menu.	4
5	Illustrate the use of the File Explorer window and locations on the computer through the File Explorer.	5
6	Locate the hard drives and other removable storage icons in the File Explorer.	6
7	Use the File Explorer Ribbon (Home tab only), that is, the Clipboard and organise Tools of the Home tab of File Explorer, as well as the Open New Window and Close tools of the File menu of File Explorer.	7
8	Demonstrate the use of the navigation pane of File Explorer to access different locations on the computer from the navigation pane.	8
q	Demonstrate the use of Frequent Folders section of File Explorer to access frequently used locations on the computer.	q
10	Demonstrate the use of Recent File section of File Explorer to access recently used files of the computer.	10

# Phase 3: End of task

You should check that all groups are ready for the next presentation. Upload to a master PowerPoint and share with the class or ensure that everyone has access to the Prezi account to upload their presentations.

# Task 8 of 32

Sub-strand 2: Introduction to the MS Windows interface

<b>Content standard:</b> B6.1.2.1 Demonstrate the use of desktop background as well as working with folders.	<b>Indicator:</b> B6.1.2.1.1 Explore the use of the desktop background changing theme colours and user account.
Performance indicator: ALL learners will be able to explore the use of the desktop background changing theme colours. SOME learners will be able to explore the use of the	<ol> <li>Core competencies:</li> <li>Creativity and Innovation</li> <li>Communication and collaboration</li> <li>Cultural identity and global citizenship</li> </ol>
desktop background changing the user account. <b>FEW</b> learners will be able to explore the use of the desktop background changing theme colours and user account.	<ul><li>4. Personal development and leadership</li><li>5. Digital literacy</li></ul>

Key words: classic, icons, taskbar, background, user account, themes

# In this task:

**The teacher should** set up the room so that Group I can do their presentation and the rest of the class can watch and then everyone, including Group I members, should carry out the tasks on the worksheet.

**Learners should** refer to the Learner's Book and use the worksheet to carry out the tasks after watching the presentation by Group I. Group I must complete the **Presentation self-assessment sheet.pdf.** 

# **Resources required**

Learner's Book pages 15-17

# On CD

- Worksheet Task 8\_B6.I.2.I.I Desktop background tasks.pdf
- Presentation self-assessment sheet.pdf

# Phase I: Start of task

Set up the class so that Group I can do their presentation for the whole class. Everyone must watch and then complete their worksheet.

# Phase 2: Main

Learners watch Group I's presentation and complete their worksheet tasks.

# Phase 3: End of task

You should check that Group 2 is ready for the next task's presentation. Group I must complete the **Presentation self-assessment sheet.pdf.** 

# **Answers to Task 8 worksheet**

# Task 8. I

Key words	Meaning
personalise	Add something that you like, e.g. a background image of your favourite flower or car.
customise	Change from the original to something else according to a specific requirement.
edit	Make changes and corrections on your computer or in another way.
icons	Small pictures that represent actions, apps, logos, etc.
taskbar	A panel on the computer's interface that has lots of icons for accessing the various features of a software package.
MS Windows interface	It's similar to a cover page of a magazine that displays icons of the features you have in that software package.
wallpaper	The standard background images for interfaces.
settings	A button that gives you access to editing, personalising, and customising your computer.
start menu	It displays access to the icons to use for editing the various features on your computer.

# Task 9 of 32

Sub-strand 2: Introduction to the MS Windows interface

Content standard:B6.1.2.1Demonstrate the useof desktop background as well as working with<br/>folders.Indicator:B6.1.2.1.2Demonstrate the use of the Recycle Bin or Trash<br/>Can.

# Performance indicator:

**ALL** learners will be able to demonstrate the use of the Recycle Bin or Trash Can.

**SOME** learners will be able to demonstrate the use of the Recycle Bin or Trash Can.

**FEW** learners will be able to demonstrate the use of the Recycle Bin or Trash Can.

Key words: delete, recover, drag and drop

### In this task:

**The teacher should** set up the room so that Group 2 can do their presentation and the rest of the class can watch and then everyone, including Group 2 members, should carry out the tasks on the worksheet.

**Core competencies:** 

5. Digital literacy

I. Creativity and innovation

Communication and collaboration
 Cultural identity and global citizenship

4. Personal development and leadership

**Learners should** refer to the Learner's Book and use the worksheet to carry out the tasks after watching the presentation by Group 2. Group 2 must complete the Presentation self-assessment sheet.pdf

# **Resources required**

Learner's Book page 17

# On CD

- Worksheet Task 9\_B6.1.2.1.2 Recycle Bin.pdf
- Presentation self-assessment sheet.pdf

# Phase I: Start of task

Set up the class so that Group 2 can do their presentation for the whole class. Everyone must watch and then complete their worksheet.

### Phase 2: Main

Learners watch Group 2's presentation and complete their worksheet tasks.

# Phase 3: End of task

You should check that Group 3 is ready for the next presentation. Group 2 must complete the Presentation self-assessment sheet.pdf

# Task 10 of 32

Sub-strand 2: Introduction to the MS Windows interface

Content standard: B6.1.2.1 Demonstrate the use	Indicator: B6.1.2.1.3
of desktop background as well as working with folders.	Perform permanent delete or Empty Trash Can.

Learner's Book page 17

# Performance indicator:

**ALL** learners will be able to perform permanent delete or Empty Trash Can.

**SOME** learners will be able to perform permanent delete or Empty Trash Can.

**FEW** learners will be able to perform permanent delete or Empty Trash Can.

Key words: permanent delete, empty trash can, restore

# In this task:

**The teacher should** set up the room so that Group 3 can do their presentation and the rest of the class can watch and then everyone, including Group 3 members, should carry out the tasks on the worksheet.

**Learners should** refer to the Learner's Book and use the worksheet to carry out the tasks after watching the presentation by Group 3. Group 3 must complete the **Presentation self-assessment sheet.pdf** 

# **Resources required**

# On CD

- Worksheet Task 10\_B6.1.2.1.3 Empty Recycle Bin.pdf
- Presentation self-assessment sheet.pdf

# Phase I: Start of task

Set up the class so that Group 3 can do their presentation for the whole class. Everyone must watch and then complete their worksheet.

# Phase 2: Main

Learners watch Group 3's presentation and complete their worksheet tasks.

# Phase 3: End of task

You should check that Group 4 is ready for next presentation. Group 3 must complete the **Presentation self-assessment sheet.pdf.** 

# **Answers to Task 10 worksheet**

# Task IO.I

- Recycle Bin or Trash Can: A place where files or objects are temporarily moved to until you empty the recycle bin
- Delete files: Remove files and place in the Recycle Bin or Trash Can
- Restore files: Retrieve files that you have deleted and restore them to their original place
- Empty Recycle Bin: Permanently delete files or items from your computer

# Task 10.3

When you empty the Recycle Bin or Trash Can, you permanently remove all the deleted files and objects from your computer.

# Task 10.4

- I. False
- 2. True

# **Core competencies:**

- I. Creativity and innovation
- 2. Communication and collaboration
- 3. Cultural identity and global citizenship
- **4.** Personal development and leadership
- 5. Digital literacy

# Task II of 32

Sub-strand 2: Introduction to the MS Windows interface

**Content standard:** B6.1.2.1 Demonstrate the use of desktop background as well as working with folders.

### **Performance indicator:**

**ALL** learners will be able to explore the use of copy, paste, delete tools.

**SOME** learners will be able to explore the use of copy, paste tools and the moving of folders by using the desktop pop-up menu.

**FEW** learners will be able to explore the use of copy, paste, delete tools, the moving of folders by using the desktop pop-up menu.

Key words: copy, paste, delete, cut, pop-up

# In this task:

**The teacher should** set up the room so that Group 4 can do their presentation and the rest of the class can watch and then everyone, including Group 4 members, should carry out the tasks on the worksheet.

Indicator: B6.1.2.1.4

**Core competencies:** 

5. Digital literacy

I. Creativity and innovation

Communication and collaboration
 Cultural identity and global citizenship

4. Personal development and leadership

menu.

Explore the use of copy, paste, delete tools, the

moving of folders by using the desktop pop-up

**Learners should** refer to the Learner's Book and use the worksheet to carry out the tasks after watching the presentation by Group 4. Group 4 must complete the **Presentation self-assessment sheet.pdf.** 

# **Resources required**

### Learner's Book page 19

# On CD

- Worksheet Task II\_B6.I.2.I.4 Desktop Pop-Up Menu Copy, Paste, Delete tools.pdf
- Presentation self-assessment sheet.pdf

# Phase I: Start of task

Set up the class so that Group 4 can do their presentation for the whole class. Everyone must watch and then complete their worksheet.

### Phase 2: Main

Learners watch Group 4's presentation and complete their worksheet tasks.

### Phase 3: End of task

You should check that Group 5 is ready for the next presentation. Group 4 must complete the **Presentation** self-assessment sheet.pdf.

# Answers to Task II worksheet

# Task 11.1

- Copy: A file or object that you have highlighted and right clicked on, then selected the copy option
- Paste: A file or object that you have copied. You can then place the cursor in the place where you wish to place the copied file and select the paste option.

- Delete: A file or object that you have highlighted and clicked on the delete button to remove it from its place
- Cut: A file that has been highlighted and removed to be placed in another place on the computer
- Move: A file that has been removed from one place and placed in another place on the computer

# Task 11.4

If you cut a file or a folder, it does not disappear, but instead becomes transparent. When you paste that file/ folder, it is moved to the new location and disappears from the original location.

# Task 12 of 32

Sub-strand 2: Introduction to the MS Windows interface

**Content standard:** B6.1.2.1 Demonstrate the use of desktop background as well as working with folders.

# **Indicator:** B6.1.2.1.5

**Core competencies:** 

5. Digital literacy

I. Creativity and innovation

Communication and collaboration
 Cultural identity and global citizenship

4. Personal development and leadership

Illustrate the use of the File Explorer window and locations on the computer through the file explorer.

# **Performance indicator:**

**ALL** learners will be able to illustrate the use of the File Explorer window.

**SOME** learners will be able to illustrate the use of the File Explorer window and locations of most of the computer through the File Explorer,

**FEW** learners will be able to illustrate the use of the File Explorer window and locations on the computer through the File Explorer.

Key words: File Explorer, folder, file, clipboard

# In this task:

**The teacher should** set up the room so that Group 5 can do their presentation and the rest of the class can watch and then everyone, including Group 5 members, should carry out the tasks on the worksheet.

**Learners should** refer to the Learner's Book and use the worksheet to carry out the tasks after watching the presentation by Group 5. Group 5 must complete the **Presentation self-assessment sheet.pdf.** 

# **Resources required**

Learner's Book pages 18-19

# On CD

- Worksheet Task 12\_B6.1.2.1.5 File Explorer locations on the computer.pdf
- Presentation Self-Assessment Sheet.pdf

# Phase I: Start of task

Set up the class so that Group 5 can do their presentation for the whole class. Everyone must watch and then complete their worksheet.

# Phase 2: Main

Learners watch Group 5's presentation and complete their worksheet tasks.

# Phase 3: End of task

You should check that Group 6 is ready for the next presentation. Group 5 must complete the **Presentation** self-assessment sheet.pdf.

# Answers to Task 12 worksheet

# Task 12.2

Home ribb	on			
Local Disk (C:)	Manage			
File Home Share Vie	ew Drive Tools			
Pin to Quick Copy Paste P Past	ry path te shortcut to - Copy to - Copy to - Copy to - Copy Delete Rename	New item *	Properties	Select all Select none Invert selection
P II +	C: drive	HCW.	open	Jenti
← → * ↑ = > This PC >	Local Disk (C:)			
Image: Second secon	Name Akuertey, Akworkor Atsu, Atsupi HP Universal Print Driver Intel Oko, Akweley PerfLogs Program Files Program Files Users Windows Windows10Upgrade	Date modified 1/10/2020 2:13 PM 1/10/2020 2:13 PM 7/26/2019 12:39 PM 7/17/2019 5:09 PM 1/10/2020 2:13 PM 3/19/2019 10:22 AM 1/7/2020 8:14 PM 1/7/2020 8:14 PM 7/18/2019 12:10 AM 11/14/2019 3:03 AM 7/17/2019 6:14 PM	Type File folder File folder	Size
Dropbox				
This PC 3D Objects Desktop  De Documents Downloads Music Pictures Videos Local Disk (C:)	sktop			
Removable Drive (D:)	Removable storage disc			
File Explorer Po	op-up menu			

# Task 12.4

The Downloads folder contains all the items that you have downloaded from websites or email attachments, whereas the Documents folder contains all the documents that you have worked on and not yet saved in any particular folder using Save As. Your computer will probably have an auto-save option that will automatically save the document that you are working on every three minutes or at whatever rate you have set the auto-save function.

# Task 13 of 32

Sub-strand 2: Introduction to the MS Windows interface

**Content standard:** B6.1.2.1 Demonstrate the use of desktop background as well as working with folders.

# **Performance indicator:**

**ALL** learners will be able to locate the removable storage icons in the File Explorer.

**SOME** learners will be able to locate the hard drives in the File Explorer.

**FEW** learners will be able to locate the hard drives and other removable storage icons in the File Explorer.

### **Core competencies:**

Indicator: B6.1.2.1.6

I. Creativity and innovation

storage icons in the File Explorer.

- 2. Communication and collaboration
- 3. Cultural identity and global citizenship

Locate the hard drives and other removable

- **4.** Personal development and leadership
- 5. Digital literacy

Key words: removable storage devices, hard drive, icons, File Explorer

# In this task:

**The teacher should** set up the room so that Group 6 can do their presentation and the rest of the class can watch and then everyone, including Group 6 members, should carry out the tasks on the worksheet.

**Learners should** refer to the Learner's Book and use the worksheet to carry out the tasks after watching the presentation by Group 6. Group 6 must complete the **Presentation self-assessment sheet.pdf.** 

# **Resources required**

Learner's Book page 20

# On CD

- Worksheet Task 13\_B6.1.2.1.6 File Explorer hard drives and other drives.pdf
- Presentation self-assessment sheet.pdf

# Phase I: Start of task

Set up the class so that Group 6 can do their presentation for the whole class. Everyone must watch and then complete their worksheet.

# Phase 2: Main

Learners watch Group 6's presentation and complete their worksheet tasks.

# Phase 3: End of task

You should check that Group 7 is ready for next presentation. Group 6 must complete the **Presentation self-assessment sheet.pdf.** 

# Task 14 of 32

Sub-strand 2: Introduction to the MS Windows interface

**Content standard:** B6.1.2.1 Demonstrate the use of desktop background as well as working with folders.

### **Performance indicator:**

**ALL** learners will be able to use the File Explorer Ribbon, i.e. the clipboard.

**SOME** learners will be able to use the File Explorer Ribbon, including the clipboard, and organise tools of the Home tab of the File menu.

**FEW** learners will be able to use the File Explorer Ribbon, including the Open New Window and Close tools of the File menu. **Indicator:** B6.1.2.1.7 Use the File Explorer ribbon.

### **Core competenci es:**

- I. Creativity and innovation
- 2. Communication and collaboration
- 3. Cultural identity and global citizenship
- **4.** Personal development and leadership
- 5. Digital literacy

Key words: File Explorer ribbon, Clipboard, open new window, File menu

### In this task:

**The teacher should** set up the room so that Group 7 can do their presentation and the rest of the class can watch and then everyone, including Group 7 members, should carry out the tasks on the worksheet.

**Learners should** refer to the Learner's Book and use the worksheet to carry out the tasks after watching the presentation by Group 7. Group 7 must complete the **Presentation self-assessment sheet.pdf** 

# **Resources required**

Learner's Book pages 20-22

# On CD

- Worksheet Task 14\_B6.1.2.1.7 Use the File Explorer Ribbon.pdf
- Presentation self-assessment sheet.pdf

# Phase I: Start of task

Set up the class so that Group 7 can do their presentation for the whole class. Everyone must watch and then complete their worksheet.

### Phase 2: Main

Learners watch Group 7's presentation and complete their worksheet tasks.

### Phase 3: End of task

You should check that Group 8 is ready for next presentation. Group 7 must complete the **Presentation self-assessment sheet.pdf** 

# Task 15 of 32

Sub-strand 2: Introduction to the MS Windows interface

**Content standard:** B6.1.2.1 Demonstrate the use of desktop background as well as working with folders.

# **Performance indicator:**

**ALL** learners will be able to demonstrate the use of the Navigation pane of the File Explorer.

**SOME** learners will be able to demonstrate the use of the Navigation pane of the File Explorer to access different locations on the computer.

**FEW** learners will be able to demonstrate the use of the Navigation pane of the File Explorer to access many different locations on the computer.

### Indicator: B6.1.2.1.8

Demonstrate the use of the Navigation pane of the File Explorer to access different locations on the computer.

### **Core competencies:**

- I. Creativity and Innovation
- 2. Communication and collaboration
- 3. Cultural identity and global citizenship
- 4. Personal development and leadership
- 5. Digital literacy

Key words: Navigation pane, locations on the computer, folders, files

# In this task:

**The teacher should** set up the room so that Group 8 can do their presentation and the rest of the class can watch and then everyone, including Group 8 members, should carry out the tasks on the worksheet.

**Learners should** refer to the Learner's Book and use the worksheet to carry out the tasks after watching the presentation by Group 8. Group 8 must complete the **Presentation self-assessment sheet.pdf** 

# **Resources required**

Learner's Book page 21

# On CD

- Worksheet Task 15\_B6.1.2.1.8 File Explorer navigation pane.pdf
- Presentation self-assessment sheet.pdf

# Phase I: Start of task

Set up the class so that Group 8 can do their presentation for the whole class. Everyone must watch and then complete their worksheet.

### Phase 2: Main

Learners watch Group 8's presentation and complete their worksheet tasks.

### Phase 3: End of task

You should check that Group 9 is ready for next presentation. Group 8 must complete the **Presentation self-assessment sheet.pdf** 

# Task 16 of 32

Sub-strand 2: Introduction to the MS Windows interface

Content standard: B6. I.2. I Demonstrate the use	Indicator: B6.1.2.1.9
of desktop background as well as working with folders.	Demonstrate the use of Frequent Folders section of the File Explorer to access frequently used locations on the computer

### **Performance indicator:**

**ALL** learners will be able to demonstrate the use of Frequent Folders section of the File Explorer to access some of the frequently used locations on the computer.

**SOME** learners will be able to demonstrate the use of Frequent Folders section of the File Explorer to access most of the frequently used locations on the computer.

**FEW** learners will be able to demonstrate the use of Frequent Folders section of the File Explorer to access frequently used locations on the computer.

# **Core competencies:**

- I. Creativity and innovation
- 2. Communication and collaboration
- 3. Cultural identity and global citizenship
- **4.** Personal development and leadership
- 5. Digital literacy

Key words: frequently used files

# In this task:

**The teacher should** set up the room so that Group 9 can do their presentation and the rest of the class can watch and then everyone, including Group 9 members should carry out the tasks on the worksheet.

**Learners should** refer to the Learner's Book and use the worksheet to carry out the tasks after watching the presentation by Group 9. Group 9 must complete the **Presentation self-assessment sheet.pdf.** 

# **Resources required**

Learner's Book pages 21–22

# On CD

- Worksheet Task 16\_B6.1.2.1.9 File Explorer's Frequent folders.pdf
- Presentation self-assessment sheet.pdf

# Phase I: Start of task

Set up the class so that Group 9 can do their presentation for the whole class. Everyone must watch and then complete their worksheet.

### Phase 2: Main

Learners watch Group 9's presentation and complete their worksheet tasks.

### Phase 3: End of task

You should check that Group 10 is ready for next presentation. Group 9 must complete the **Presentation self-assessment sheet.pdf** 

# Task 17 of 32

Sub-strand 2: Introduction to the MS Windows interface

**Content standard:** B6.1.2.1 Demonstrate the use of desktop background as well as working with folders.

**Indicator:** B6.1.2.1.10 Demonstrate the use of Recent files section of the File Explorer to access frequently used files of the computer.

# **Performance indicator:**

**ALL** learners will be able to demonstrate the use of some of the Recent files section of the File Explorer to access frequently used files on the computer.

**SOME** learners will be able to demonstrate the use of most of the Recent files section of the File Explorer to access frequently used files on the computer.

**FEW** learners will be able to demonstrate the use of Recent files section of the File Explorer to access frequently used files on the computer.

### **Core competencies:**

- I. Creativity and innovation
- 2. Communication and collaboration
- 3. Cultural identity and global citizenship
- **4.** Personal development and leadership
- 5. Digital literacy

Key words: recent files

# In this task:

**The teacher should** set up the room so that Group 10 can do their presentation and the rest of the class can watch and then everyone, including Group 10 members should carry out the tasks on the worksheet.

**Learners should** refer to the Learner's Book and use the worksheet to carry out the tasks after watching the presentation by Group 10. Group 10 must complete the **Presentation self-assessment sheet.pdf** 

# **Resources required**

Learner's Book pages 21–22

# On CD

- Worksheet Task 17\_B6.1.2.1.10 File Explorer's Recent files.pdf
- Presentation self-assessment sheet.pdf

# Phase I: Start of task

Set up the class so that Group 10 can do their presentation for the whole class. Everyone must watch and then complete their worksheet.

# Phase 2: Main

Learners watch Group 10's presentation and complete their worksheet tasks.

# Phase 3: End of task

Thank all the groups for their presentations and praise where it is due. Group 10 must complete the **Presentation self-assessment sheet.** 

Lead a discussion about what the most difficult aspects of the last 10 tasks were and ask learners to make suggestions as to how they might improve next time.

### Task 18 of 32

Sub-strand 3: Data, sources and usage

Content standard: B6.I.3.I Demonstrate the use	Indicator: B6.1.3.1.1
of data and identify sources of data.	Identify types of data (integers, double,

# Performance indicator:

**ALL** learners will be able to identify types of data (characters, float, etc.).

**SOME** learners will be able to identify types of data (integers, double, etc.).

**FEW** learners will be able to identify types of data (integers, double, characters, float, etc.).

Key words: integers, double, character, float, data types

### In this task:

**The teacher should** explain that when programming in any language, you have to know what data types you are working with and how they are represented.

**Learners should** refer to the Learner's Book and use the worksheet to carry out the tasks. **Learners should** log in to an online tutorial website to practise using the different data types.

# **Resources required**

Learner's Book pages 22-24

# On CD

Worksheet Task 18\_B6.1.3.1.1 Identify types of data.pdf

# Phase I: Start of task

Start by explaining that when programming in C++, you have to use variables and you must specify the data type before assigning a value to the variable. Click on the link below that demonstrates why recognising the data type is necessary before you can do any programming: https://www.w3schools.com/cpp/cpp\_variables.asp

# Phase 2: Main

Use the Worksheet Task 18\_B6.1.3.1.1 Identify types of data.pdf to guide the main part of the task.

# Phase 3: End of task

Ask learners to share one thing they found too difficult to understand and one thing they did not know before.

# **Answers to Task 18 worksheet**

### Task 18.1

Data type	Meaning
int	Stores floating point numbers, with decimals, such as 19.99 or -19.99.
double	Stores values with two states: True or False.
char	Stores single characters, such as 'a' or 'B'. Char values are surrounded by single quotes.
string	Stores integers (whole numbers), without decimals, such as 123 or -123.
bool	Stores text, such as "Hello World". String values are surrounded by double quotes.

# Core competencies:

- I. Creativity and innovation
- 2. Communication and collaboration
- 3. Cultural identity and global citizenship
- **4.** Personal development and leadership
- 5. Digital literacy

# Task 18.3

- I. 123.5897543
- 2. Congratulations, you have just started learning about programming.
- **3.** 736
- 4. Yes or No
- **5.** 0.5

# **Extension activity**

Which data is better to use? Float or double? Give reasons for your choice.

# Task 19 of 32

Sub-strand 3: Data, sources and usage

**Content standard:** B6.1.3.1 Demonstrate the use of data and identify sources of data.

# **Performance indicator:**

**ALL** learners will be able to identify more sources of information (internet, emailing).

**SOME** learners will be able to identify more sources of information (Skype, SMS).

**FEW** learners will be able to identify more sources of information (internet, emailing, Skype, SMS).

**Indicator:** B6.1.3.1.2 Identify more sources of information (internet, emailing, Skype, SMS).

# **Core competencies:**

- I. Creativity and innovation
- 2. Communication and collaboration
- 3. Cultural identity and global citizenship
- 4. Personal development and leadership
- 5. Digital literacy

Key words: internet, emailing, VoIP, SMS

# In this task:

**The teacher should** explain that learners will carry out their tasks by editing the existing PowerPoint presentation.

Learners should refer to the Learner's Book and use the presentation to carry out the tasks.

Learners should screenshot evidence of having carried out their tasks in the presentation itself.

# **Resources required**

Learner's Book pages 24-25

# On CD

Presentation Task I9\_B6.I.3.I.2 Identifying more sources of data.pdf

# Phase I: Start of task

Begin by explaining that learners should edit the presentation found on the CD. They will have to screenshot evidence that they have carried out the tasks requested.

# Phase 2: Main

Learners edit the PowerPoint **Presentation Task I9\_B6.1.3.1.2 Identifying more sources of data.pdf.** It includes using the internet to find information, save it, and use it to make a presentation slide about VoIP. They have to SMS a friend to inform them that they are sending them an email attachment with information on VoIP. They should screenshot their evidence of having carried out all these tasks in the presentation itself.

### Phase 3: End of task

Learners must list one new skill they learnt in the lesson and one thing they would still like to learn more about in the future.

Task 20 of 32			
Sub-strand 3: Data, sources and usage			
<b>Content standard:</b> B6.I.3.I Demonstrate the use of data and identify sources of data.	<b>Indicator:</b> B6.1.3.1.3 Demonstrate sending and receiving information from other gadgets e.g. Bluetooth, infrared, radio, fax, telephone calls, SMS, etc.		
<ul> <li>Performance indicator:</li> <li>ALL learners will be able to demonstrate sending and receiving information from other gadgets e.g. Bluetooth, infrared, etc.</li> <li>SOME learners will be able to demonstrate sending and receiving information from other gadgets e.g. Bluetooth, infrared, radio, fax, etc.</li> <li>FEW learners will be able to demonstrate sending and receiving information from other gadgets e.g. Bluetooth, infrared, radio, fax, etc.</li> <li>SIME learners will be able to demonstrate sending and receiving information from other gadgets e.g. Bluetooth, infrared, radio, fax, telephone calls, SMS, etc.</li> </ul>	<ol> <li>Core competencies:         <ol> <li>Creativity and innovation</li> <li>Communication and collaboration</li> <li>Cultural identity and global citizenship</li> <li>Personal development and leadership</li> <li>Digital literacy</li> </ol> </li> </ol>		
<b>Key words:</b> Bluetooth, infrared, radio, fax, telephone calls, SMS			

# In this task:

**The teacher should** explain that learners will carry out their tasks by editing the existing PowerPoint presentation.

Learners should refer to the Learner's Book and use the presentation to carry out the tasks.

Learners should screenshot evidence of having carried out their tasks in the presentation itself.

# **Resources required**

Learner's Book pages 25–27

# On CD

• Presentation Task 20\_B6.1.3.1.3 Demonstrate sending and receiving information from other gadgets.pdf

# Phase I: Start of task

Begin by explaining that learners should edit the presentation found on the CD. They will have to screenshot evidence that they have carried out the tasks requested.

# Phase 2: Main

Learners edit the PowerPoint **Presentation Task 20\_B6.I.3.I.3 Demonstrate sending and receiving information from other gadgets.pdf.** It includes using Bluetooth to share a favourite song with a friend and sending an SMS, etc. They should screenshot their evidence of having carried out all these tasks in the presentation itself.

# Phase 3: End of task

Recap the meanings of the key words.

Task 21 of 32				
Sub-strand 3: Data, sources and usage				
<b>Content standard:</b> B6.I.3.I Demonstrate the use of data and identify sources of data.	<b>Indicator:</b> B6.1.3.1.4 Demonstrate basic manipulations on sample data, e.g. arranging data in a matrix table, sorting, and calculations.			
<ul> <li>Performance indicator:</li> <li>ALL learners will be able to demonstrate basic manipulations on sample data, e.g. sorting.</li> <li>SOME learners will be able to demonstrate basic manipulations on sample data, e.g. sorting, and calculations on sample data, e.g. sorting, and calculations on sample data.</li> </ul>	<ol> <li>Core competencies:</li> <li>Creativity and innovation</li> <li>Communication and collaboration</li> <li>Cultural identity and global citizenship</li> <li>Personal development and leadership</li> </ol>			
<b>FEW</b> learners will be able to demonstrate basic manipulations on sample data, e.g. arranging data in a matrix table, sorting, and calculations.	5. Digital literacy			

Key words: arrange data in a matrix, sorting data, calculations on data

# In this task:

**The teacher should** explain that learners will log in to Khan Academy to carry out basic manipulations on data, such as arranging data in a matrix table, sorting data, and carrying out calculations on data.

**Learners should** refer to the Learner's Book and log in to Khan Academy to carry out basic manipulations on data, such as arranging data in a matrix table, sorting data, and carrying out calculations on data.

# **Resources required**

Learner's Book pages 28-32

# Phase I: Start of task

Begin by explaining that learners should log in to Khan Academy at this link: https://www.khanacademy. org/math/precalculus/x9e81a4f98389efdf:matrices/x9e81a4f98389efdf:mat-intro/v/introduction-to-thematrix

# Phase 2: Main

Learners should screenshot evidence of their working or results to show their teacher throughout this online tutorial. It is better that learners sign up for their own accounts so the account can keep track of the work they have already done.

# Phase 3: End of task

Recap the meanings of the key words.

# **Extension activity**

- Learners can use this link to explore ways of sorting data: https://www.youtube.com/ watch?v=Ep5q1cUhQas
- 2. Learners can use this link on how to carry out calculations on data: https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=InaiWCWfSt4
- 3. Ask the more able learners to attempt Activity 1.7 on page 24 of the Learner's Book.

# Answers

# Activity 1.7

Learner's Book page 24

alphabetically, by price, by AutoNumber, by yes/no answers (Any reasonable response)

# Task 22 of 32

Sub-strand 3: Data, sources and usage

**Content standard:** B6.1.3.1 Demonstrate the use of data and identify sources of data.

# Performance indicator:

**ALL** learners will be able to demonstrate how to manage users of the desktop.

**SOME** learners will be able to demonstrate how to manage users of the desktop.

**FEW** learners will be able to demonstrate how to manage users of the desktop.

**Indicator:** B6.1.3.1.5 Demonstrate how to manage users of the desktop.

# **Core competencies:**

- I. Creativity and innovation
- 2. Communication and collaboration
- 3. Cultural identity and global citizenship
- 4. Personal development and leadership
- 5. Digital literacy

**Key words:** user accounts on Desktop, administrator account, standard user account, family member user account

# In this task:

**The teacher should** explain the reasons children should be supervised online, hence the need for managing user accounts on the desktop. Refer learners to the Learner's Book on the section on managing user accounts for more information on this topic.

Learners should complete the worksheet tasks.

# **Resources required**

Learner's Book pages 16-17

# On CD

Worksheet Task 22\_B6.1.3.1.5 Managing user accounts on the desktop.pdf

# Phase I: Start of task

Begin by explaining that learners can learn how to manage users on the desktop by watching the short video at this link: https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=g6DWReo465E

# Phase 2: Main

Learners should answer the questions on **Worksheet Task 22\_B6.1.3.1.5 Managing user accounts on the desktop.pdf.** 

Phase 3: End of task

Recap the meanings of the key words.

# **Answers to Task 22 worksheet**

# Task 22.2

- I. Children need supervised access.
- 2. Children need supervision in case they inadvertently access harmful materials, online criminals or adultonly materials. Children should also not be allowed to spend too much time on their electronic gadgets because it could be harmful to their health. They could suffer eye strain, and neck and back aches.
- 2. Parents should supervise their children's online activity to ensure they do not come to any harm from the materials they are able access on their computers. Parents should also limit the amount of time that their children spend on their computers to ensure they keep a healthy balance between their online and offline activities.

# Task 23 of 32

Sub-strand 3: Data, sources and usage

<b>Content standard:</b> B6.1.3.1 Demonstrate the use of data and identify sources of data.	<b>Indicator:</b> B6.1.3.1.6 Demonstrate how to collect data.
<ul> <li>Performance indicator:</li> <li>ALL learners will be able to demonstrate how to collect data.</li> <li>SOME learners will be able to demonstrate how to collect data.</li> <li>FEW learners will be able to demonstrate how to collect data.</li> </ul>	<ol> <li>Core competencies:</li> <li>Creativity and innovation</li> <li>Communication and collaboration</li> <li>Cultural identity and global citizenship</li> <li>Personal development and leadership</li> <li>Digital literacy</li> </ol>

Key words: questionnaire, survey, interview

# In this task:

**The teacher should** read aloud to learners the section in the Learner's Book on collecting data and then allow learners to work through the worksheet.

**Learners should** complete the worksheet tasks and refer to the Learner's Book on the section on collecting data.

# **Resources required**

Learner's Book page 27

# **On CD**

• Presentation Task 23\_B6.1.3.1.6 Collecting data.pptx

# Phase I: Start of task

Use the presentation from slide 2 to slide 4.

# Phase 2: Main

Continue using the presentation to guide you through the whole task.

# Phase 3: End of task

Ask learners to complete their questionnaires, surveys, and interviews before their next task and to bring the data that they collect with them to the next lesson.

Task 24 of 32				
Sub-strand 3: Data, sources and usage				
<b>Content standard:</b> B6.1.3.1 Demonstrate the use of data and identify sources of data.	<b>Indicator:</b> B6.1.3.1.7 Demonstrate the use of tools for collecting data.			
<ul> <li>Performance indicator:</li> <li>ALL learners will be able to demonstrate the use of some tools for collecting data.</li> <li>SOME learners will be able to demonstrate the use of more tools for collecting data.</li> <li>FEW learners will be able to demonstrate the use of tools for collecting data.</li> </ul>	<ol> <li>Core competencies:</li> <li>Creativity and innovation</li> <li>Communication and collaboration</li> <li>Cultural identity and global citizenship</li> <li>Personal development and leadership</li> <li>Digital literacy</li> </ol>			
Key words: case studies, interviews, checklists				
In this task:				

**The teacher should** show the video to learners on using tools for collecting data and then allow learners to work through the worksheet.

Learners should complete the worksheet tasks and refer to the video on ways to collect data.

# **Resources required**

Learner's Book page 29

# Phase I: Start of task

To get an idea of the tools that can be used to collect data, use this video link: https://www.youtube.com/ watch?v=abxXMhYW04o

# Phase 2: Main

Learners make summary notes from the Learner's Book on the section about using tools for collecting data. They compile a set of three questions from their notes and supply the answers for their questions as well.

# Phase 3: End of task

Ask volunteers to share one of their most difficult questions with the class. See if anyone else can answer their question and check if they got it right. Do as many questions and answers as possible.

# **Extension activity**

Ask the more able learners to attempt Activity 1.9 on page 28 of the Learner's Book.

# Answers

# Activity I.9

Learner's Book page 28

I. Discussion should include methods of communication such as: infrared, Bluetooth, radio, fax, telephone, SMS.

# Task 25 of 32

Sub-strand 3: Data, sources and usage

**Content standard:** B6.1.3.1 Demonstrate the use of data and identify sources of data.

# **Performance indicator:**

**ALL** learners will be able to demonstrate data interpretation by computing some data to gain required information.

**SOME** learners will be able to demonstrate data interpretation by computing data to gain most of the required information.

**FEW** learners will be able to demonstrate data interpretation by computing data to gain required information.

# sum or grand total using electronic spreadsheet).

# Core competencies:

Indicator: B6.1.3.1.8

- I. Creativity and innovation
- 2. Communication and collaboration
- 3. Cultural identity and global citizenship

Demonstrate data interpretation by computing data to gain required information (finding grand

- **4.** Personal development and leadership
- 5. Digital literacy

Key words: electronic spreadsheet, grand sum, grand total, data interpretation

# In this task:

**The teacher should** watch the short video about interpreting data. Allow learners to work through the activities in the Learner's Book.

Learners should refer to the Learner's Book on the section on interpreting data.

# **Resources required**

Learner's Book pages 32-33

Learner's Book page 27

# Phase I: Start of task

To get an idea of how to interpret data, use this video link: https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=abxXMhYW04o

# Phase 2: Main

Learners make summary notes from the Learner's Book on the section about interpreting data to gain the required information. They work through the examples in the Learner's Book. They compile a set of three questions from their notes and supply the answers for their questions as well.

# Phase 3: End of task

Ask volunteers to share one of their most difficult questions with the class. See if anyone else can answer their question and check if they got it right. Do as many questions and answers as possible.

# **Extension activity**

Ask the more able learners to attempt Activity 1.8 on page 27 of the Learner's Book.

# Answers

# Activity 1.8

	А	В	c
I	Name	Date of birth	Age
2	Khrobo	06-Jun-96	23
3	Adofo	30-Apr-86	34
4	Ami	30-Nov-55	64
5	Oko	30-Mar-10	10
6	Learner's name	Learner's birth date	Learner's age

### Task 26 of 32

Sub-strand 3: Data, sources and usage

**Content standard:** B6.1.3.1 Demonstrate the use of data and identify sources of data.

**Indicator:** B6.1.3.1.9 Demonstrate data presentation in different forms.
### **Performance indicator:**

**ALL** learners will be able to demonstrate data presentation in different forms.

**SOME** learners will be able to demonstrate data presentation in different forms.

**FEW** learners will be able to demonstrate data presentation in different forms.

### **Core competencies:**

- I. Creativity and innovation
- 2. Communication and collaboration
- 3. Cultural identity and global citizenship
- **4.** Personal development and leadership
- 5. Digital literacy

Key words: tables, charts, spreadsheet, pictures, maps, infographics

#### In this task:

**The teacher should** allow learners to be guided by the tasks in the worksheet and the spreadsheet, both found on the CD.

**Learners should** use the worksheet and spreadsheet, both found on the CD, to guide them through this task.

# **Resources required**

Learner's Book pages 33-34

# On CD

- Task 26\_B6.I.3.I.9 Sample data.pdf
- Worksheet Task 26\_B6.I.3.I.9 Demonstrate data presentation in different forms.pdf

### Phase I: Start of task

Open the spreadsheet Task 26\_B6.I.3.I.9 Sample data and Worksheet Task 26\_B6.I.3.I.9 Demonstrate data presentation in different forms.pdf to begin your task.

### Phase 2: Main

Allow learners to work through the tasks in the worksheet and the spreadsheet.

### Phase 3: End of task

Recap the meanings of the key words. Ask learners which data form they prefer and to give their reasons.

### **Extension activity**

Ask the more able learners to attempt activity 1.10 on page 29 of the Learner's Book.

### Answers

### Activity 1.10

Learner's Book page 29

A database has been planned with headings and data types from data collected during the discussion in Activity 1.9.

### Task 26. I

Eye colour could be blue, brown, or a combination of blue and brown.

### Task 26.2

I. Chart showing expenses only



### 2. Example pie chart

Expenses compared to Income



### Task 27 of 32

Sub-strand 3: Data, sources and usage

<b>Content standard:</b> B6.1.3.1 Demonstrate the use of data and identify sources of data.	<b>Indicator:</b> B6.1.3.1.10 Demonstrate how to store data.
Performance indicator:	Core competencies:
<b>ALL</b> learners will be able to demonstrate how to store data.	<ol> <li>Creativity and innovation</li> <li>Communication and collaboration</li> </ol>
<b>SOME</b> learners will be able to demonstrate how to store data.	<ol> <li>Cultural identity and global citizenship</li> <li>Personal development and leadership</li> </ol>
<b>FEW</b> learners will be able to demonstrate how to store data.	5. Digital literacy

Key words: handwriting, phone recording, magnetic tapes, optical disk, etc.

### In this task:

**The teacher should** allow learners to create posters for the classroom display boards on the different data storage formats available.

Learners should create posters for the classroom displays about storing data in different formats.

# **Resources required**

Learner's Book pages 35-36

### Phase I: Start of task

Brainstorm ways that data can be stored in different formats. Possible answers: handwriting, phone recording, magnetic tapes, optical disk.

### Phase 2: Main

Allow learners to research more information on data storage formats and to add to the list of key words. They should also use the Learner's Book on the section on how to store data.

### Phase 3: End of task

Learners should place their posters on the classroom display boards and their classmates should go around and give them a smiley face if they liked them.

Task 28 of 32	
Sub-strand 3: Data, sources and usage	
<b>Content standard:</b> B6.I.3.I Demonstrate the use of data and identify sources of data.	<b>Indicator:</b> B6.1.3.1.11 Manipulate data to gain required output, e.g. finding sum, mean, grand totals, maximum, minimum, mode, division, multiplication, etc.
Performance indicator:ALL learners will be able to manipulate data to gain required output.SOME learners will be able to manipulate data to gain required output.FEW learners will be able to manipulate data to gain required output.	<ol> <li>Core competencies:</li> <li>Creativity and innovation</li> <li>Communication and collaboration</li> <li>Cultural identity and global citizenship</li> <li>Personal development and leadership</li> <li>Digital literacy</li> </ol>

Key words: sum, mean, grand totals, maximum, minimum, mode, division, multiplication

### In this task:

**The teacher should** recap the ways to do statistical calculations using a calculator and then allow learners to carry out the same calculations in a spreadsheet.

Learners should complete the worksheet tasks using the spreadsheet.

# **Resources required**

Learner's Book pages 36-38

# **On CD**

- Max Min Mean Mode worksheet and answer sheet.pdf
- Worksheet Task 28\_B6.I.3.I.I I Manipulate data to gain the required output.pdf

### Phase I: Start of task

Let the learners complete the worksheet tasks.

### Phase 2: Main

Learners should use the worksheet to answer the questions.

**Phase 3:** End of task Recap the meanings of the key words.

### **Answers to Task 28 worksheet**

Task 28.2

Data
13
6
24
18
33
5
13
48
q
П
36
28
15
6
13

2.

SUM	=SUM(B2:B16)	278
MEAN	=BI7/I5	18.53
GRAND TOTAL	=B17	278
MODE	=MODE.MULT(B2:B16)	13
MAXIMUM	=MAX(B2:B16)	48
MINIMUM	=MIN(B2:B16)	5
Divide grand total by 7	=BI9/7	40
Multiply first two numbers	=B2+B3	19

### Task 29 of 32

Sub-strand 4: Technology in the community		
<b>Content standard:</b> B6.1.4.1 Demonstrate the use of technology in the community.	<b>Indicator:</b> B6.1.4.1.1 Define communication.	
<ul> <li>Performance indicator:</li> <li>ALL learners will be able to provide a limited definition of communication.</li> <li>SOME learners will be able to provide a reasonable definition of communication.</li> <li>FEW learners will be able to provide a definitive definition of communication.</li> </ul>	<ol> <li>Core competencies:</li> <li>Creativity and innovation</li> <li>Communication and collaboration</li> <li>Cultural identity and global citizenship</li> <li>Personal development and leadership</li> <li>Digital literacy</li> </ol>	

**Key words:** human-to-human communication, human-to-device communication, device-to-device communication

### In this task:

**The teacher should** explain the key words briefly and pose the debate topic: Real communication can only occur between humans. Divide the class into two groups: one group must AGREE and the other must NOT AGREE with the statement.

Learners should do some research about the various types of communication relating to the key words.

# **Resources required**

### Learner's Book page 39

### Phase I: Start of task

Begin by explaining that learners should watch this short video at this link: https://www.youtube.com/ watch?v=wroLkIETVeM

### Phase 2: Main

Learners should write out a justification of their point of view by giving several examples of how communications between humans is more real or less real than communications between devices.

### Phase 3: End of task

In pairs of opposing views , learners should swap their written points of view and they should discuss and feedback whose argument is more convincing.

Task 30 of 32	
Sub-strand 4: Technology in the community	
<b>Content standard:</b> B6.I.4.I Demonstrate the use of technology in the community.	<b>Indicator:</b> B6.1.4.1.2 Identify three more technological tools for communication in the community.
<ul> <li>Performance indicator:</li> <li>ALL learners will be able to identify one more technological tool for communication in the community.</li> <li>SOME learners will be able to identify two more technological tools for communication in the community.</li> <li>FEW learners will be able to identify three more technological tools for communication in the community.</li> </ul>	<ol> <li>Core competencies:</li> <li>Creativity and innovation</li> <li>Communication and collaboration</li> <li>Cultural identity and global citizenship</li> <li>Personal development and leadership</li> <li>Digital literacy</li> </ol>
	and an estimate of the second and the statement of

**Key words:** Artificial Intelligence (AI), holograms, robotics, virtual reality, augmented reality, Internet of Things (IoT)

#### In this task:

**The teacher should** discuss the key words and do research on the topic of the various technological tools for communications in the community

**Learners should** do research on the topic of the various technological tools for communication in the community and complete the worksheet.

# **Resources required**

Learner's Book pages 40-41

# On CD

Worksheet Task 30\_B6.1.4.1.2 Identify more technological tools for communications.pdf

### Phase I: Start of task

Learners should research various types of technological tools for communications in the community and the internet to complete the tasks on the worksheet.

### Phase 2: Main

Complete the worksheet.

# Phase 3: End of task

In pairs, learners should discuss and give each other constructive feedback focusing on discussions around the importance of technology in communication.

Task 31 of 32	
Sub-strand 4: Technology in the community	
<b>Content standard:</b> B6.1.4.1 Demonstrate the use of technology in the community.	<b>Indicator:</b> B6.1.4.1.3 Demonstrate communication with others.
<ul> <li>Performance indicator:</li> <li>ALL learners will be able to demonstrate a limited level of communication with others.</li> <li>SOME learners will be able to demonstrate a reasonable level of communication with others.</li> <li>FEW learners will be able to demonstrate communication with others.</li> </ul>	<ol> <li>Core competencies:</li> <li>Creativity and innovation</li> <li>Communication and collaboration</li> <li>Cultural identity and global citizenship</li> <li>Personal development and leadership</li> <li>Digital literacy</li> </ol>

**Key words:** TV, radio, phone call, satellite, Lego games, wearable tech, Fitbit watches, robots doing amazing things, driverless cars, robotic vacuum cleaners, drones delivering shopping and fast food, smart watches, smart phones, Xbox

### In this task:

**The teacher should** explain that learners should develop and carry out a short role play showing how they can use technology to communicate with one another.

**Learners should** work in small groups to develop a short role play showing how they could use technology to communicate.

# **Resources required**

Learner's Book page 39

# On CD

Worksheet Task 31\_B6.1.4.1.3 Demonstrate communicating with others.pdf

### Phase I: Start of task

Provide learners with the different starter ideas to prepare short one-liners to string together to make up quick role plays for each group. Divide the learners into small groups of about 5 to 6 in a group.

### Phase 2: Main

Use the ideas in the worksheet to suggest opening lines for each learner to contribute to their group's role play, which should last about two minutes. The worksheet also has ideas for the types of tools that learners can use in the role plays.

### Phase 3: End of task

Decide on which role play was the best in terms of its futuristic content.

### Task 32 of 32

Sub-strand 4: Technology in the community

**Content standard:** B6.1.4.1 Demonstrate the use of technology in the community.

#### **Performance indicator:**

**ALL** learners will be able to identify one more important aspect of technology in communication.

**SOME** learners will be able to identify two more important aspects of technology in communication.

**FEW** learners will be able to identify three more important aspects of technology in communication.

**Indicator:** B6.1.4.1.4 Identify three more important aspects of technology in communication.

#### **Core competencies:**

- I. Creativity and innovation
- 2. Communication and collaboration
- 3. Cultural identity and global citizenship
- 4. Personal development and leadership
- 5. Digital literacy

**Key words:** TV, radio, phone call, satellite, Lego games, wearable tech, Fitbit watches, robots doing amazing things, driverless cars, robotic vacuum cleaners, drones delivering shopping and fast food, smart watches, smart phones, Xbox, sensors

### In this task:

**The teacher should** explain that learners should create a three slide presentation showcasing three important aspects of using technology in communications. The worksheet has more guidance as to what each slide should contain.

**Learners should** create three slides in a presentation showcasing three important aspects of using technology in communications based on the requirements in the worksheet.

# **Resources required**

Learner's Book pages 40-41

### On CD

Worksheet Task 32\_B6.I.4.I.4 Importance of technology in communications.pdf

#### Phase I: Start of task

Use the worksheet for guidance in this task. Learners may use the internet to research more information on the importance of using technology in communications.

### Phase 2: Main

Learners should create three slides selecting from the suggestions in the worksheet.

### Phase 3: End of task

Ask learners which technology they believe is the most important in communications and to give their reasons.

### Answers to Task 32 worksheet

These answers aren't exhaustive.

In agriculture: ensuring food security, saving the environment, managing very large crops

In industry: handling very large projects, too big for humans, too dangerous for humans, requiring long working hours

In medicine: scanning and precision guiding surgeons in complex operations, at the forefront of data analysis

In flight training: using simulators to train pilots, etc.

# Check your progress

Tick one of the columns below to show how well you think you can carry out each task.

Task	·:	 U	
I use the keyboard correctly.			
I know what an integer is.			
I can create a new user account.			
I understand different ways to transmit data.			
I can collect data from a conversation.			
I know the difference between data and information.			

# Introduction

Strand 2: Presentation

In this strand, you can expect to extend learners' capabilities in using MS PowerPoint as a presentation software package and explore the additional tabs in MS PowerPoint.

The varied pedagogical approaches in this strand include teacher demonstrations, independent learner worksheets, peer and self-assessment criteria and collaborative working styles, and serve to extend both teacher and learner capabilities as follows:

- Use of active learning styles where learners observe teacher demonstrations and emulate them when creating their own presentations.
- Use of metacognitive learning styles are enhanced by the use of evaluation criteria that outline learner expectations clearly before they begin a task and allow learners the opportunity to revise their ways of learning constantly in order to achieve their expected outcomes.
- Teachers can align the assessment criteria in the curriculum at the time of creating them, so that national standards are achieved at the outset instead of by trial and error.
- Collaborative working styles benefit the less able learners to ask questions in a smaller, closer and safer group, thereby helping to develop their confidence.

### Task I of 4

Sub-strand I: Introduction to MS PowerPoint (tabs and ribbons of MS PowerPoint)

<b>Content standard:</b> B6.2.1.1 Demonstrate how to use MS PowerPoint.	<b>Indicator:</b> B6.2.1.1.1 Demonstrate how to use the File Menu, the Insert and Design ribbon from B5.
Performance indicator:	Core competencies:
<b>ALL</b> learners will be able to show the use of Cipboard, Slides, Fonts and Paragraph in the groups on the Home tab.	<ol> <li>Creativity and innovation</li> <li>Communication and collaboration</li> <li>Cultural identity and global citizenship</li> </ol>
<b>SOME</b> learners will be able to show the use of editing in the group on the the Home tab.	<ol> <li>Personal development and leadership</li> <li>Digital literacy</li> </ol>
<b>FEW</b> learners will be able to show the use of Clipboard, Slides, Fonts, Paragraph and Editing in the groups on te Home tab.	

**Key words:** Ribbon, clipboard, font, paragraph, editing, Home tab, formatting, icon, save, repeat, open files, undo, quick access bar, menu bar

#### In this task:

**The teacher should** refer to the Learner's Book to revise the use of the commands in each group in the File menu, and the Insert and Design tabs.

**Learners should** use the worksheet to guide them in creating a five-slide presentation. Refer to the Learner's Book section on presentations.

# On CD

• Presentation Task I\_B6.2.1.1.1 File Menu, Insert and Design tabs.pptx

### Phase I: Start of task

Play the game HOT SEAT with the key words. Ask for a volunteer to sit in the HOT SEAT at the front of the class facing the learners but with back to the board. The teacher writes the key word on the board so the hot seat learner cannot see the word. Learners must explain what the word means but cannot mention the word or spell it. Once the correct word is guessed a new volunteer should have a turn to sit in the HOT SEAT and a new word goes on the board.

### Phase 2: Main

Demonstrate by revising how to create a multi-slide presentation. Use the **Presentation Task I\_B6.2.I.I.I File Menu, Insert and Design tabs.pptx.** Allow learners to create their five-slide presentations according to the criteria in the presentation.

### Phase 3: End of task

Ask learners to write down two difficulties they experienced in creating their slide shows. Let them swap their experiences with a classmate. Allow discussion to help them solve any problems relating to their slide show creation.

### Task 2 of 4

Sub-Strand I: Introduction to MS PowerPoint (Tabs and ribbons of MS PowerPoint)

<b>Content standard:</b> B6.2.1.1 Demonstrate how to use MS PowerPoint.	<b>Indicator:</b> B6.2.1.1.2 Demonstrate how to use the icons in the Text group on the Insert tab.
<ul> <li>Performance indicator:</li> <li>ALL learners will be able to show the use of the icons in the Text group on the Insert tab.</li> <li>SOME learners will be able to show the use of the icons in the Text group on the Insert tab, including inserting currency symbols.</li> <li>FEW learners will be able to show the use of the icons in the Text group on the Insert tab, including inserting currency symbols.</li> <li>FEW learners will be able to show the use of the icons in the Text group on the Insert tab, including inserting currency symbols.</li> </ul>	<ol> <li>Core competencies:</li> <li>Creativity and innovation</li> <li>Communication and collaboration</li> <li>Cultural identity and global citizenship</li> <li>Personal development and leadership</li> <li>Digital literacy</li> </ol>

Key words: WordArt, currency symbol

### In this task:

The teacher should use the Presentation Task 2\_B6.2.1.1.2 Using icons in the Insert tab.pptx in this task.

**Learners should** use the presentation and the Learner's Book to demonstrate how they use the icons in the Text group on the Insert tab, including inserting currency symbols and changing the colours in WordArt.

# **Resources required**

Learner's Book page 48

# On CD

• Presentation Task 2\_B6.2.1.1.2 Using Icons in the Text group Text group on the Insert tab.pptx

### Phase I: Start of task

Ask learners to brainstorm words relating to presentations that could be used to create a Wordle for a classroom decoration. Use an online Wordle creator for the words and create one that can be printed and displayed in the classroom.

### Phase 2: Main

Use the **Presentation Task 2\_B6.2.1.1.2 Using Icons in the Text group** on the Insert tab.pptx and allow learners to demonstrate how they use the icons in the Text group on the Insert tab, including inserting currency symbols and changing the colours in WordArt titles.

### Phase 3: End of Task

Check learners' answers to the questions posed on the last few slides of the presentation.

### **Extension activity**

Ask the more able learners to attempt Activity 2.2 in the Learner's Book.

### Answers

### Activity 2.2

Learner's Book page 47

Presentations will vary because learners have choices. They should have:

- created a presentation with four slides
- slide I = Title is PowerPoint instructions using WordArt
- slide 2 = how to use a template
- slide 3 = how to insert headers & footers
- slide 4 = how to use file menu to print six slides on one page
- saved the presentation as 'Instructions version I
- emailed the presentation to a friend.

### Task 3 of 4

Sub-strand I: Introduction to MS PowerPoint (tabs and ribbons of MS PowerPoint)

**Content standard:** B6.2.1.1 Demonstrate how to use MS PowerPoint.

**Indicator:** B6.2.1.1.2 Be able to give a five-slide presentation in MS PowerPoint using the tools of the tabs studied.

### Performance indicator:

**Strand 2: Presentation** 

**ALL** learners will be able to give a three-slide presentation in MS PowerPoint using the tools of the tabs studied.

**SOME** learners will Be able to give a four-slide presentation in MS PowerPoint using the tools of the tabs studied.

**FEW** learners will Be able to give a five-slide presentation in MS PowerPoint using the tools of the tabs studied.

### **Core competencies:**

- I. Creativity and innovation
- 2. Communication and collaboration
- 3. Cultural identity and global citizenship
- **4.** Personal development and leadership
- 5. Digital literacy

Key words: speaker's notes, kiosk mode

### In this task:

**The teacher should** use the **Presentation Task 3\_B6.2.1.1.3 Presenting your presentation.pptx** so they can give a five-slide presentation in MS PowerPoint using the commands in the tabs studied.

**Learners should** finalise their presentations within the first part of the task before they present and give feedback to other presenters during the rest of the task.

### **Resources required**

Learner's Book page 50-52

### On CD

Presentation Task 3\_B6.2.1.1.3 Presenting your presentation.pptx

#### Phase I: Start of task

You should write this question on the board and divide learners into small groups: *How can you give your presentation in the best possible way? Discuss in small groups.* 

#### Phase 2: Main

Refer learners to the Presentation methods on pages 51–55 of the Learner's Book. They can go through the various possibilities when doing their presentation to an audience.

Learners should be given an opportunity to present to the whole class and be given a time limit.

### Phase 3: End of task

Learners should listen attentively whilst other learners are doing their presentations. They should give constructive and positive feedback to encourage learners to feel confident in presenting their work to the whole class.

### **Extension activity**

Ask the less able learners to attempt Activity 2.3 and the more able learners to do Activity 2.4 in the Learner's Book.

### Answers

### Activity 2.3

• A fifth slide has been added headed: Examples of Icons. It will contain a bulleted list of 10 icons and show which icon group each is from.

• Presentation file saved as Instructions version 2.

## Activity 2.4

Learner's Book page 5 I

Learner's Book page 49

- Animations and transitions have been added to slides.
- Presentation file saved as Instructions version 3.

### Task 4 of 4

Sub-strand I: Introduction to MS PowerPoint (Tabs and ribbons of MS PowerPoint)

**Content standard:** B6.2.1.1 Demonstrate how to use MS PowerPoint.

### Performance indicator:

**ALL** learners will be able to give a three-slide presentation in MS PowerPoint using the commands in the tabs studied.

**SOME** learners will be able to give a fourslide presentation in MS PowerPoint using the command in the tabs studied.

**FEW** learners will be able to give a five-slide presentation in MS PowerPoint using the commands in the tabs studied.

slide presentation in MS PowerPoint using the commands in the tabs studied.

Indicator: B6.2.1.1.2 Be able to give a five-

### Core competencies:

Creativity and innovation

- I. Creativity and innovation
- 2. Communication and collaboration
- 3. Cultural identity and global citizenship
- 4. Personal development and leadership
- 5. Digital literacy

Key words: speaker's notes, kiosk mode, slides

### In this task:

**The teacher should** allow learners to complete their presentations to the whole class and to improve on any aspect they were given feedback on.

**Learners should** finalise their presentations within the first part of the task before they present and give feedback to other presenters during the rest of the task.

# **Resources required**

Learner's Book page 50–53

### Phase I: Start of task

You should lead a discussion on what the main points in the feedback were from the previous task.

### Phase 2: Main

Continue allowing learners to present to the whole class and be given a time limit.

### Phase 3: End of task

Learners should listen attentively whilst other learners are doing the presentations for the whole class. They should give constructive and positive feedback to encourage learners to feel confident in presenting their work to the whole class.

lEnl

# **Extension activity**

Ask the more able learners to attempt Activity 2.5 in the Learner's Book.

### Answers

### Activity 2.5

Learner's Book page 54

- Timings have been rehearsed and set at a reasonable reading rate.
- Presentation has been set up to show as Browsed at a kiosk.
- Presentation file saved as Instructions version 4.

# Check your progress

- $Plan \rightarrow Design \rightarrow Create \rightarrow Rehearse \rightarrow Present$
- I know what it says, so I read it quite quickly, but others seeing it for the first time would read it more slowly than I do.
- It would print one copy of all the slides as they are, and waste a lot of coloured ink.
- The presentation will carry on running until someone presses the Esc. button.
- It is an image made up of basic geometric shapes, like curves, lines, etc. / A vector graphic is an image that can be made larger without affecting the quality of the image.
- It could be shown continuously in the shop window so passers-by can watch it when the shop is shut.

## Introduction

This strand is a continuation of the word processing from previous learning and it is assumed that learners will be familiar with the use of its Home tab and groups. In this Teacher's Guide, learners will explore how to use the additional tabs and groups of a word processor, such as the Insert, Design and Layout tabs.

### Task I of 4

Sub-strand I: Introduction to word processing (tabs and ribbons of word processing)

**Content standard:** B6.3.1.1 Illustrate the use of word processing application.

Strand 3: Word processing

#### Performance indicator:

**ALL** learners will be able to use the File menu, Insert tab.

**SOME** learners will be able to use the Design and Layout tabs.

**FEW** learners will be able to use the File menu, Insert, Design and Layout tabs.

**Indicator:** B6.3.1.1.1 Demonstrate how to use the File menu, Insert, Design and Layout tabs from B5.

#### **Core competencies:**

- I. Creativity and innovation
- 2. Communication and collaboration
- 3. Cultural identity and global citizenship
- 4. Personal development and leadership
- 5. Digital literacy

**Key words:** File menu, layout tab, page orientation, landscape, portrait, text alignment, justified, font type, font size, page margin, line spacing, insert table, columns

### In this task:

The teacher should demonstrate using the Learner's Book so that learners use the File menu, Insert, Design and Layout tabs to complete the Worksheet Task I\_B6.3.1.1.1 Word processing document production.pdf.

Learners should complete the Worksheet Task I\_Word processing document production.pdf.

# **Resources required**

Learner's Book pages 59–67

### On CD

- Worksheet Task I\_B6.3.I.I.I Starter activity.pdf
- Worksheet Task I\_B6.3.1.1.1 Word processing document production.pdf

### Phase I: Start of task

Use key words to describe the images in Worksheet Task I\_ B6.3.1.1.1 Starter activity.pdf.

### Phase 2: Main

Demonstrate how to use the word processing document production by referring to the Learner's Book to guide learners through carrying out the instructions in **Worksheet Task I\_Word processing document production.pdf**.

In Task I, you will only have time for instruction points I–I0. Leave instruction points I0–20 for Task 2.

### Phase 3: End of task

Ask learners to screenshot their evidence of having carried out all the instructions on the worksheet and to review and feedback to each other in pairs.

### **Extension activity**

Ask the more able learners to attempt Activity 3.1 in the Learner's Book.

### Answers to Task I worksheet: Starter activity

- I. Layout tab
- 2. Font size
- 3. File menu
- 4. Columns
- 5. Design tab
- 6. Line spacing
- 7. Portrait orientation
- 8. Page margin
- **q.** Landscape orientation
- **10.** Justified alignment
- II. Font types

### Activity 3.1

Learner's Book page 62

- Learners should have created a presentation that demonstrates five or more commands from the File menu.
- Learners will open the File menu and then find the shortcut keys for some of the items in the menu. This is revision from Basic 5. They may remember the shortcut keys. Otherwise they can search on the internet for shortcut keys for items in the File menu.
- They can use a word processor to create the handout, or do this on paper if a word processor is unavailable. The handout should contain several of the File menu shortcuts.

### Task 2 of 4

Sub-strand I: Introduction to word processing (tabs and ribbons of word processing)

<b>Content standard:</b> B6.3.1.1 Illustrate the use of word processing application.	<b>Indicator:</b> B6.3.1.1.1 Demonstrate the use of the File menu, Insert, Design and Layout tabs from B5.
Performance indicator:	Core competencies:
<b>ALL</b> learners will be able to use the File menu, Insert tab.	<ol> <li>Creativity and innovation</li> <li>Communication and collaboration</li> </ol>
<b>SOME</b> learners will be able to use the Design and Layout tabs.	<ol> <li>Cultural identity and global citizenship</li> <li>Personal development and leadership</li> </ol>
<b>FEW</b> learners will be able to use the File menu, Insert, Design and Layout tabs.	5. Digital literacy

**Key words:** File menu, Layout tab, page orientation, landscape, portrait, text alignment, justified, font type, font size, page margin, line spacing, insert table, columns

### In this task:

**The teacher should** allow learners to continue where they left off in the previous task.

Learners should complete the Worksheet Task I\_B6.3.1.1.1 Word processing document production.pdf, where they left off in the previous task.

# **Resources required**

Learner's Book pages 59-67

### On CD

Worksheet Task I\_B6.3.1.1.1 Word processing document production.pdf

#### Phase I: Start of task

Use the key words in the table below to play the game, HOT SEAT. Rules: Ask for a volunteer learner to sit on a chair at the front of the classroom, facing the learners. Behind the volunteer learner, write the keywords on the board so that the volunteer learner cannot see them. Ask the rest of the learners to explain the word to her/him without spelling it or mentioning the actual word. Once the volunteer guesses the correct keyword, select another learner to sit in the HOT SEAT and repeat until all the keywords have been explained and guessed.

Keyword	Meaning
Spell check	Automatically checks the words against those in the computer's dictionary and displays as a red squiggly line under the misspelt words.
Header	Faded out section at the top of a page where you can write your name, date, and page numbers in a document.
Footer	Faded out section at the bottom of a page where you can write your name, date, and page numbers in a document.
Indent	Push the beginning of your text inwards from the margin by a few centimetres.
Word count	Gives the number of words you have used in a page or file.
Save	Saves your document or file in the last place you saved it or opened it from.
Save As	Saves your document or file in a different place from Save. This allows you to choose the exact folder you want to save your file in.
Columns	Newspapers usually display their text in columns to make it easier on the eye for reading purposes.

#### Phase 2: Main

Continue where you left off in the previous task. Try to cover points 10–20 for Task 2.

Demonstrate how to use the word processing features by referring to the Learner's Book to guide learners through carrying out the instructions in **Worksheet Task I\_B6.3.1.1.1 Word processing document production.pdf**.

### Phase 3: End of task

Ask learners to self-assess their evidence of carrying out all the instructions on the worksheet and answer the following questions:

- How much do you feel you have learnt in this task?
- Did you complete all the tasks in the worksheet?
- How would you do anything different next time?

### Extension activity

Ask the more able learners to attempt Activity 3.2 in the Learner's Book. You may wish to group a few less able learners with more able learners in each group to attempt Activity 3.2.

### Answers

### Activity 3.2

Learner's Book page 63-64

Learners should have all 12 months with the correct month names and dates saved.

### Task 3 of 4

Sub-strand I: Introduction to word processing (tabs and ribbons of word processing)

**Content standard:** B6.3.1.1 Illustrate the use of word processing application.

### **Performance indicator:**

**ALL** learners will be able to use some of the commands in the Text group on the Insert tab.

**SOME** learners will be able to use a few of the commands in the Text group on the Insert tab.

**FEW** learners will be able to use all of the commands in the Text group on the Insert tab..

**Indicator:** B6.3.1.1.2 Demonstrate how to use the icons in the Text group of the Insert tab.

### **Core competencies:**

- I. Creativity and innovation
- 2. Communication and collaboration
- 3. Cultural identity and global citizenship
- 4. Personal development and leadership
- 5. Digital literacy

Key words: WordArt, signature line, text from file, object, quick parts

### In this task:

The teacher should demonstrate using the Learner's Book information so that learners use the Insert, Design, and Layout tabs to complete the task on the last slide of the **Presentation Task 3\_B6.3.1.1.2** Text icons in Insert tab.pptx.

Learners should complete the task on the last slide of the Presentation Task 3\_B6.3.1.1.2 Text icons in Insert tab.pptx.

# **Resources required**

Learner's Book pages 63

# On CD

• Presentation Task 3\_B6.3.1.1.2 Text icons in Insert tab .pptx

### Phase I: Start of task

Ask learners to discuss the differences between the Text group in the Insert tab of a PowerPoint presentation and that of a word processor.

Use slide 2 of the **Presentation Task 3\_B6.3.1.1.2 Text icons in Insert tab.pptx** to show them possible answers.

### Phase 2: Main

Demonstrate the features in the Text group of the Insert tab by using the **Presentation Task 3\_B6.3.1.1.2 Text icons in Insert tab.pptx** and referring learners to the Learner's Book pages 67–68.

### Phase 3: End of task

Ask learners to share their document with a classmate for peer review and feedback.

### **Extension activity**

Arrange learners in groups of mixed ability so that learners collaborate to produce the best possible answers for Activity 3.3 in the Learner's Book.

### Activity 3.3

Learner's Book page 65

- Learners will have inserted a front cover to their own design using illustrations, one of which must be an online picture.
- They will have a second page with four pictures, depicting spring, summer, autumn and winter, and will have drawn a squiggly line around each of the images.

### Task 4 of 4

Sub-strand I: Introduction to word processing (tabs and ribbons of word processing)

<b>Content standard:</b> B6.3.1.1 Illustrate the use of word processing application.	<b>Indicator:</b> B6.3.1.1.3 Use the attributes of the tabs studied in a paragraph.
<b>Performance indicator:</b> <b>ALL</b> learners will be able to create a document using a word processing application.	<ul> <li>Core competencies:</li> <li>I. Creativity and innovation</li> <li>2. Communication and collaboration</li> </ul>
<b>SOME</b> learners will be able to format the text in a word processing application.	<ol> <li>Cultural identity and global citizenship</li> <li>Personal development and leadership</li> </ol>
<b>FEW</b> learners will be able to create a document and format text in a document using a word processing application.	5. Digital literacy

### Key words: digital signature, format, align

### In this task:

**The teacher should** explain how to evidence the creation of a word processed document and all the requested formatting of its text and images.

**Learners should** open the source files, select the most suitable software to produce the document, and follow the instructions in the **Worksheet Task 4\_B6.3.1.1.3 Create a document and format text.pdf**.

# **Resources required**

Learner's Book pages 65-68

# On CD

- Worksheet Task 4\_B6.3.1.1.3 Create a document and format text.pdf
- Hospital letter and form.pdf

### Phase I: Start of task

Demonstrate which files learners should access and how they should screenshot their evidence when creating their document and formatting the text according to the instructions on the worksheet.

#### Phase 2: Main

Learners should work in pairs and discuss how they can answer and work through the instructions in the **Worksheet Task 4\_B6.3.1.1.3 Create a document and format text.pdf.** 

#### Phase 3: End of task

Ask learners to write down a list of three things that went well and three things they still need to improve on. Lead a brief discussion on possible solutions.

### **Extension activity**

Ask the more able learners to explain to the less able learners how they arrived at their answers for Activity 3.4 in the Learner's Book.

### Answers

### Activity 3.4

Learner's Book page 66

Students will have added a watermark, inserted a border around the whole page, and deleted the squiggly lines from around each picture.

# Check your progress

- I. A page break marks the end of one page and the start of the next. It is used when you want to start a new page with the text that follows.
- 2. Column breaks / Section breaks
- 3. Save: Ctrl+S
- 4. Portrait has the short side of the paper at the top. Landscape has the long side of the paper at the top.
- 5. A plain text file contains text that has been formatted, such as bold, underlined or italic.
- 6. Click on the Insert tab, select and highlight the icon from the folders where you have saved your icon on your computer and then select insert or double-click on the icon.

Strand 5: Programming and databases

## Introduction

In this strand, you can expect to introduce MS Access as a database software package and explore the databases, spreadsheets, and programming languages.

### Task I of 20

**Sub-strand I:** Introduction to databases, algorithms, and programming languages (e.g. MS Excel, Scratch, VB.Net, etc.)

**Content standard:** B6.5.1.1 Demonstrate how to manipulate databases.

#### **Performance indicator:**

**ALL** learners will be able to identify the features of a database.

**SOME** learners will be able to identify the types of databases that exist.

**FEW** learners will be able to identify the features of a database and the types of databases that exist.

Indicator: B6.5.1.1.1 Describe databases.

#### **Core competencies:**

- I. Creativity and innovation
- 2. Communication and collaboration
- 3. Cultural identity and global citizenship
- 4. Personal development and leadership
- 5. Digital literacy

**Key words:** database, table, field, record, design view, datasheet view, data type, text, currency, date and time, AutoNumber, yes/no.

#### In this task:

**The teacher should** describe what a database is, the importance of databases and examples of databases in daily use.

Learners should complete the questions on the Worksheet Task I\_B6.5.1.1.1 Describing databases\_I .pdf.

# **Resources required**

Learner's Book pages 72

# On CD

Worksheet Task I\_B6.5.1.1.1 Describing databases\_1.pdf

### Phase I: Start of task

Write this statement on the board. Ask learners to discuss the statement in depth and in a structured way: *The idea of a database is new and it is only used by database experts in the computer field.* 

### Phase 2: Main

Allow learners to complete as many of the questions as they can on the worksheet after watching the short video from YouTube at: https://www.youtube.com/watch?time\_continue=25&v=BUE-XJEHp7g

Learners could also refer to the Learner's Book on databases for more information on how to set up a database.

### Phase 3: End of task

### Word Boggle Game

Learners write down as many words about databases as possible in three minutes. Ask one learner to call out his words and all learners with the same words should cross those words off their lists. Ask another learner who still has words left on her list to call out all her words. Again, learners must cross those words off their list. Repeat this until everyone's list is crossed off. The learner with most correct words is the winner.

### **Extension activity**

Ask the more able learners to work alongside a less able learner when attempting to do Activity 5.1 in the Learner's Book.

### **Answers to Task I worksheet**

#### Task I.I

- I. A database can be defined as a collection of structured or organised data.
- 2. Any three of the following: distributed database, centralised database, end-user database, commercial database, operational database, relational database.
- 3. Databases are important in everyday life, and can be used to sort and classify information in useful ways. Used by organisations such as government departments, academic institutions and commercial entities, databases allow users to discover information that can improve people's lives or lead to competitive advantage in business.
- 4. FALSE

### Task I.2

- drawer in filing cabinet
- bigger filing cabinet
- filing cabinet old style
- database records
- records and fields in database

#### Task I.3

Divide the items in your wardrobe into fields. These could be types of clothing, material they are made from, usage (e.g. sportswear, formalwear, traditional wear), colour. Each item then becomes a record and you can filter these records by field, e.g. view all yellow items.

### Activity 5.1

Learner's Book page 72

- Any three from: short text / number / AutoNumber / long text / date & time / currency / Boolean (Yes/ No)
- **2.** α) iii
  - b) ii
  - **c)** i
  - **d)** v
  - e) iv
  - **f)** v

### Task 2 of 20

**Sub-strand I:** Introduction to databases, algorithms, and programming languages (e.g. MS Excel, Scratch, VB.Net, etc.)

<b>Content standard:</b> B6.5.1.1.1 Demonstrate how to manipulate databases.	<b>Indicator:</b> B6.5.1.1.2 Identify databases and data structures.
Performance indicator:	Core competencies:
<b>ALL</b> learners will be able to identify databases and data structures.	<ol> <li>Creativity and innovation</li> <li>Communication and collaboration</li> </ol>
<b>SOME</b> learners will be able to identify data structures.	<ol> <li>Cultural identity and global citizenship</li> <li>Personal development and leadership</li> </ol>
<b>FEW</b> learners will be able to identify databases and data structures.	5. Digital literacy

**Key words:** database, table, field, record, design view, datasheet view, data type, text, currency, date and time, AutoNumber, yes/no.

### In this task:

**The teacher should** use the Learner's Book to explain the importance and uses of a database, using the excerpt in the worksheet.

Learners should complete the last questions on the Worksheet Task 2\_ B6.5.1.1.2 Describing databases\_2.pdf.

# **Resources required**

Learner's Book pages 73-74

# On CD

Worksheet Task 2\_B6.5.1.1.2 Describing databases\_2.pdf

### Phase I: Start of task

Play the HOT SEAT game with the key words. Ask a volunteer learner to sit at the front of the class with their back to the board and facing the rest of the class. Behind them on the board, you should write one key word at a time and the learner in the HOT SEAT has to guess what that word is by listening to the descriptions that the other learners give. They should not spell the word nor should they mention the word. When the correct word is guessed, select another learner to sit in the HOT SEAT for the next key word. Repeat until all key words have been guessed.

### Phase 2: Main

Use the excerpt taken from https://www.bbc.co.uk/bitesize/guides/zswnb9q/revision/1 on 27/10/2019.

### Database uses

- Microsoft Office Access is a popular database package but there are alternatives such as OpenOffice Base.
- Databases are widely used. Schools, hospitals, supermarkets, Facebook, Google and YouTube all make use of databases. Any company or organisation that stores large amounts of data almost certainly stores it in a database.
- The services and companies mentioned above use their databases to:
- send letters or emails to employees, clients or customers
- manage appointments
- track the products customers buy

- suggest related videos, depending on videos a user has already watched
- know which friends two individuals have in common
- keeps track of the most popular dishes on the canteen menu so that it always has enough to serve to students.

### Databases vs. paper

- Databases can store huge amounts of data without taking up any space in the real world.
- It is much quicker to query or search a database than it is to riffle through hundreds or even thousands of paper records.



### Advantages of using a database

- It is easy to add to or amend existing records.
- Data can be sorted easily, e.g. date first registered.
- Other applications can import data, for example mail-merge templates make use of databases to send personalised letters to customers.
- Multiple people can access a database at the same time.
- Security can be better than paper files, e.g. using a password to view or edit a file.

Allow learners to complete as many of the questions as they can on the worksheet after watching the short video from YouTube at: https://www.youtube.com/watch?time\_continue=25&v=BUE-XJEHp7g

### Phase 3: End of task

Ask learners to self-assess their work by going over the answers with them.

### **Extension activity**

Ask the more able learners to attempt Activity 5.2 in the Learner's Book. Discuss the answers to Activity 5.2 and how they are reached with the class.

### **Answers to Task 2 worksheet**

Task 2. I

- I. d
- **2.** b
- **3.** f
- **4.** e
- **5.** c
- **6.** a

### Task 2.2

- I. Flat-file: A single table or list of items about one business, e.g. a list of all the items in a storeroom.
- 2. Relational: A database with two or more tables that are linked, such as products table and customers details table linked by common primary keys.
- 3. Online: A search is a collection of links holding online information stored on web servers all over the internet.
- 4. Back-end: A large business that stores the list of stock and lists of customers' details on their servers, such as supermarket or airline websites.
- 5. Mobile: Lists of contact details on a mobile phone.
- 6. Centralised: All the database details are stored in the main branch's databases and authorised staff have to go through the centralised database to operate their business transactions, for example for large banks.

### Task 2.3

Learners' answers will vary.

Act	tivity 5.2	Learner's Book page 74
1. 2. 3.	Item or In stock Make Number = Auto number Electric = Boolean or Yes/No In stock = Boolean or Yes/No Gears = Number Make = Short text Item = Short text	
4.	8	
5.	3	
Tas	k 3 of 20	

**Sub-strand I:** Introduction to databases, algorithms, and programming languages (e.g. MS Excel, Scratch, VB.Net, etc.)

**Content standard:** B6.5.1.1.2 Demonstrate how to manipulate databases.

**Indicator:** B6.5.1.1.2 Identify databases and data structures.

#### **Performance indicator:**

**ALL** learners will be able to identify databases.

**SOME** learners will be able to identify data structures.

**FEW** learners will be able to identify databases and data structures.

#### **Core competencies:**

- I. Creativity and innovation
- 2. Communication and collaboration
- 3. Cultural identity and global citizenship
- **4.** Personal development and leadership
- 5. Digital literacy

**Key words:** flat-file database, relational database, field, row, currency data type, yes/no data type, text data type, number data type

#### In this task:

**The teacher should** use the Learner's Book to explain and describe the different types of databases and data types.

Learners should complete the Worksheet Task 3\_B6.5.1.1.2 Identify databases features.pdf.

# **Resources required**

Learner's Book pages 72-74

### On CD

Worksheet Task 3\_ B6.5.1.1.2 Identify databases features.pdf

### Phase I: Start of task

List examples of databases found everywhere in life, such as a wardrobe, a refrigerator, etc.

#### Phase 2: Main

Refer to the Learner's Book to for more information to complete the worksheet.

#### Phase 3: End of task

### Word Boggle Game

Learners write down as many words about databases as possible in three minutes. Ask the one learner to call out her words and all learners with the same words should cross those words off their lists. The next learner who still has words left on his list must call out all his words, and again learners must cross those words off their list. Repeat until everyone's list is crossed off. The learner with most correct words is the winner.

#### Task 4 of 20

**Sub-strand I:** Introduction to databases, algorithms, and programming languages (e.g. MS Excel, Scratch, VB.Net, etc.)

**Content standard:** B6.5.1.1 Demonstrate how to manipulate databases.

**Indicator:** B6.5.1.1.3 Explain fundamental database concepts.

### **Performance indicator:**

**ALL** learners will be able to explain some fundamental database concepts.

**SOME** learners will be able to explain most fundamental database concepts.

**FEW** learners will be able to explain all the fundamental database concepts.

### **Core competencies:**

- I. Creativity and innovation
- 2. Communication and collaboration
- 3. Cultural identity and global citizenship
- **4.** Personal development and leadership
- 5. Digital literacy

Key words: flat-file database, relational database, currency, test, number, date and time, yes/no

#### In this task:

**The teacher should** use the Learner's Book to explain the different types of data, such as currency, text, number, date and time, yes/no, etc.

Learners should create group presentations about the different types of data.

# **Resources required**

Learner's Book pages 74-76

# On CD

Worksheet Task 4\_B6.5.1.1.3 Explain fundamental database concepts.pdf

### Phase I: Start of task

Refer to the Learner's Book to explain the different types of data, such as, currency, text, number, date and time, yes/no, etc.

### Phase 2: Main

Divide learners into groups. Each group must prepare a short presentation on the fundamental key words in databases for the next task. Give learners the evaluation criteria for their presentations ahead of time.

Presentation evaluation criteria	Yes 🗸	No X
The content for each fundamental database concept must be correct.		
There should be at least five fundamental database words.		
There should be pictures on each slide.		
The presentation must not be longer than three minutes.		
Each group member must explain one database concept.		

Allow learners to prepare their presentations during this task and to be ready for presenting and evaluating other groups' presentations during the next task.

### Phase 3: End of task

Check that each group is ready for the next task's presenting and evaluating.

# **Extension activity**

Ask the more able learners to work together with a few less able learners to attempt Activity 5.3 in the Learner's Book.

### **Answers to Task 4 worksheet**

### Task 4. I

table	field name			column	]	field			record
First name	Last name	Date of birth	Age	Job role	Hours	♥ Pay rate	Total weekly pay	Ταχ	Net pay
Barry	Fromeastenders	2003/04/09	16	Bar Staff	40	GHC 6.00	GHC 240.00	GHC 42.00	GHC 198.00
Steve	Reich	2003/02/02	16	Bar Staff	40	GHC 6.00	GHC 240.00	GHC 42.00	GHC 198.00
Laxman	Siveramakrishnan	2002/10/12	17	Backstag nu	mber d	ata 5.00	GHC 240.00	GHC 42.00	GHC 198.00
Suzanne	f text field	2002/02/24	17	Bar Staff t	ype fie	ld	currencu dat	d C 4	ata item
Casper	Milktoast	2001/12/12	18	Backstage	40	GHC 8	type field	C 50 in	a record
Anglina	Jellie row	1999/09/09	20	Office Manager	40	GHC 8.00	GHC 320.00	GHC 56.00	GHC 264.00
Terrie	Toolratchett	I 998/08/02	21	Cleaners	40	GHC 8.00	GHC 320.00	GHC 56.00	GHC 264.00
Kevin	Greystoke	1996/01/07	23	Cleaners	40	GHC 9.00	GHC 360.00	GHC 63.00	GHC 297.00

# Activity 5.3

Learner's Book page 77

Answers may vary.

- I. First name; Last name; Street address; Town; Postcode; Age; Sport type; Goals scored/Games won; Coach; Number of games played; Kit
- **2-4.** Answers may vary. This is an example table.

Member	Sport	Coach
Member number *	Sport number *	Coach number *
First name	Member number **	Member number **
Last name		Sport number **
Street address		Last name
Town		First name
Postcode		Phone number
Phone number		

Sport	
Won	
Coach number **	
Sport number **	

The key to the table:

- \* Means the field is a primary key (e.g. in the Member table, the primary key is Member number)
- \*\* Means the field is a foreign key in another table (e.g. Member number is a foreign key in both the Sport table and the Coach table)
- 5. The key field in each table should be marked in some way.
- 6. Foreign fields: The more able students may also have highlighted the foreign fields (the key fields from other tables) in some way. This is not essential for this level.

### Task 5 of 20

**Sub-strand I:** Introduction to databases, algorithms, and programming languages (e.g. MS Excel, Scratch, VB.Net, etc.)

**Content standard:** B6.5.1.1 Demonstrate how to manipulate databases.

### **Performance indicator:**

**ALL** learners will be able to describe some types of database and data types.

**SOME** learners will be able to describe most types of database and data types.

**FEW** learners will be able to describe all types of database and data types.

**Indicator:** B6.5.1.1.3 Explain fundamental database concepts.

### **Core competencies:**

- I. Creativity and innovation
- 2. Communication and collaboration
- 3. Cultural identity and global citizenship
- **4.** Personal development and leadership
- 5. Digital literacy

Key words: flat-file database, relational database, currency, test, number, date and time, yes/no

### In this task:

The teacher should ensure that groups do their presentations during this task.

Learners should present their group presentations about the different fundamental database concepts.

# **Resources required**

Learner's Book pages 76–79

### Phase I: Start of task

Allow learners to do their presentations in this task.

### Phase 2: Main

Groups should be presenting in this task. Each group has only three minutes to present and two minutes for evaluations. Learners use the same evaluation criteria as in Task 4.

Presentation evaluation criteria	Yes 🗸	No X
The content for each fundamental database concept must be correct.		
There should at least five fundamental database words.		
There should be pictures on each slide.		
The presentation must not be longer than three minutes.		
Each group member must explain one database concept.		

### Phase 3: End of task

Discuss the overall quality of the learners' efforts and correct any misunderstandings about databases and the different data types.

Task 6 of 20			
<b>Sub-strand I:</b> Introduction to databases, algorithms, and programming languages (e.g. MS Excel, Scratch, VB.Net, etc.)			
<b>Content standard:</b> B6.5.1.1 Demonstrate how to manipulate databases.	<b>Indicator:</b> B6.5.1.1.3 Explain fundamental database concepts.		
Performance indicator:ALL learners will be able to describe some types of database and data types.SOME learners will be able to describe most types of database and data types.FEW learners will be able to describe all types of database and data types.	<ol> <li>Core competencies:</li> <li>Creativity and innovation</li> <li>Communication and collaboration</li> <li>Cultural identity and global citizenship</li> <li>Personal development and leadership</li> <li>Digital literacy</li> </ol>		

Key words: flat-file database, relational database, currency, test, number, date and time, yes/no

### In this task:

The teacher should allow learners to continue doing their group presentations during this task.

Learners should present their group presentations about the different fundamental database concepts.

# **Resources required**

Learner's Book pages 76-79

### Phase I: Start of task

Allow learners to do their presentations in this task.

### Phase 2: Main

Groups should be presenting in this task. Each group has only three minutes to present and two minutes for evaluations. They use the same evaluation criteria as in the previous task.

Presentation evaluation criteria	Yes 🗸	No X
The content for each fundamental database concept must be correct.		
There should at least five fundamental database words.		
There should be pictures on each slide.		
The presentation must not be longer than three minutes.		
Each group member must explain one database concept.		

### Phase 3: End of task

Discuss overall quality of the learners' efforts and correct any misunderstandings about databases and the different data types.

Task 7 of 20				
<b>Sub Strand I:</b> Introduction to databases, algorithms, and programming languages (e.g. MS Excel, Scratch, VB.Net, etc.)				
<b>Content standard:</b> B6.5.1.1 Demonstrate how to manipulate databases.	<b>Indicator:</b> B6.5.1.1.5 Describe the basics of the relational data model.			
<ul> <li>Performance indicator:</li> <li>ALL learners will be able to describe some basics of the relational data model.</li> <li>SOME learners will be able to describe most of the basics of the relational data model.</li> <li>FEW learners will be able to describe all the basics of the relational data model.</li> </ul>	<ol> <li>Core competencies:</li> <li>Creativity and innovation</li> <li>Communication and collaboration</li> <li>Cultural identity and global citizenship</li> <li>Personal development and leadership</li> <li>Digital literacy</li> </ol>			
Key words: relational database, key fields, data redundancy, linking				

In this task:

The teacher should explain how to link data in two separate tables by using key fields.

Learners should complete the Worksheet Task 7\_B6.5.1.1.5 Relational databases.pdf.

# **Resources required**

Learner's Book pages 78-79

# On CD

• Worksheet Task 7\_B6.5.1.1.5 Relational databases.pdf

### Phase I: Start of task

Consider the family tree in Task 7.1 of **Worksheet Task 7\_B6.5.1.1.5 Relational databases.pdf** and then answer the questions.

### Phase 2: Main

Using the Learner's Book section of relational databases, explain how separate tables can be linked by using a common linking field, a key field.

Learners should complete the Worksheet Task 7\_B6.5.1.1.5 Relational databases.pdf.

### Phase 3: End of task

Recap the meaning of the key words: relationship, key field, field, record.

### **Extension activity**

Arrange learners to work in pairs to complete Activity 5.4 in the Learner's Book.

### **Answers to Task 7 worksheet**

Task 7. I

- I. Ekua
- 2. Dofi
- 3. His surname is the same as his father's.

### Task 7.2

- I. Orders, Order Details and Products
- 2. orderID, productID, quantity, lineNumber
- 3. orderID
- 4. productId
- 5. field
- 6. CustomerID then productID

### Activity 5.4

- I. Completed as an example.
- 2. Country = Qatar AND AmountSpent > 200000.00
- 3. TravellerType = Business AND Favourite = Victoria Falls
- 4. Gender = Female AND AmountSpent >= 250000.00
- 5. Short text and number (Accept the answer if they chose Currency).
- 6. Any three from the data types and uses that they have learnt.

### Task 8 of 20

**Sub-strand I:** Introduction to databases, algorithms, and programming languages (e.g. MS Excel, Scratch, VB.Net, etc.)

**Content standard:** B6.5.1.1 Demonstrate how to manipulate databases.

**Indicator:** B6.5.1.1.6 Identify the basics of logical database design.

Learner's Book page 81
#### **Performance indicator:**

**ALL** learners will be able to identify some of the basics of logical database design.

**SOME** learners will be able identify most of the basics of logical database design.

**FEW** learners will be able to identify the basics of logical database design.

#### **Core competencies:**

- I. Creativity and innovation
- 2. Communication and collaboration
- 3. Cultural identity and global citizenship
- **4.** Personal development and leadership
- 5. Digital literacy

Key words: relational database, key fields, data redundancy, linking

#### In this task:

**The teacher should** explain how using a logical database design is important for linking data in the separate tables and extracting sensible information from a database.

Learners should complete the Worksheet Task 8\_B6.5.1.1.6 Logical database design.pdf.

# **Resources required**

Learner's Book pages 79-81

## On CD

Worksheet Task 8\_B6.5.1.1.6 Logical database design.pdf

#### Phase I: Start of task

Learners work in pairs and create a Wordle (word cloud) using as many of the key words about databases as possible. They then join another pair in the class and compare their Wordles and briefly discuss the words.

#### Phase 2: Main

Using the Learner's Book section of relational databases, explain how designing a database logically in separate tables that can be linked by using key fields is important in being able to extract sensible information from the database.

Learners should complete Worksheet Task 8\_B6.5.1.1.6 Logical database design.pdf.

### Phase 3: End of task

Recap the meaning of the key words: relationship, key field, field, record.

#### Task 9 of 20

**Sub-strand I:** Introduction to databases, algorithms, and programming languages (e.g. MS Excel, Scratch, VB.Net, etc.)

<b>Content standard:</b> B6.5.1.1 Demonstrate how to manipulate databases.	<b>Indicator:</b> B6.5.1.1.7 Illustrate the basics of relational algebra.
Performance indicator:	Core competencies:
<b>ALL</b> learners will be able to identify some of the basics of relational algebra.	<ol> <li>Creativity and innovation</li> <li>Communication and collaboration</li> </ol>
<b>SOME</b> learners will be able identify most of the basics of relational algebra.	<ol> <li>Cultural identity and global citizenship</li> <li>Personal development and leadership</li> </ol>
<b>FEW</b> learners will be able to identify the basics of relational algebra	5. Digital literacy

Key words: select, union, rename, project, set different, Cartesian product

#### In this task:

**The teacher should** read and explain each algebraic operation as learners complete the worksheet. Refer to the article on the CD, *What is Relational Algebra?* 

Learners should complete the Worksheet Task 9\_B6.5.1.1.7 Basics of relational algebra.pdf.

## **Resources required**

Learner's Book pages 78-79

# On CD

- Worksheet Task 9\_B6.5.1.1.7 Basics of relational algebra.pdf
- Article\_ What is Relational Algebra.pdf

#### Phase I: Start of task

Read the first few paragraphs of the article, 'What is Relational Algebra?' to the class.

#### Phase 2: Main

Read and explain each algebraic operation as learners complete their worksheet. Refer to the CD **Article\_ What is Relational Algebra.pdf** and refer to the relevant section in the Learner's Book for more information. Learners should complete the **Worksheet Task 9\_B6.5.1.1.7 Basics of relational algebra.pdf**.

#### Phase 3: End of task

Recap the meaning of the key words: select, union, rename, project, set different, Cartesian product

#### Task 10 of 20

**Sub-strand I:** Introduction to databases, algorithms, and programming languages (e.g. MS Excel, Scratch, VB.Net, etc.)

**Content standard:** B6.5.1.1 Demonstrate how to manipulate databases.

#### **Performance indicator:**

**ALL** learners will be able to operate some basic SQL: querying and manipulating data.

**SOME** learners will be able to operate most basic SQL: querying and manipulating data.

**FEW** learners will be able to operate the basic SQL: querying and manipulating data.

**Indicator:** B6.5.1.1.8 Operate basic SQL: querying and manipulating data.

#### **Core competencies:**

- I. Creativity and innovation
- 2. Communication and collaboration
- 3. Cultural identity and global citizenship
- 4. Personal development and leadership
- 5. Digital literacy
- Key words: create database, select, update

#### In this task:

The teacher should use the online tutorials in Khan Academy on SQL to query and manipulate data.

**Learners should** complete the tasks online on the Khan Academy portal to gain practical experience in manipulating data through SQL queries.

### Phase I: Start of task

Ensure that all learners will be able to access the online Khan Academy portal and be ready to learn how to manipulate data in a database by using SQL queries: https://www.khanacademy.org/computing/computer-programming/sql/sql-basics/pt/querying-the-table

### Phase 2: Main

Support learners who are struggling with certain parts of the information as required.

### Phase 3: End of task

Learners should screenshot their results from the Challenges set out in the exercises and show their teacher.

#### Task II of 20

Sub-strand 2: Introduction to electronic spreadsheet (tabs and ribbons manipulation)

<b>Content standard:</b> B6.5.1.1 Demonstrate how to use spreadsheets.	<b>Indicator:</b> B6.5.3.1.1 Demonstrate how to use the groups on the Home tab.
Performance indicator:	Core competencies:
<b>ALL</b> learners will be able to demonstrate how to use some of the groups on the Home tab.	<ol> <li>Creativity and innovation</li> <li>Communication and collaboration</li> </ol>
<b>SOME</b> learners will be able to demonstrate how to use most of the groups on the Home tab.	<ol> <li>Cultural identity and global citizenship</li> <li>Personal development and leadership</li> </ol>
<b>FEW</b> learners will be able to demonstrate how to use the groups on the Home tab.	5. Digital literacy

Key words: clipboard, styles, font, alignment, cells, editing, ideas, number

#### In this task:

**The teacher should** demonstrate where to locate the MS Excel Home tab so that learners can explore it and prepare to do presentations to their peers in the next two tasks based on the given set of evaluation criteria.

**Learners should** work through the worksheet and refer to the Learner's Book in the section on the Home tab. Learners will be preparing to do group presentations during the next two tasks.

# **Resources required**

Learner's Book page 83

# On CD

Worksheet Task II\_B6.5.3.1.1 MS Excel Home tab.pdf

## Phase I: Start of task

Explain that learners will learn about the group on the Home tab of MS Excel and prepare to do group presentations during the next two tasks using the given evaluation criteria included in the worksheet.

### Phase 2: Main

Demonstrate what some of the groups on the Home tab can do and allow learners to work through **Worksheet Task II\_B6.5.3.I.I MS Excel Home tab.pdf** in order to prepare for their group presentations.

Divide the class into eight groups and explain what the evaluation criteria mean and how they will be awarded points for their group presentations.

#### Phase 3: End of task

Check that all learners are ready to present during the next task because everyone will be evaluating their peer groups during the group presentations.

## Task 12 of 20

Sub-strand 2: Introduction to electronic spreadsheet (tabs and ribbons manipulation)

**Content standard:** B6.5.1.1 Demonstrate how to use spreadsheets.

#### **Performance indicator:**

**ALL** learners will be able to demonstrate how to use some of the groups on the Home tab.

**SOME** learners will be able to demonstrate how to use most of the groups on the Home tab.

**FEW** learners will be able to demonstrate how to use the groups on the Home tab.

**Indicator:** B6.5.3.1.1 Demonstrate how to use the group on the Home tab.

#### **Core competencies:**

- I. Creativity and innovation
- 2. Communication and collaboration
- 3. Cultural identity and global citizenship
- 4. Personal development and leadership
- 5. Digital literacy

Key words: clipboard, styles, font, alignment, cells, editing, ideas, number

#### In this task:

**The teacher should** allow learners to do their group presentations and evaluations when they are not presenting in their groups.

**Learners should** do their group presentations and evaluations when they are not presenting in their groups.

## **Resources required**

Learner's Book pages 84-86

## On CD

Worksheet Tasks 12–13\_B6.5.3.1.1 Evaluation Sheet\_MS Excel presentation.pdf

#### Phase I: Start of task

Ensure that all groups are ready to do their group presentations and that everyone has their evaluation sheets ready.

#### Phase 2: Main

Allow learners to conduct their group presentations. The groups not presenting evaluate each group's presentation using **Worksheet Task 12\_B6.5.3.1.1 Evaluation sheet\_MS Excel presentation.pdf.** 

#### Phase 3: End of task

Check that the learners who have not yet presented are ready to present during the next task.

### Task 13 of 20

Sub-strand 2: Introduction to electronic spreadsheet (tabs and ribbons manipulation)

**Content standard:** B6.5.1.1 Demonstrate how to use spreadsheets.

#### **Performance indicator:**

**ALL** learners will be able to demonstrate how to use some of the groups on the Home tab.

**SOME** learners will be able to demonstrate how to use most of groups on the Home tab.

**FEW** learners will be able to demonstrate how to use the groups on the Home tab,

**Indicator:** B6.5.3.1.1 Demonstrate how to use the tabs under the Home tab.

#### **Core competencies:**

- I. Creativity and innovation
- 2. Communication and collaboration
- 3. Cultural identity and global citizenship
- 4. Personal development and leadership
- 5. Digital literacy

Key words: clipboard, styles, font, alignment, cells, editing, ideas, number

#### In this task:

**The teacher should** allow learners to do their group presentations and evaluations when they are not presenting in their groups.

**Learners should** do their group presentations and evaluations when they are not presenting in their groups.

# **Resources required**

Learner's Book pages 83-86

## On CD

Worksheet Tasks 12–13\_B6.5.3.1.1 Evaluation Sheet\_MS Excel presentation.pdf

#### Phase I: Start of task

Ensure that all groups are ready to do their group presentations and that everyone has their evaluation sheets from Task 12 ready.

#### Phase 2: Main

Allow learners to conduct their group presentations. The groups not presenting evaluate each group's presentation using the same worksheets for **Task 12: Worksheet Task 12\_B6.5.3.1.1 Evaluation sheet\_MS Excel presentation.pdf** 

#### Phase 3: End of Task

Recap the meanings of some of the key words.

#### Task 14 of 20

Sub-strand 2: Introduction to electronic spreadsheet (tabs and ribbons manipulation)

Content standard: B6.5.1.1 Demonstrate how to	Indicator: B6.5.3.1.2 Create basic workbooks in
use spreadsheets.	MS Excel.

## Performance indicator:

**ALL** learners will be able to create one basic worksheet in MS Excel.

**SOME** learners will be able to create basic worksheets in MS Excel.

**FEW** learners will be able to create basic worksheets in MS Excel.

Key words: workbook, average, range, subtract

### In this task:

**The teacher should** demonstrate how to create a basic workbook in MS Excel using the worksheet guidance notes and the section in the Learner's Book on how to create basic worksheets.

**Learners should** use the worksheet guidance notes and the section in the Learner's Book on how to create basic worksheets.

# **Resources required**

## On CD

Worksheet Task 14\_B6.5.3.1.2 Create MS Excel workbooks.pdf

#### Phase I: Start of task

Ask learners to do these simple arithmetic calculations in pairs: Find the average of 26, 45, 73 and 16 (Answer = 40) Find the range of 87, 35, 29, 97 (Answer =: 68) Ask learners to describe the steps they took to do these calculations. (Answer: To calculate the average, you must add up all the numbers and then divide by the amount of numbers you added together. Answer: To calculate the range, you must subtract the lowest number from the highest number.)

### Phase 2: Main

Allow learners to watch the first part of the video (https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=9Ye45qRwOcY) or refer to the Learner's Book section on performing calculations in MS Excel to see how to carry out the calculations in the worksheet.

Learners complete Worksheet Task 14\_B6.5.3.1.2 Create MS Excel workbooks.pdf.

### Phase 3: End of task

Check answers at the end of the task. Ask learners to indicate whether they got it right and if not, where they thought they went wrong and how they could do the calculations right next time.

## **Extension activity**

Group learners into mixed ability groups and ask them to attempt Activity 5.5 in the Learner's Book.

#### **Core competencies:**

- I. Creativity and innovation
- 2. Communication and collaboration
- 3. Cultural identity and global citizenship
- **4.** Personal development and leadership

Learner's Book pages 86-87

5. Digital literacy

## Answers to Task 14 worksheet

Task 14.1

Ν	М	L	к	J	1	Н	G	F	Е	D	С	В	А	
	es	ure	atı	ber	mp	te	hly	ntl	no	ra r	cci	Α		1
														2
Average	DEC	NOV	ОСТ	SEP	AUG	JUL	JUN	MAY	APR	MAR	FEB	JAN		3
93	95	94	97	91	87	82	84	91	98	100	100	99		4
														5
Range														6
18														7
														8

#### Task 14.2

You would add all the temperature together and then divide by 12 (the number of months in the year). You should get an answer of 93.

#### Task 14.3

A	В	С	D	Е	F	G	н	I	J	К	L	М	Ν	
1	Α	CCI	ra I	Mo	ntł	าไy	Те	m	ber	at	ure	es		
2														
3	JAN	FEB	MAR	APR	MAY	JUN	JUL	AUG	SEP	ОСТ	NOV	DEC		
4	99	100	100	98	91	84	82	87	91	97	94	95	=AVERAGE(B4:M4)	
5														
6														
7														
8														

2.

	А	В	С	D	Е	F	G	Н	1	J	К	L	М	Ν	0	Р	Q
1		Α	cci	ra I	٩N	ntł	nly	Те	m	ber	at	ure	es				
2																	
3		JAN	FEB	MAR	APR	MAY	JUN	JUL	AUG	SEP	ОСТ	NOV	DEC				
4		99	100	100	98	91	84	82	87	91	97	94	95	93			
5																	
6																	
7																	

	А	В	С	D	Е	F	G	н	- I -	J	к	L	М	Ν	0
1		Α	CCI	ra I	Мo	ntł	าไy	Те	m	per	at	ure	es		
2															
3		JAN	FEB	MAR	APR	MAY	JUN	JUL	AUG	SEP	ОСТ	NOV	DEC	Average	
4		99	100	100	98	91	84	82	87	91	97	94	95	=AVERAGE(B4:M4)	
5															
6														Range	
7														=100-82	
8															

	А	В	С	D	Е	F	G	Н	1	J	К	L	М	Ν
1		Α	CCI	ra I	٩N	ntł	nly	Те	mp	ber	at	ure	es.	
2														
3		JAN	FEB	MAR	APR	MAY	JUN	JUL	AUG	SEP	ОСТ	NOV	DEC	Average
4		99	100	100	98	91	84	82	87	91	97	94	95	93
5														
6														Range
7														18
8														
9														
10														
11														
12														
13														
14														
15														
16														
17														
18														

# Activity 5.5

Learner's Book page 84

Feature	Button or action
Put a copy of the selection on the clipboard.	Click the copy button
Select the content with the format you like.	Drag mouse over the content to select it.
Apply a single line under your text.	Select the content then click on the button U
Remove the selection and put it on the clipboard so that you can use it somewhere else.	Select the content. Click on the scissors.
Colour the background of cells to make them stand out.	Select the cell in a table and then use the button with the jug pouring a colour. Or, select the drop- down menu under the pouring jug and click the colour you want.
Make the text a bit smaller.	Highlight the text, use the drop-down menu in the Font size box and click on the size wanted. Or, select the text then use the shortcut key, (Ctrl+]).
Centre the content horizontally.	Click the Centre text button in the Paragraph group.

### Task 15 of 20

Sub-strand 2: Introduction to Electronic Spreadsheet (Tabs and Ribbons Manipulation)

**Content standard:** B6.5.1.1 Demonstrate how to use spreadsheets.

#### **Performance indicator:**

**ALL** learners will be able to perform addition calculations in an MS Excel worksheet.

**SOME** learners will be able to perform addition and subtraction calculations in an MS Excel worksheet.

**FEW** learners will be able to perform addition, subtraction, and multiplication calculations in an MS Excel worksheet.

**Indicator:** B6.5.3.1.3 Perform calculations in an MS Excel worksheet.

#### **Core competencies:**

- I. Creativity and innovation
- 2. Communication and collaboration
- 3. Cultural identity and global citizenship
- **4.** Personal development and leadership
- 5. Digital literacy

Key words: workbook, addition, sum, subtract, multiply, divide

#### In this task:

**The teacher should** demonstrate how to perform calculations in an MS Excel worksheet using the worksheet guidance notes and the section in the Learner's Book on how to perform calculations in an MS Excel worksheet.

**Learners should** use the worksheet guidance notes and the section in the Learner's Book on how to perform calculations in an MS Excel worksheet.

# **Resources required**

Learner's Book pages 86-87

# On CD

• Worksheet Task 15\_B6.5.3.1.3 Perform calculations in MS Excel.xlsx.

### Phase I: Start of task

Give learners access to the spreadsheet **Worksheet Task 15\_B6.5.3.1.3 Perform calculations in MS Excel.xlsx.** Explain what learners need to do and that their scores will be shown automatically once they have completed working in the spreadsheet itself. Learners can progress at their own pace.

### Phase 2: Main

Allow learners to watch the video or refer to the Learner's Book section on performing calculations in MS Excel to see how to carry out the calculations in the worksheet: https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=BY8nX0CLIpU

Learners complete Worksheet Task 15\_B6.5.3.1.3 Perform calculations in MS Excel.xlsx.

### Phase 3: End of task

Check answers at the end of the task. Ask learners to indicate whether they got it right and if not, where they thought they went wrong and how they could do the calculations right next time.

## **Extension activity**

Ask learners to attempt Activity 5.6 in the Learner's Book and to share their answers with their peers in their groups.

#### Answers

## Activity 5.6

Learner's Book page 85

The completed spreadsheet for this activity should look like exactly the spreadsheet example in the Learner's Book. Learners must name their saved spreadsheet Fried Plantains.

#### Task 16 of 20

Sub-strand 2: Introduction to electronic spreadsheet (tabs and ribbons manipulation)

<b>Content standard:</b> B6.5.1.1 Demonstrate how to use spreadsheets.	<b>Indicator:</b> B6.5.3.1.4 Modify an MS Excel worksheet. B6.5.3.1.5 Modify the appearance of data within a worksheet.
<ul> <li>Performance indicator:</li> <li>ALL learners will be able to modify an MS Excel worksheet and the appearance of some data within a worksheet.</li> <li>SOME learners will be able to modify an MS Excel worksheet and the appearance of most data within a worksheet.</li> <li>FEW learners will be able to modify an MS Excel worksheet and the appearance of data within a worksheet.</li> </ul>	<ol> <li>Core competencies:</li> <li>Creativity and innovation</li> <li>Communication and collaboration</li> <li>Cultural identity and global citizenship</li> <li>Personal development and leadership</li> <li>Digital literacy</li> </ol>

Key words: delete, cut, insert, hide, format, align, replace

#### In this task:

**The teacher should** demonstrate how to do a few modifications in an MS Excel worksheet. Divide the class into seven groups to prepare for Teach Backs on how to modify an MS Excel spreadsheet using the groups on the Home tab. Evaluation criteria will be given as well.

Learners should prepare their assigned topic for the Teach Back tasks over the next two tasks.

# On CD

Worksheet Task 16\_B6.5.3.1.5 Evaluation sheet\_Modify MS Excel worksheets.pdf

### Phase I: Start of task

Divide the class into seven groups. Assign one topic to each group: Clipboard, Font, Alignment, Number, Styles, Cells, Editing

### Phase 2: Main

Allow learners to research how to carry out the tasks for their topic by referring to the Learner's Book and to use any YouTube online videos or resources they find.

Ensure that learners have access to all the resources they need to prepare properly for their Teach Backs over the next two tasks.

Give them a copy of the **Worksheet Task 16\_B6.5.3.1.5 Evaluation sheet\_Modify MS Excel worksheets.pdf.** Remind learners to think about the evaluation criteria as they are preparing for their Teach Backs. They will be awarded ONE point for each criterion that is fully met.

### Phase 3: End of task

Ensure all learners are fully prepared for their Teach Backs during the next two tasks.

### Task 17 of 20

Sub-strand 2: Introduction to electronic spreadsheet (tabs and ribbons manipulation)

Performance indicator:Core competencies:ALL learners will be able to modify an MS Excel worksheet and the appearance of some data within a worksheet.I. Creativity and innovationSOME learners will be able to modify an MS Excel worksheet and the appearance of most data within a worksheet.Some competencies:Some learners will be able to modify an MS Excel worksheet and the appearance of most data within a worksheet.Some competencies:Some learners will be able to modify an MS Excel worksheet and the appearance of most dataSome competencies:Some learners will be able to modify an MS Excel worksheet and the appearance of most dataSome competencies:Some learners will be able to modify an MS Excel worksheet.Some competencies:Some learners will be able to modify an MS Excel worksheet.Some competencies:Some learners will be able to modify an MS Excel worksheet.Some competencies:Some learners will be able to modify an MS Excel worksheet.Some competencies:Some learners will be able to modify an MS Excel worksheet.Some competencies:Some learners will be able to modify an MS Excel worksheet.Some competencies:Some learners will be able to modify an MS Excel worksheet.Some competencies:Some learners will be able to modify an MS Excel worksheet.Some competencies:Some learners will be able to modify an MS Excel worksheet.Some competencies:Some learners will be able to modify an MS Excel worksheet.Some competencies:Some learners will be able to modify an MS Excel worksheet.Some competencies: <td< th=""><th><b>Content standard:</b> B6.5.1.1 Demonstrate how to use spreadsheets.</th><th><b>Indicator:</b> B6.5.3.1.4 Modify an MS Excel worksheet. B6.5.3.1.5 Modify the appearance of data within a worksheet.</th></td<>	<b>Content standard:</b> B6.5.1.1 Demonstrate how to use spreadsheets.	<b>Indicator:</b> B6.5.3.1.4 Modify an MS Excel worksheet. B6.5.3.1.5 Modify the appearance of data within a worksheet.
<b>FEW</b> learners will be able to modify an MS Excel worksheet and the appearance of data within a	<ul> <li>Performance indicator:</li> <li>ALL learners will be able to modify an MS Excel worksheet and the appearance of some data within a worksheet.</li> <li>SOME learners will be able to modify an MS Excel worksheet and the appearance of most data within a worksheet.</li> <li>FEW learners will be able to modify an MS Excel worksheet and the appearance of data within a worksheet.</li> </ul>	<ol> <li>Core competencies:</li> <li>Creativity and innovation</li> <li>Communication and collaboration</li> <li>Cultural identity and global citizenship</li> <li>Personal development and leadership</li> <li>Digital literacy</li> </ol>

Key words: delete, cut, insert, hide, format, align, replace

#### In this task:

**The teacher should** ensure the classroom is ready for learners to deliver their Teach Backs during this task.

**Learners should** deliver their Teach Backs during this task and when they are not delivering, they should be evaluating the other groups who are delivering.

Learner's Book page 85

# On CD

• Worksheet Task 16\_B6.5.3.1.5 Evaluation sheet\_Modify MS Excel worksheets.pdf

#### Phase I: Start of task

Ensure that the first three or four groups are ready to do their Teach Backs during this task.

#### Phase 2: Main

Allow the first three or four groups to do their Teach Backs during this task.

Remind learners to use the **Worksheet Task 16\_B6.5.3.1.5 Evaluation sheet\_Modify MS Excel worksheets.pdf** to evaluate each group as they are delivering their Teach Backs.

They should award one point for each criterion that is fully met.

Phase 3: End of task

Task 18 of 20

Ensure that the last three or four groups of learners are also fully prepared for their Teach Backs during the next task.

Sub-strand 2: Introduction to electronic spreadsheet	t (tabs and ribbons manipulation)					
<b>Content standard:</b> B6.5.1.1 Demonstrate how to use spreadsheet.pdf	<b>Indicator:</b> B6.5.3.1.4 Modify an MS Excel worksheet. B6.5.3.1.5 Modify the appearance of data within a worksheet.					
<ul> <li>Performance indicator:</li> <li>ALL learners will be able to modify an MS Excel worksheet and the appearance of some data within a worksheet.</li> <li>SOME learners will be able to modify an MS Excel worksheet and the appearance of most data within a worksheet</li> </ul>	<ol> <li>Core competencies:</li> <li>Creativity and innovation</li> <li>Communication and collaboration</li> <li>Cultural identity and global citizenship</li> <li>Personal development and leadership</li> <li>Digital literacy</li> </ol>					

Key words: delete, cut, insert, hide, format, align, replace

**FEW** learners will be able to modify an MS Excel worksheet and the appearance of data within a

#### In this task:

worksheet.

**The teacher should** ensure the classroom is ready for learners to deliver their Teach Backs during this task.

**Learners should** deliver their Teach Backs during this task and when they are not delivering, they should be evaluating the other groups who are delivering.

# On CD

Worksheet Task 16\_B6.5.3.1.5 Evaluation sheet\_Modify MS Excel worksheets.pdf

### Phase I: Start of task

Ensure that the last three or four groups are ready to do their Teach Backs during this task.

### Phase 2: Main

Allow the last three or four groups of learners to do their Teach Backs during this task.

Remind learners to evaluate each group as they are delivering their Teach Backs.

They should award ONE point for each criterion that is fully met. They continue to do their evaluations on **Worksheet Task 16\_B6.5.3.1.5 Evaluation sheet\_Modify MS Excel worksheets.pdf.** 

### Phase 3: End of task

Praise the learners for their efforts and ask them to reflect on how they believe their Teach Backs could have been delivered better next time.

Sub-strand 2: Introduction to electronic spreadsheet (tabs and ribbons manipulation)Content standard: B6.5.1.1 Demonstrate how to use spreadsheets.Indicator: B6.5.3.1.6 Manage MS Excel worksheets.Performance indicator: ALL learners will be able to manage MS Excel worksheets by renaming.Core competencies: 1. Creativity and innovation 2. Communication and collaboration 3. Cultural identity and global citizenship 4. Personal development and leadership 5. Digital literacy	Task 19 of 20			
Content standard: B6.5.1.1 Demonstrate how to use spreadsheets.Indicator: B6.5.3.1.6 Manage MS Excel worksheets.Performance indicator:Core competencies:ALL learners will be able to manage MS Excel worksheets by renaming.Core ativity and innovationSOME learners will be able to manage MS Excel worksheets by storing in folders.Cultural identity and global citizenshipFEW learners will be able to manage MS Excel worksheets by renaming and storing in folders.Digital literacy	Sub-strand 2: Introduction to electronic spreadsheet (tabs and ribbons manipulation)			
Performance indicator:Core competencies:ALL learners will be able to manage MS Excel worksheets by renaming.I. Creativity and innovationSOME learners will be able to manage MS Excel worksheets by storing in folders.I. Creativity and innovationFEW learners will be able to manage MS Excel worksheets by renaming and storing in folders.J. Cultural identity and global citizenshipFEW learners will be able to manage MS Excel worksheets by renaming and storing in folders.J. Digital literacy	<b>Content standard:</b> B6.5.1.1 Demonstrate how to use spreadsheets.	Indicator: B6.5.3.1.6 Manage MS Excel worksheets.		
	<ul> <li>Performance indicator:</li> <li>ALL learners will be able to manage MS Excel worksheets by renaming.</li> <li>SOME learners will be able to manage MS Excel worksheets by storing in folders.</li> <li>FEW learners will be able to manage MS Excel worksheets by renaming and storing in folders.</li> </ul>	<ol> <li>Core competencies:</li> <li>Creativity and innovation</li> <li>Communication and collaboration</li> <li>Cultural identity and global citizenship</li> <li>Personal development and leadership</li> <li>Digital literacy</li> </ol>		

### Key words: rename

### In this task:

The teacher should demonstrate how to rename worksheets and store them in folders.

**Learners should** create short videos or movies using Windows tools, such as Photos to create short movies or use their mobile phones to create short videos on how to manage MS Excel worksheets.

# **Resources required**

Learner's Book pages 83-86

# On CD

Worksheet Task I9\_B6.5.3.1.6 Assessment\_Manage MS Excel workbook video.pdf

### Phase I: Start of task

Learners should work in pairs or groups of three to create short videos or movies on how to rename worksheets and to store in folders for retrieval later.

#### Phase 2: Main

Suggest that learners could create videos using their mobile phones but would need to prepare a script about what they were going to say whilst demonstrating.

If learners choose to create movies, they could use Windows Photos and save some pictures to drag and drop onto the storyboard. Remind them to create a title for the movie and to end it with credits. Give them copies of **Worksheet Task I9\_B6.5.3.1.6 Assessment\_Manage MS Excel workbook video.pdf** so that they know how their videos will be evaluated.

#### Phase 3: End of task

Praise the learners for their efforts and ask them to reflect on how they believe their video or movie could be delivered better next time.

### Task 20 of 20

Sub-strand 2: Introduction to electronic spreadsheet (tabs and ribbons manipulation)

<b>Content standard:</b> B6.5.1.1 Demonstrate how to use spreadsheets.	<b>Indicator:</b> B6.5.3.1.7 Print the content of an MS Excel worksheet.
<ul> <li>Performance indicator:</li> <li>ALL learners will be able to print the content of an MS Excel worksheet.</li> <li>SOME learners will be able to print the content of an MS Excel worksheet.</li> <li>FEW learners will be able to print the content of an MS Excel worksheet.</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Core competencies:</li> <li>1. Creativity and innovation</li> <li>2. Communication and collaboration</li> <li>3. Cultural identity and global citizenship</li> <li>4. Personal development and leadership</li> <li>5. Digital literacy</li> </ul>

Key words: print preview, page setup, grid

#### In this task:

**The teacher should** demonstrate how to prepare an MS Excel worksheet for printing by using the Print command in the Page Setup tab.

**Learners should** watch the presentation demonstration and refer to their Learner's Book in order to prepare their worksheet for printing as an MS Excel worksheet.

# **Resources required**

Learner's Book pages 83-86

## On CD

- Presentation Task 20\_B6.5.3.1.7 Print MS Excel worksheet.pptx
- Worksheet Task 14\_B6.5.3.1.2 Create MS Excel workbooks.pdf

#### Phase I: Start of task

Demonstrate using the Presentation Task 20\_B6.5.3. I.7 Print MS Excel worksheet.pptx.

#### Phase 2: Main

Learners should open their spreadsheets from **Worksheet Task 14\_B6.5.3.1.2 Creating MS Excel workbooks.pdf** and prepare it for printing.

They should hand their printed MS Excel worksheets to you.

### Phase 3: End of task

Ask learners to use all the key words in the task on spreadsheets to create a Wordle or word cloud.

## **Extension activity**

Arrange learners into small mixed ability groups of three or four so that they can work collaboratively on Activity 5.7 in the Learner's Book.

### Answers

## Activity 5.7

Learner's Book pages 85–86

Learners' spreadsheets should look like the example on page 86 of the Learner's Book.

# **Check your progress**

- I. a) Database: An organised collection of data
  - b) Table: A collection of records holding data arranged in fields
  - c) Query: A question asked to find information from table(s) of data in a database
  - d) Sort: To re-arrange data in a table e.g. sorting the table by date, numbers or alphabetically
  - e) Field: One piece of data in a database table. Fields are stored in columns in the table.
  - f) Record: All the data about one person or thing held in a database row
  - g) Primary key: A unique field where data is of one kind. To query more than one table at the same time, in a relational database, every table must have a key field.
  - h) Foreign key: A key field when it appears in a different table
- **2.** =AVERAGE(F7.F27)
- 3. To wrap text in a spreadsheet means that instead of text overflowing into the next cell, you can make it stay in one cell only by wrapping it around, just as it does at the end of a row in a word processor.

To wrap text, click in the cell to make it the active cell then, on the Home tab, click Alignment, then Wrap text.

## Introduction

In this strand, you can expect to cover many different topics ranging from networks to web browsers and the World Wide Web.

Tasks in Strand 6 are covered in 10 sub-strands as follows:

- Networks and how the internet works
- Web browsers and web pages, including home pages, favourites and hyperlinks
- Surfing the World Wide Web, including creating favourites, search engines and smart search engines
- Favourite place and search engines, including how to handle search results
- Using online forms, including working online, offline and downloading files and folders
- Customising your browser, including how to set default search engines, home pages, apps, add-ons
   and plug-ins
- Electronic mail including creating and using different email accounts
- Internet of Things (IoT), including its purpose, examples, components and the role of sensors in the IoT
- Digital literacy, including digital safety and describing personal and private information
- Digital literacy, including defining what a digital footprint is and the application of netiquette.

#### Task I of 47

Sub-strand I: Network overview

**Content standard:** B6.6.1.1 Demonstrate how to network computers.

#### **Performance indicator:**

**ALL** learners will be able to give some examples of facilities the internet offers.

**SOME** learners will be able to give many examples of facilities the internet offers.

**FEW** learners will be able to give a lot of examples of facilities the internet offers.

**Indicator:** B6.6.1.1.1 Give examples of facilities the internet offers.

#### **Core competencies:**

- I. Creativity and innovation
- 2. Communication and collaboration
- 3. Cultural identity and global citizenship
- 4. Personal development and leadership
- 5. Digital literacy

Key words: email, www, ftp, smtp, https, VoIP, http, protocols

#### In this task:

**The teacher should** refer to the Learner's Book for information and definitions of the different types of facilities offered by the internet (protocols) and assist learners to answer the worksheet questions.

**Learners should** refer to the Learner's Book and use the internet to find more information to answer the questions in the worksheet.

Learner's Book page 92

## **On CD**

• Worksheet Task I\_B6.6.I.I.I Internet facilities (protocols).pdf

#### Phase I: Start of task

In pairs, discuss: True or False: You can find information about everything on the internet.

#### Phase 2: Main

Refer to the Learner's Book for more information about the different facilities offered by internet protocols, such as email, web addresses, secure web addresses, voice over internet protocol (VoIP), and file transfer protocol (FTP).

Learners complete Worksheet Task I\_B6.6.1.1.1 Internet facilities (protocols).pdf.

#### Phase 3: End of task

Learners share their newspaper headlines with the class and discuss which ones are the most appropriate.

## **Answers to Task I worksheet**

## Task I.I

Answers will vary.

#### Task I.2

- I. ftp: File transfer protocol issued for transferring large files.
- 2. http: Web page addresses start with http and they transfer web pages from the servers where they are stored to clients requesting information in those web pages.
- **3.** IP: All devices on the internet have a unique IP (internet protocol) address from which they can send and receive Information.
- 4. SMTP or POP3: SMTP is used to send emails and POP3 is used to receive emails.
- 5. VoIP: Voice over Internet protocol allows voice conversations to go over the internet.
- 6. https: This protocol secures web addresses by using encryption.

#### Task I.3

Answers will vary.

#### Task 2 of 47

Sub-strand I: Network overview

**Content standard:** B6.6.1.1 Demonstrate how to network computers.

#### **Performance indicator:**

**ALL** learners will be able to describe some types of information available on the internet.

**SOME** learners will be able to describe most of the types of information available on the internet.

**FEW** learners will be able to describe many types of information available on the internet.

**Indicator:** B6.6.1.1.2 Describe the types of information available on the internet.

#### **Core competencies:**

- I. Creativity and innovation
- 2. Communication and collaboration
- 3. Cultural identity and global citizenship
- 4. Personal development and leadership
- 5. Digital literacy

**Key words:** educational, financial, entertainment, manufacturing, geographical, scientific, legal, governmental, transport, shopping

#### In this task:

**The teacher should** refer to the Learner's Book for information and definitions of the different types of facilities offered by internet protocols and assist learners to answer the worksheet questions.

**Learners should** refer to the Learner's Book and use the internet to find more information to answer the questions in the worksheet.

# **Resources required**

Learner's Book page 93

## **On CD**

Worksheet Task 2\_B6.6.1.1.2 Types of information available on the internet.pdf

#### Phase I: Start of task

Divide the class into small groups or pairs. Give each group or pair of learners a flash card with a key word and **Worksheet Task 2\_B6.6.1.1.2 Types of information available on the internet.pdf**. They should use the mind map to brainstorm all the different types of information they could find on their topic by using the internet (Worksheet Task 2.1).

#### Phase 2: Main

Learners refer to the Learner's Book for more information about the different types of information found on the internet.

#### Phase 3: End of task

In pairs, learners discuss whether they should trust all the information they find on the internet (Worksheet Task 2.3).

## **Extension activity**

Learners can work in pairs to discuss the question in the extension activity (Task 2.3) on the worksheet.

### **Answers to Task 2 worksheet**

#### Task 2. I Answers will vary.

#### Task 2.2

- 1. A computational search engine is a facility that uses the information from different websites to compute an answer to a question you pose in the computational search engine. An example is Wolfram Alpha. It can solve algebraic problems, chemical equations, find differences between things, etc.
- 2. According to some sources of information on the internet, there are cures for some types of cancer but there are not any cures for all types of cancers.
- 3. NASA experts say from 2040.
- 4. Yes, according to mediums who communicate with departed loved ones.

#### Task 2.3 (Extension)

Anyone can publish information on the World Wide Web, therefore it should not be trusted too readily. There is a lot of fake news out there.

### Task 3 of 47

Sub-strand I: Network overview

**Content standard:** B6.6.1.1 Demonstrate how to network computers.

#### **Performance indicator:**

**ALL** learners will be able to identify some examples of data duplication.

**SOME** learners will be able to identify most examples of data duplication.

**FEW** learners will be able to identify data duplication.

Indicator: B6.6.1.1.2 Identify data duplication.

#### **Core competencies:**

- I. Creativity and innovation
- 2. Communication and collaboration
- 3. Cultural identity and global citizenship
- 4. Personal development and leadership
- 5. Digital literacy

Key words: data duplication, data deduplication, storage

#### In this task:

**The teacher should** refer to the Learner's Book for information on data duplication and assist learners to answer the worksheet questions.

**Learners should** refer to the Learner's Book and use the internet to find more information to answer the questions in the worksheet.

## **Resources required**

Learner's Book pages 93-94

## On CD

Worksheet Task 3\_B6.6.1.1.3 Identify data duplication.pdf

#### Phase I: Start of task

Allow learners to do Task 3.1 of the worksheet. Discuss the answers with them before proceeding to Task 3.2.

#### Phase 2: Main

Refer to the Learner's Book for more information about data duplication. Learners complete the tasks on use **Worksheet Task 3\_B6.6.1.1.3 Identify data duplication.pdf**.

#### Phase 3: End of task

In pairs, learners discuss the reasons, in computing terms, why it is important to identify duplicated data.

#### **Answers to Task 3 worksheet**

#### Task 3. I

- I. False
- 2. True
- **3. a)** If a packet of sweets is in the cupboard, you cannot use it outside the cupboard at the same time; it is either in the cupboard or out the cupboard.
  - **b)** If you have one item in your Pictures folder on the computer, you can still see a duplicate of the same files when it is outside the Pictures folder, for example in a document.

### Task 3.3

Suggested answer:

Having duplicate data could lead to data inaccuracies, for example if there are different addresses for the same person. Search engines will not know which version to list for you to read.

#### Task 4 of 47

Sub-strand I: Network overview

**Content standard:** B6.6.1.1 Demonstrate how to network computers.

#### **Performance indicator:**

**ALL** learners will be able to outline some of what one needs to connect to the internet.

**SOME** learners will be able to outline most of what one needs to connect to the internet.

**FEW** learners will be able to outline what one needs to connect to the internet.

**Indicator:** B6.6.1.1.4 Outline what one needs to connect to the internet.

#### **Core competencies:**

- I. Creativity and innovation
- 2. Communication and collaboration
- 3. Cultural identity and global citizenship
- 4. Personal development and leadership
- 5. Digital literacy

**Key words:** Ethernet cabling, router, internet service provider (ISP), laptop, desktop computer, tablet, smart phone

#### In this task:

**The teacher should** refer to the Learner's Book for information and definitions of the different types of facilities offered by internet protocols and assist learners to answer the worksheet questions.

**Learners should** refer to the Learner's Book and use the internet to find more information to answer the questions in the worksheet.

# **Resources required**

Learner's Book page 94

# On CD

Worksheet Task 4\_B6.6.1.1.4 Connect to the internet.pdf

#### Phase I: Start of task

Ask learners to attempt Task 4.1 of the worksheet.

#### Phase 2: Main

Learners can refer to the Learner's Book for more information on how to connect devices to the internet. They should complete the remaining tasks on **Worksheet Task 4\_B6.6.1.1.4 Connect to the internet.pdf.** 

#### Phase 3: End of task

Allow the learners to work in pairs and use their personal hotspot to share their internet connection (just to show how it's done).

Discuss how far or close one should be for a Bluetooth connection to work and for a hotspot connection to work.

## **Answers to Task 4 worksheet**

#### Task 4. I

- I. False
- 2. False
- 3. False
- 4. True

Task 4.2 Answers will vary.

Task 5 of 47			
Sub-strand 2: Web browsers and web pages			
<b>Content standard:</b> B6.6.2.1 Demonstrate the use of a web browser. <b>Indicator:</b> B6.6.2.1.4 Identify the address or window.			
<ul> <li>Performance indicator:</li> <li>ALL learners will be able to identify part of the address or links window.</li> <li>SOME learners will be able to identify most of the address or links window.</li> <li>FEW learners will be able to identify the address or links window.</li> </ul>	<ol> <li>Core competencies:</li> <li>Creativity and innovation</li> <li>Communication and collaboration</li> <li>Cultural identity and global citizenship</li> <li>Personal development and leadership</li> <li>Digital literacy</li> </ol>		
Key words: uniform resource locator (URL), web address, web link, IP address			

#### In this task:

**The teacher should** refer to the Learner's Book for information about web address structure and assist learners to answer the worksheet questions.

**Learners should refer** to the Learner's Book and use the internet to find more information about web address structure to answer the questions in the worksheet.

## **Resources required**

Learner's Book pages 98-99

## On CD

Worksheet Task 5\_B6.6.1.1.5 Web addresses and links.pdf

# **Identify address or links window**

#### Phase I: Start of task

Ask learners to complete Task 5.1 of **Worksheet Task 5\_B6.6.1.1.5 Web addresses and links.pdf.** Briefly discuss how they will learn about the web addresses and links in this task.

#### Phase 2: Main

Learners use this link to Khan Academy's video on how the internet works to get an idea about web addresses here: https://www.khanacademy.org/computing/computer-science/internet-intro/internet-works-intro/v/ the-internet-ip-addresses-and-dns

Ask learners to complete the questions on Worksheet Task 5\_B6.6.1.1.5 Web addresses and links.pdf.

## Phase 3: End of task

Allow learners to complete as many tasks on the worksheet as possible.

## **Answers to Task 5 worksheet**

## Task 5. I

I. 🔽

https://www.ug.edu.gh

••• 🖂 🕸	
---------	--

- 2. To type in the address of the website you want to visit.
- 3. It shows the address of the website you are on.

## Task 6 of 47

Sub-strand 2: Web browsers and web pages

**Content standard:** B6.6.2. I Demonstrate the use of a web browser.

## Performance indicator:

**ALL** learners will be able to recognise the status bar and list some of its uses.

**SOME** learners will be able to recognise the status bar and list most of its uses.

**FEW** learners will be able to recognise the status bar and list its use.

**Indicator:** B6.6.2.1.2 Recognise the status bar and list its use.

## Core competencies:

- I. Creativity and innovation
- 2. Communication and collaboration
- 3. Cultural identity and global citizenship
- 4. Personal development and leadership
- 5. Digital literacy

Key words: status bar, customise, word count, page number

## In this task:

**The teacher should** refer to the Learner's Book for information about recognising the status bar and assist learners to answer the worksheet questions.

**Learners should** refer to the Learner's Book and use the internet to find more information about the status bar and to answer the questions in the worksheet.

# **Resources required**

# On CD

Worksheet Task 6\_B6.6.1.1.6 The status bar and its uses.pdf

## Phase I: Start of task

Ask learners to refer to the Learner's Book section on the Status bar and to work through the tasks in the worksheet.

Learner's Book page 95

#### Phase 2: Main

Learners should then follow the instructions in **Worksheet Task 6\_B6.6.1.1.6 The status bar and its uses.pdf** for the remainder of this task.

### Phase 3: End of task

Allow the learners to complete as many tasks in the worksheet as possible.

## **Extension activity**

Allow learners to work in pairs or mixed ability small groups to complete Task 6.3 on **Worksheet Task** 6\_B6.6.1.1.6 The status bar and its uses.pdf.

#### **Answers to Task 6 worksheet**

#### Task 6. I

A status bar is a horizontal bar, usually at the bottom of the screen or window, that shows information about a document that is open or a program that is running

#### Task 6.2

The status bar can give the information about the number of words, cursor position and other elements such as the quick access toolbar.

Task 7 of 47	
Sub-strand 2: Web browsers and web pages	
<b>Content standard:</b> B6.6.2. I Demonstrate the use of a web browser.	<b>Indicator:</b> B6.6.2.1.3 Illustrate using Help buttons.
<ul> <li>Performance indicator:</li> <li>ALL learners will be able to illustrate using some Help buttons.</li> <li>SOME learners will be able to illustrate using most Help buttons.</li> <li>FEW learners will be able to illustrate using</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Core competencies:</li> <li>I. Creativity and innovation</li> <li>2. Communication and collaboration</li> <li>3. Cultural identity and global citizenship</li> <li>4. Personal development and leadership</li> <li>5. Digital literacy</li> </ul>

Key words: help button, apply theme, use the dictate button

#### In this task:

**The teacher should** refer to the Learner's Book for information about using the Help button and assist learners to answer the worksheet questions.

**Learners should** refer to the Learner's Book and use the internet to find more information about using the Help button to answer the questions in the worksheet.

Learner's Book pages 95-96

# On CD

• Worksheet Task 7\_B6.6.1.1.7 Using the Help button.pdf

### Phase I: Start of task

Ask learners to use their Learner's Book in the section on using the Help button and to work through the tasks in the worksheet.

### Phase 2: Main

Ask learners to complete the questions on Worksheet Task 7\_B6.6.1.1.7 Using the Help button.pdf.

### Phase 3: End of task

Allow the learners to complete as many tasks on the worksheet as possible.

## **Extension activity**

Ask the more able learners to attempt Activity 6.1 in the Learner's Book.

### Task 8 of 47

Sub-strand 2: Web browsers and web pages

<b>Content standard:</b> B6.6.2.1 Demonstrate the use of a web browser.	<b>Indicator:</b> B6.6.2.1.4 Recognise the Internet Explorer speed keys.
<ul> <li>Performance indicator:</li> <li>ALL learners will be able to recognise some of the Internet Explorer speed keys.</li> <li>SOME learners will be able to recognise most of the Internet Explorer speed keys.</li> <li>FEW learners will be able to recognise the Internet Explorer speed keys.</li> </ul>	<ol> <li>Core competencies:</li> <li>Creativity and innovation</li> <li>Communication and collaboration</li> <li>Cultural identity and global citizenship</li> <li>Personal development and leadership</li> <li>Digital literacy</li> </ol>

Key words: speed keys, shortcut keys, Internet Explorer, Search keys, Zoom keys

### In this task:

**The teacher should** refer to the Learner's Book for information about Internet Explorer speed keys and assist learners to answer the worksheet questions.

**Learners should** refer to the Learner's Book and use the internet to find more information about Internet Explorer speed keys to answer the questions in the worksheet.

Learner's Book page 97

# On CD

Worksheet Task 8\_B6.6.2.1.4 Internet Explorer speed keys.pdf

### Phase I: Start of task

Ask learners to use their Learner's Book section on Internet Explorer speed keys.

### Phase 2: Main

Ask learners to complete the questions on Worksheet Task 8\_B6.6.2.1.4 Internet Explorer speed keys.pdf.

### Phase 3: End of task

Allow learners to complete as many tasks on the worksheet as possible.

## **Extension activity**

Arrange learners into mixed ability groups so they can collaborate when they attempt to do Activity 6.2 in the Learner's Book.

## Answers

## Activity 6.2

Learner's Book page 97

- I. Ctrl+F+N
- 2. Alt+Enter
- 3. Alt+Z
- 4. Alt+A

## Task 9 of 47

Sub-strand 2: Web browsers and web pages

**Content standard:** B6.6.2. I Demonstrate the use of a web browser.

### **Performance indicator:**

**ALL** learners will be able to recognise some uniform resource locators (URLs).

**SOME** learners will be able to recognise most uniform resource locators (URLs).

**FEW** learners will be able to recognise many uniform resource locators (URLs).

**Indicator:** B6.6.2.1.5 Recognise uniform resource locators (URLs).

### **Core competencies:**

- I. Creativity and innovation
- 2. Communication and collaboration
- 3. Cultural identity and global citizenship
- **4.** Personal development and leadership
- 5. Digital literacy

Key words: uniform resource locator (URL), properties, location

### In this task:

**The teacher should** refer to the Learner's Book for information about uniform resource locators (URLs) and assist learners to answer the worksheet questions.

**Learners should** refer to the Learner's Book and use the internet to find more information about uniform resource locators (URLs) to answer the questions in the worksheet.

# **Resources required**

Learner's Book pages 98-99

## On CD

• Worksheet Task 9\_B6.6.2.1.5 Recognise uniform resource locators.pdf

### Phase I: Start of task

Ask learners to use the section on understanding uniform resource locators (URLs) their Learner's Book on pages 98–99.

### Phase 2: Main

Ask learners to complete the questions on **Worksheet Task 9\_B6.6.2.1.5 Recognise uniform resource locators.pdf**.

### Phase 3: End of task

Allow the learners to complete as many tasks on the worksheet as possible.

## **Extension activity**

You can let the more able learners complete the worksheet Task 9.3.

## **Answers to Task 9 worksheet**

Task 9. I

- I. This URL is used to point to the meaning of a URL property.
- 2. I would expect it to return information on a search for something related to the meaning and properties of URL.

## Task 9.2

С

### Task 9.3

The property of the URL in the second case points to where to find the image of the brown cat that will be in an unordered list.

Task 10 of 47	
Sub-strand 2: Web browsers and web pages	
<b>Content standard:</b> B6.6.2. I Demonstrate the use of a web browser.	<b>Indicator:</b> B6.6.2.1.6 Demonstrate how to return to a URL.

### Performance indicator:

**ALL** learners will be able to demonstrate how to return to a URL.

**SOME** learners will be able to demonstrate how to return to more URLs.

**FEW** learners will be able to demonstrate how to return to many URLs.

Key words: open URLs, close URLs, return to URLs

### In this task:

**The teacher should** refer to the Learner's Book for information about Internet Explorer speed keys and assist learners to answer the worksheet questions.

**Learners should** refer to the Learner's Book and use the internet to find more information about Internet Explorer speed keys to answer the questions in the worksheet.

# **Resources required**

## On CD

Worksheet Task 10\_B6.6.2.1.4 Demonstrate how to return to a URL.pdf

#### Phase I: Start of task

Ask learners to complete Task 10.1 on **Worksheet Task 10\_B6.6.2.1.4 Demonstrate how to return to a URL.pdf.** 

#### Phase 2: Main

Ask learners to complete the remaining tasks on the worksheet, using their mobile phone video recorders or tablets.

#### Phase 3: End of task

Learners share their short videos with one another other and give constructive feedback.

### **Extension activity**

Arrange learners in pairs to collaborate and peer-review each other's work in Activity 6.3 in the Learner's Book.

#### Answers

#### Activity 6.3

Learner's Book page 100

Learner's Book page 99

The aim of this activity is to get students searching within a site, rather than searching the internet as a whole.

#### **Core competencies:**

- I. Creativity and innovation
- 2. Communication and collaboration
- 3. Cultural identity and global citizenship
- **4.** Personal development and leadership
- 5. Digital literacy

### Task II of 47

Sub-strand 2: Web browsers and web pages

**Content standard:** B6.6.2. I Demonstrate the use of a web browser.

**Indicator:** B6.6.2.1.7 Show how to find items on a page.

#### Performance indicator:

**ALL** learners will be able to show how to find some items on a page.

**SOME** learners will be able to show how to find most items on a page.

**FEW** learners will be able to show how to find items on a page.

Core competencies:

- I. Creativity and innovation
- 2. Communication and collaboration
- 3. Cultural identity and global citizenship
- 4. Personal development and leadership
- 5. Digital literacy

**Key words:** horizontal navigation bar, vertical navigation bar, search box, drop-down lists, audio icons, video icons, marquees, hyperlinks, contact us, virtual assistants, FAQ

#### In this task:

**The teacher should** refer to the Learner's Book for information about how to find items on a page and assist learners to answer the worksheet questions.

**Learners should** refer to the Learner's Book and use the internet to research how to find items on a page to answer the questions in the worksheet.

## **Resources required**

Learner's Book pages 99-100

## On CD

Worksheet Task II\_B6.6.2.1.7 How to find items on a page.pdf

**Phase I:** Start of task Learners do Task II.I of the worksheet.

#### Phase 2: Main

Ask learners to complete Task 11.2 of Worksheet Task 11\_B6.6.2.1.7 How to find items on a page.pdf.

#### Phase 3: End of task

Allow the learners to complete Task 11.3 of the worksheet.

#### Task 12 of 47

Sub-strand 3: Surfing the World Wide Web

**Content standard:** B6.6.3.1 Demonstrate surfing the World Wide Web.

Indicator: B6.6.3.1.1 Recognise URLs.

## Performance indicator:

**ALL** learners will be able to recognise some types of URLs.

**SOME** learners will be able to recognise most types of URLS.

**FEW** learners will be able to recognise many types of URLs.

## Core competencies:

- I. Creativity and innovation
- 2. Communication and collaboration
- 3. Cultural identity and global citizenship
- 4. Personal development and leadership
- 5. Digital literacy

Key words: URL

## In this task:

**The teacher should** refer to the Learner's Book for information about recognising URLs and assist learners to answer the worksheet questions.

**Learners should** refer to the Learner's Book and use the internet to find more information about recognising URLs to answer the questions in the worksheet.

# **Resources required**

# On CD

Worksheet Task 12\_B6.6.3.1.1 Recognise URLs.pdf

### Phase I: Start of task

Learners do Task 12.1 on the worksheet.

### Phase 2: Main

Ask learners to complete the remaining questions on Worksheet Task 12\_B6.6.3.1.1 Recognise URLs.pdf.

### Phase 3: End of task

Allow the learners to complete Task 12.3 on the worksheet.

## **Answers to Task 12 worksheet**

### Task I2.I

- I. Hyperlinks are typically underlined and in blue. When you click on the hyperlink, it will take you to another web page.
- 2. The URL usually contains clues to the name of the website or to what type of website it is.

### Task 12.2

- I. https tells us that it is a secure website that uses encryption.
- 2. http tells us that this wiki has information stored on a network on the World Wide Web (www).
- 3. www tells us that it is on the World Wide Web (www).
- 4. .com tells us that it is the website of a company, probably based in the USA. If it was in France, it would have had .co.fr
- 5. /Find-the-URL-of-a-Website tells us that it is the section of the website where you can find the URL of a website.
- 6. /Find-the-URL-of-a-Website tells us that there may be more than one webpage to this website or wiki.
- 7. wikihow tells us the name of the company that maintains the website.

### Learner's Book pages 98–99

8. wikihow.com – tells us that this website is a wiki and that means that information on it can be changed or updated/edited by any visitors to this website.

#### Task 12.3

Use a search engine, such as Google or Yahoo, etc. Type in a keyword, 'professional football, Ghana' and press enter. On a football website, I would search for membership application details. Possibly fill in an online application form.

Task 13 of 47	
Sub-strand 3: Surfing the World Wide Web	
<b>Content standard:</b> B6.6.3. I Demonstrate surfing the World Wide Web.	<b>Indicator:</b> B6.6.3.1.2–5 Preparing for group presentations on demonstrating surfing the web.
Performance indicator:ALL learners will be able to demonstrate surfing the web.SOME learners will be able to demonstrate surfing the web.FEW learners will be able to demonstrate surfing the web.	<ol> <li>Core competencies:</li> <li>Creativity and innovation</li> <li>Communication and collaboration</li> <li>Cultural identity and global citizenship</li> <li>Personal development and leadership</li> <li>Digital literacy</li> </ol>

Key words: jump directory, surfing the web, return to a URL, show how to find items on a page

### In this task:

**The teacher should** refer to the Learner's Book for information about surfing the web. Divide learners into groups to prepare a chart for a Teach Back on their assigned topic.

Learners should prepare a chart to be used in a group Teach Back in the next four tasks.

# **Resources required**

Learner's Book pages 97-100

## On CD

• Evaluation criteria\_Teach Back Tasks 13-17\_B6.6.3.1.2-5.pdf

#### Phase I: Start of task

Divide learners into groups of three or four and assign a topic to each group. Some groups may have the same topic. Learners must prepare a chart that they will use to do a Teach Back during the next four tasks.

#### Phase 2: Main

Depending on the size of your class, you can assign one topic to two groups.

Groups	Торіс	Task
I and 4	How to jump directory to URLs	T
2 and 5	How to return to a URL	2

3 and 6	How to find items on a page	3
7 and 8	How to print pages	4

Learners must consider the procedure and the evaluation criteria found on the CD for the Teach Back during the next four tasks.

### **Evaluation criteria**

Criteria	Poor I mark	Satisfactory 2 marks	Good 3 marks	Excellent 4 marks
Correct and accurate				
Chart used to explain				
All group members participated				
Used images				
Answered questions from class				
Overall quality				
Total score				

### Phase 3: End of task

Check that the groups doing their Teach Backs in the next task are ready.

Task 14 of 47			
Sub-strand 3: Surfing the World Wide Web			
<b>Content standard:</b> B6.6.3. I Demonstrate surfing the World Wide Web.	<b>Indicator:</b> B6.6.3.1.2 Illustrate how to jump directory to a URL.		
<ul> <li>Performance indicator:</li> <li>ALL learners will be able to demonstrate surfing some of the web.</li> <li>SOME learners will be able to demonstrate surfing most of the web.</li> <li>FEW learners will be able to demonstrate surfing</li> </ul>	<ol> <li>Core competencies:</li> <li>Creativity and innovation</li> <li>Communication and collaboration</li> <li>Cultural identity and global citizenship</li> <li>Personal development and leadership</li> <li>Digital literacy</li> </ol>		

Key words: jump directory, surfing the web, return to a URL, show how to find items on a page

### In this task:

**The teacher should** allow all the groups presenting their Teach Backs for their session during this task to do so.

**Learners should** participate in their Teach Backs while those not presenting should participate by listening and asking relevant questions from the presenting groups.

# **Resources required**

Learner's Book pages 92-100

## **On CD**

• Evaluation criteria\_Teach Back Tasks 13-17\_B6.6.3.1.2-5.pdf

#### Phase I: Start of task

Set up the classroom to enable the groups presenting to be able to do so.

#### Phase 2: Main

Learners who are not presenting should be using the evaluation sheets found on the CD.

#### Phase 3: End of task

Ask learners who presented what they thought went well and what they would like to do better next time.

### Task 15 of 47

Sub-strand 3: Surfing the World Wide Web

<b>Content standard:</b> B6.6.3. I Demonstrate Surfing the World Wide Web.	<b>Indicator:</b> B6.6.3.1.3 Demonstrate how to return to a URL.
Performance indicator:	Core competencies:
<b>ALL</b> learners will be able to demonstrate how to return to a URL.	<ol> <li>Creativity and innovation</li> <li>Communication and collaboration</li> </ol>
<b>SOME</b> learners will be able to demonstrate how to return to some URLs.	<ol> <li>Cultural identity and global citizenship</li> <li>Personal development and leadership</li> </ol>
<b>FEW</b> learners will be able to demonstrate how to return to most URLs.	5. Digital literacy

Key words: jump directory, surfing the web, return to a URL, show how to find items on a page

#### In this task:

The teacher should allow all the groups presenting their Teach Backs for this task to do so.

**Learners should** participate in their Teach Backs while those not presenting should participate by listening and asking relevant questions from the presenting groups.

Learner's Book page 99

## **On CD**

• Evaluation criteria\_Teach Back Tasks I3-I7\_B6.6.3.I.2-5.pdf

#### Phase I: Start of task

Set up the classroom to enable the groups presenting to be able to do so.

#### Phase 2: Main

Learners who are not presenting should be using the evaluation sheets found on the CD.

#### Phase 3: End of task

Ask learners who presented what they thought went well and what they would they would like to do better next time.

Task 16 of 47			
Sub-strand 3: Surfing the World Wide Web			
<b>Content standard:</b> B6.6.3. I Demonstrate surfing the World Wide Web.	<b>Indicator:</b> B6.6.3.1.4 Show how to find items on a page.		
<ul> <li>Performance indicator:</li> <li>ALL learners will be able to show how to find some items on a page.</li> <li>SOME learners will be able to show how to find most items on a page.</li> <li>FEW learners will be able to show how to find items on a page.</li> </ul>	<ol> <li>Creativity and innovation</li> <li>Communication and collaboration</li> <li>Cultural identity and global citizenship</li> <li>Personal development and leadership</li> <li>Digital literacy</li> </ol>		

Key words: jump directory, surfing the web, return to a URL, show how to find items on a page

#### In this task:

The teacher should allow all the groups presenting their Teach Backs for this task to do so.

**Learners should** participate in their Teach Backs whilst those not presenting should participate by listening and asking relevant questions from the presenting groups.

# **Resources required**

Learner's Book pages 99-100

# On CD

Evaluation criteria\_Teach Back Tasks 13–17\_B6.6.3.1.2–5.pdf

#### Phase I: Start of task

Set up the classroom to enable the groups presenting to be able to do so.

### Phase 2: Main

Learners who are not presenting should be using the evaluation sheets found on the CD.



## Phase 3: End of task

Ask learners who presented what they thought went well and what they would like to do better next time.

#### Task 17 of 47

Sub-strand 3: Surf	ing the	World \	Nide Web
--------------------	---------	---------	----------

**Content standard:** B6.6.3.1 Demonstrate Surfing the World Wide Web.

#### **Performance indicator:**

**ALL** learners will be able to illustrate how to print some pages

**SOME** learners will be able to Illustrate how to print most pages

**FEW** learners will be able to illustrate how to print pages

Indicator: B6.6.3.1.5 Illustrate how to print pages.

#### **Core competencies:**

- I. Creativity and innovation
- 2. Communication and collaboration
- 3. Cultural identity and global citizenship
- 4. Personal development and leadership
- 5. Digital literacy

Key words: jump directory, surfing the web, return to a URL, show how to find items on a page

#### In this task:

The teacher should allow all the groups presenting their Teach Back for their session today to do so.

**Learners should** participate in their Teach Back whilst those not presenting should participate by listening and asking relevant questions from the presenting groups.

# **Resources required**

Learner's Book page 101

# On CD

• Evaluation criteria\_Teach Back Tasks 13–17\_B6.6.3.1.2–5.pdf.

### Phase I: Start of task

Set up the classroom to enable the groups presenting to be able to do so.

### Phase 2: Main

Learners who are not presenting should be using the evaluation sheets found on the CD.

### Phase 3: End of task

Ask learners who presented what they thought went well and what they would like to do better next time.

#### Task 18 of 47

Sub-strand 4: Favourite places and search engines

**Content standard:** B6.6.4.1 Demonstrate Surfing for information on the web.

**Indicator:** B6.6.4.1.1 Show how to create a Favourites link.

### Performance indicator:

**ALL** learners will be able to show how to create a Favourites link.

**SOME** learners will be able to show how to create some Favourites links.

**FEW** learners will be able to show how to create many Favourites links.

Key words: Favourites link, mp4, screen capture tool

### In this task:

The teacher should demonstrate to learners how to record their evidence of creating a Favourites link.

**Learners should** use their web browser's keyboard shortcut to record all the moves they make on their computer to create their Favourites link.

# **Resources required**

## **On CD**

How to create and remove a Favourites link.mp4

#### Phase I: Start of task

Demonstrate to learners how to record their cursor moves and to record a video showing how they created a Favourites link. Use the video found on the CD: **How to create and remove a Favourites link.mp4**.

#### Phase 2: Main

Allow learners to create their own videos using the Windows button + G on the keyboard to activate the screen capture tool. Ensure the microphone is also working so that learners can explain clearly how they are creating their Favourites link.

#### Phase 3: End of task

Let learners work in pairs to discuss what they thought went well and what they would like to do better next time.

#### Task 19 of 47

Sub-strand 4: Favourite places and search engines

<b>Content standard:</b> B6.6.4.1 Demonstrate surfing for information on the web.	<b>Indicator:</b> B6.6.4.1.1 Show how to delete a Favourites link.
Performance indicator:	Core competencies:
<b>ALL</b> learners will be able to show how to delete a Favourites link.	<ol> <li>Creativity and innovation</li> <li>Communication and collaboration</li> </ol>
<b>SOME</b> learners will be able to show how to delete some Favourites links.	<ol> <li>Cultural identity and global citizenship</li> <li>Personal development and leadership</li> </ol>
<b>FEW</b> learners will be able to show how to delete many Favourites links.	5. Digital literacy

#### **Core competencies:**

- I. Creativity and innovation
- 2. Communication and collaboration
- 3. Cultural identity and global citizenship
- 4. Personal development and leadership

Learner's Book page 102

5. Digital literacy
#### Key words: Favourites link, mp4, screen capture tool

#### In this task:

The teacher should demonstrate to learners how to record their evidence of deleting a Favourites link.

**Learners should** use their web browser's keyboard shortcut to record all the moves they make on their computer to delete their Favourites link.

# **Resources required**

Learner's Book page 102

# On CD

How to create and remove a Favourites link.mp4

### Phase I: Start of task

Demonstrate to learners how to record their cursor moves and to record a video showing how they deleted a Favourites link. Use the video found on the CD: **How to create and remove a Favourites link.mp4.** 

#### Phase 2: Main

Allow learners to create their own videos using the Windows button + G on the keyboard to activate the screen capture tool. Ensure the microphone is also working so that learners can explain clearly how they are deleting their Favourites link.

#### Phase 3: End of task

Let learners work in pairs to discuss what they thought went well and what they would like to do better next time.

Task 20 of 47	
Sub-strand 4: Favourite places and search engines	
<b>Content standard:</b> B6.6.4. I Demonstrate surfing for information on the web.	<b>Indicator:</b> B6.6.4.1.3 Show how to create a Favourites folder.
Performance indicator:ALL learners will be able to show how to create a Favourites folder.SOME learners will be able to show how to create some Favourites folder.FEW learners will be able to show how to create many Favourites folder.	<ol> <li>Core competencies:</li> <li>Creativity and innovation</li> <li>Communication and collaboration</li> <li>Cultural identity and global citizenship</li> <li>Personal development and leadership</li> <li>Digital literacy</li> </ol>

Key words: Favourites link, mp4, screen capture tool

#### In this task:

The teacher should demonstrate to learners how to record their evidence of creating a Favourites folder.

**Learners should** use their web browser's short cut to record all the moves they make on their computer to create their Favourites folder.

# **Resources required**

### Phase I: Start of task

Demonstrate to learners how to record their cursor moves and to record a video showing how they created a Favourites folder.

### Phase 2: Main

Allow learners to create their own videos using the Windows button + G on the keyboard to activate the screen capture tool. Ensure the microphone is also working so that learners can explain clearly how they are creating their Favourites folder.

### Phase 3: End of task

Let learners work in pairs to discuss what they thought went well and what they would like to do better next time.

### Task 21 of 47

Sub-strand 4: Favourite places and search engines

Content standard: B6.6.4. I Demonstrate surfing for information on the web.

#### **Performance indicator:**

ALL learners will be able to show how to use their links toolbar and Favourites places.

**SOME** learners will be able to show how to use their links toolbar and Favourites places.

**FEW** learners will be able to show how to use their links toolbar and Favourites places.

Key words: Favourites link, mp4, screen capture tool

#### In this task:

The teacher should demonstrate to learners how to record their evidence of creating a Favourites folder.

Learners should use their web browser's keyboard shortcuts to record all the moves they make on their computer to show how they are using their links toolbar and Favourites places.

# **Resources required**

#### Phase I: Start of task

Demonstrate to learners how to record their cursor moves and to record a video showing how they are using their links toolbar and Favourites places.

#### Phase 2: Main

Allow learners to create their own videos using the Windows button + G on the keyboard to activate the screen capture tool. Ensure the microphone is also working so that learners can explain clearly how they are using their links toolbar and favourites places.

**Indicator:** B6.6.4.1.4 Show how to use their links toolbar and Favourites places.

#### **Core competencies:**

- I. Creativity and innovation
- 2. Communication and collaboration
- 3. Cultural identity and global citizenship
- 4. Personal development and leadership
- 5. Digital literacy

Learner's Book page 102

Let learners work in pairs to discuss what they thought went well and what they would like to do better next time.

#### Task 22 of 47

Sub-strand 5: Using online forms

**Content standard:** B6.6.5. I Demonstrate the usage of forms.

#### Performance indicator:

**ALL** learners will be able to demonstrate the types and uses of some form elements.

**SOME** learners will be able to demonstrate the types and uses of most form elements.

**FEW** learners will be able to demonstrate the types and uses of form elements.

**Indicator:** B6.6.5.1.1 Demonstrate the types and uses of form elements.

#### Core competencies:

- I. Creativity and innovation
- 2. Communication and collaboration
- 3. Cultural identity and global citizenship
- 4. Personal development and leadership
- 5. Digital literacy

**Key words:** online forms, drop-down list, tick box, sliders, tabs, buttons, text boxes, checkboxes, radio buttons, submit buttons, combo boxes

#### In this task:

**The teacher should** explain that web forms are created using html and show learners the web form elements. If possible, let learners try it out for themselves using an online coding tutorial.

**Learners should** identify web form elements and fill out an online form that uses drop-down lists, combo boxes, text fields, etc.

# **Resources required**

Learner's Book pages 103-104

# On CD

Worksheet Task 22\_B6.5.1.1 Demonstrate types and uses of form elements.pdf

#### Phase I: Start of task

Prepare flash cards of the key words with the words on one side of the card and the meaning on the reverse of the flash card. Issue each learner with a flash card. Some learners will have the same key words.

Get all the learners with the same key word to come to the front of the class to try to explain in their own words what they think it means and let the rest of the class choose the explanation that best fits the correct meaning.

#### Phase 2: Main

Learners do the tasks on **Worksheet Task 22\_B6.5.1.1 Demonstrate types and uses of form elements.pdf.** Task 22.1 requires learners to use the link to log in to complete an online form. Task 22.2 requires learners to label the form correctly using the labels provided in the list.

#### Phase 3: End of task

Swap for peer-reviewing and feedback to each other in pairs.



Task 22.2

	WUF00
	Registration Sign up for your After-School Club
	Name First Last
	Address Street Address
	Address Line 2
text boxes	Postal/ZipCode Country Email
	Date
	Phone Number
tick box	Check All That Apply Male Female Check All That Apply drop-down list
	Choose the day of the week you prefer Monday
radio button	Choose Subject  English Computer Coding Maths Science
	Extra Needs
	Extra Needs \$
	Submit
	Powered By WUP Control of the Contro

#### Task 23 of 47

0

Sub-strand 5: Using online forms

**Content standard:** B6.6.5.1 Demonstrate the usage of forms.

#### **Performance indicator:**

**ALL** learners will be able to demonstrate the filling of some forms offline.

**SOME** learners will be able to demonstrate the filling of most forms offline.

**FEW** learners will be able to demonstrate the filling of forms offline.

**Indicator:** B6.6.5.1.2 Demonstrate the filling of forms offline.

#### **Core competencies:**

- I. Creativity and innovation
- 2. Communication and collaboration
- 3. Cultural identity and global citizenship
- 4. Personal development and leadership
- 5. Digital literacy

#### Key words: online, offline, pdf

In this task:

The teacher should refer to the Learner's Book section on working online and offline.

Learners should complete the worksheet.

# **Resources required**

Learner's Book page 104

### On CD

Field trip information\_Form.pdf

#### Phase I: Start of task

Ask learners to consider which of the following would be online and which would be offline:

- Filling in a paper form that arrived in the post and then returning it by post.
- Downloading a pdf form, signing it, and then scanning in the signed form and emailing it back to the person who sent it to you.
- Filling in a form on a website and pressing the submit button when you have filled it in.

#### Phase 2: Main

Send each learner a copy of the **Field trip information\_Form.pdf** via email. Ask learners to fill in the form using the Fill & Sign tool in the pdf software. Learners must save the completed form before emailing it to a classmate. They must cc you in the email.

#### Phase 3: End of task

Learners check that they have received a completed PDF form from a classmate and check that it was all filled in. Learners give feedback to their classmate.

# Task 24 of 47 Sub-strand 5: Using online forms

Performance indicator: Core	bictures, audio, pdf, etc.).
ALL learners will be able to demonstrate uploading some types of files.1. Cu 2. Cu 3. Cu 3. Cu 4. Pa 5. Du 5. Du 5. DuFEW learners will be able to demonstrate uploading all types of files.5. Du 5. Du 	competencies: reativity and innovation ommunication and collaboration ultural identity and global citizenship ersonal development and leadership gital literacy

Key words: uploading, images, audio, video, pdf

#### In this task:

**The teacher should** explain that learners will need to upload different file types and store them appropriately for future use.

Learners should complete the worksheet.

# **Resources required**

Learner's Book page 104

# On CD

Worksheet Task 24\_B5.6.5.1.3 Demonstrate uploading of files.pdf

#### Phase I: Start of task

Learners match the file extension to the types of files they are working with on the Task 24.1 worksheet. Go through the correct answers with the class when they have all completed Task 24.1.

#### Phase 2: Main

Learners must create a single page MS PowerPoint advertisement about a new talent contest coming to the city during the school holidays. Your advert must show:

- A catchy title (animation)
- Venue
- Ticket prices
- Information about the types of talent and activities entrants can compete in
- Dates and opening times
- Video showing a few highlights
- Sound clip
- Company logo
- Pictures
- Contact details, such as email, telephone, mobile phone, fax, website, address.

#### Phase 3: End of task

Learners swap their presentations with a partner for peer-assessment. They use the assessment criteria to give each other constructive feedback.

#### **Answers to Task 24 worksheet**

Task 24. I

File extension	File type
.jpeg	image
.mp4	Video or movie
.docx	Word processed document
.pdf	PDF document
.png	image
.html	Web page

#### Task 25 of 47

Sub-strand 5: Using online forms

Content standard:B6.6.5.1. DemonstrateIndicator:B6.6.5.1.4 Illustrate retrieving text, pictures,the usage of forms.sounds, and programs.

#### **Performance indicator:**

**ALL** learners will be able to illustrate retrieving text and pictures.

**SOME** learners will be able to illustrate retrieving text, pictures, and sounds.

**FEW** learners will be able to illustrate retrieving text, pictures, sounds, and programs.

#### Core competencies:

- I. Creativity and innovation
- 2. Communication and collaboration
- 3. Cultural identity and global citizenship
- 4. Personal development and leadership
- 5. Digital literacy

Key words: download, upload, images, audio, video, pdf

#### In this task:

**The teacher should** explain that learners will need to download and upload different file types and store them appropriately for future use.

Learners should complete the worksheet.

# **Resources required**

Learner's Book page 104

# On CD

• Worksheet Task 25\_B6.6.5.1.4. Illustrate retrieving text, pictures, sounds and programs.pdf

#### Phase I: Start of task

Discuss what it means to retrieve something. Which of the following statements express the meaning of the word 'retrieve' most accurately:

- You thought you had lost your homework but found it later under your bed.
- You did not have information about what the illness tetanus was, so you looked it up in an encyclopaedia and found the relevant information.
- You saved a picture of your birthday party last year and had to search in your photo albums to find it.
- Your neighbour's puppy fell into a big hole in the field and a passer-by was able to pull it out quickly, thereby saving its life.
- You looked up on Google to find a video about how to make a website
- You inserted an image from your pictures into a PowerPoint slide.

#### Phase 2: Main

Assign learners to five different groups and let them complete **Worksheet Task 25\_B6.6.5.1.4. Illustrate** retrieving, text, pictures, sounds and programs.pdf.

They then work on their own to create a one-slide fact file on ONE country. Award ONE point for each criterion achieved.

Self-assessment criteria	Achieved	Still needs to be done
Animated title		
Background colour		
Information about the country		
A sound file of its national anthem		

Image of its traditional dancesOverall qualityTotal Score

### Phase 3: End of task

Learners save their presentation file as a pdf file. In pairs, they discuss their self-assessment scores and the reasons they awarded them to themselves.

#### Task 26 of 47

Sub-strand 5: Using online forms

**Content standard:** B6.6.5.1. Demonstrate the usage of forms.

#### **Performance indicator:**

**ALL** learners will be able to discuss a few security issues on the form submission.

**SOME** learners will be able to discuss some more security issues on the form submission.

**FEW** learners will be able to discuss security issues on the form submission.

**Indicator:** B6.6.5.1.5 Discuss more about security issues on the form submission.

#### **Core competencies:**

- I. Creativity and innovation
- 2. Communication and collaboration
- 3. Cultural identity and global citizenship
- 4. Personal development and leadership
- 5. Digital literacy

#### Key words: identity theft

#### In this task:

**The teacher should** explain that learners will learn about the positive and negative aspects of disclosing personal details when filling in online forms.

Learners should complete the worksheet.

# **Resources required**

Learner's Book page 105

# On CD

Worksheet Task 26\_B6.6.5.1.5 Security issues with online form submission.pdf

#### Phase I: Start of task

Learners watch this YouTube video about identity theft: https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=CJ40tAm8cTE. Then they chat about how important it is to keep their personal data safe when filling in forms online.

#### Phase 2: Main

Learners access the link below as a whole class. Then work through the questions with the class so that learners can ask any other questions they may have whilst making sense of the content. https://www.theverge.com/2019/9/6/20802082/online-privacy-security-protection-guide-how-to-data-identity-theft-harassment-apple-google-facebook (accessed 7/11/2019)

Learners complete Task 26.3 on Worksheet Task 26\_B6.6.5.1.5 Security issues with online form submission.pdf.

### **Answers to Task 26 worksheet**

### Task 26.2

- 1. It is a method of confirming a user's claimed identity by utilising something they know (password) and a second factor other than something they have or something they are.
- 2. Answers will vary.
- 3. Answers will vary.

### Task 27 of 47

Sub-strand 6: Customising your browser

**Content standard:** B6.6.6.1. Show how to customise a browser.

**Indicator:** B6.6.6.1.1 Identify reasons for customising a browser.

#### Performance indicator:

**ALL** learners will be able to identify some reasons for customising a browser.

**SOME** learners will be able to identify many reasons for customising a browser.

**FEW** learners will be able to identify reasons for customising a browser.

**Core competencies:** 

- I. Creativity and innovation
- 2. Communication and collaboration
- 3. Cultural identity and global citizenship
- **4.** Personal development and leadership
- 5. Digital literacy

Key words: quick access, customise, side-by-side browsing, beautifications

#### In this task:

**The teacher should** explore with the class the reasons why it might be advantageous to customise a web browser.

Learners should complete the worksheet.

# **Resources required**

Learner's Book page 106

# On CD

Worksheet Task 27\_B6.6.6.1.1 Identify reasons for customising a web browser.pdf

### Phase I: Start of task

Let learners consider the screenshot of a customised web browser found on the CD **Worksheet Task 27\_ B6.6.6.1.1 Identify reasons for customising a web browser.** 

Then play the Explanation Game with the class. It starts like this:

You say: I noticed that the web browser had many tabs, such as ... which are very accessible for the user. That is interesting! Why do you think it could be interesting?

Learners' answers will vary. (Learners can refer to the Learner's Book for help to answer your questions.)

### Phase 2: Main

Learners work through Tasks 27.2.and 27.3 on **Worksheet Task 27\_B6.6.6.1.1 Identify reasons for customising a web browser.pdf.** 

Let learners work in small groups and share the sentences they wrote in Task 27.4.

### **Answers to Task 27 worksheet**

Task 27.2

The user is doing research.

#### Task 27.3

Suggested answer: It can create a feeling of unity and loyalty among staff.

#### Task 27.4

Answers will vary.

Sub-strand 6: Customising your browser	
<b>Content standard:</b> B6.6.6.1. Show how to customise a browser.	ndicator: B6.6.6.1.2 Illustrate how to set themes.
Performance indicator:ConstraintsALL learners will be able to illustrate how to set1.some themes.2.SOME learners will be able to illustrate how to set3.more themes.4.FEW learners will be able to illustrate how to set5.	ore competencies: Creativity and innovation Communication and collaboration Cultural identity and global citizenship Personal development and leadership Digital literacy

Key words: settings, customise, appearance, themes

#### In this task:

**The teacher should** illustrate how they have changed their browser's appearance by changing its existing theme.

Learners should complete the worksheet.

# **Resources required**

Learner's Book page 106

# On CD

• Worksheet Task 28\_B6.6.6.1.2 Illustrate how to set themes.pdf

#### Phase I: Start of task

Learners do Task 28.1 on **Worksheet Task 28\_B6.6.6.1.2 Illustrate how to set themes.pdf**. They can use the internet to look for and decide on an appropriate image or they can use an image from your personal collection of images.

#### Phase 2: Main

Learners complete all the tasks on Worksheet Task 28\_B6.6.6.1.2 Illustrate how to set themes.pdf.



Ask learners to complete the following sentence: I chose the new theme image showing ... because ...

Task	29	of	47
------	----	----	----

Sub-strand 6: Customising your browser

**Content standard:** B6.6.6.1. Show how to customise a browser.

#### **Performance indicator:**

**ALL** learners will be able to show how to customise a part of the toolbar.

**SOME** learners will be able to show how to customise the toolbar.

**FEW** learners will be able to show how to customise the toolbar.

**Indicator:** B6.6.6.1.3 Show how to customise the toolbar.

#### **Core competencies:**

- I. Creativity and innovation
- 2. Communication and collaboration
- 3. Cultural identity and global citizenship
- 4. Personal development and leadership
- 5. Digital literacy

Key words: settings, customise, appearance, themes, toolbar

#### In this task:

**The teacher should** illustrate how they have changed their toolbar's appearance by changing the existing icons.

Learners should complete the worksheet.

# **Resources required**

Learner's Book page 107

# On CD

• Worksheet Task 29\_B6.6.6.1.3 Show how to customise the toolbar.pdf

#### Phase I: Start of task

Learners do Task 29.1 on Worksheet Task 29\_B6.6.6.1.3 Show how to customise the toolbar.pdf.

#### Phase 2: Main

Learners work through the remaining tasks on the worksheet.

#### Phase 3: End of task

Give learners the chance to explain any difficulties they may have experienced in customising their browser's toolbar. Other learners can offer ideas on how they can address their difficulties.

#### Task 30 of 47

Sub-strand 6: Customising your browser

**Content standard:** B6.6.6. I Show how to customise a browser.

Indicator: B6.6.6.1.4. Set bookmarks.

### Performance indicator:

**ALL** learners will be able to demonstrate the meaning of bookmarks .

**SOME** learners will be able to demonstrate the meaning of bookmarks.

**FEW** learners will be able to demonstrate the meaning of bookmarks.

Key words: bookmark, favourites, browser tabs

#### In this task:

**The teacher should** explain the concept of bookmarks to the learners and demonstrate how to bookmark a website.

**Learners should** use Worksheet Task 30\_B6.6.6.1.4 Show how to set bookmarks.pdf and demonstrate their ability to set bookmarks. After bookmarking a website, let the learners close the tab and then use the bookmark to visit the site again.

# **Resources required**

### On CD

Worksheet Task 30\_B6.6.6.1.4 Show how to set bookmarks.pdf

#### Phase I: Start of task

Learners should do Task 30.1 on the worksheet.

#### Phase 2: Main

Learners complete the tasks on Worksheet Task 30\_B6.6.6.1.4 Show how to set bookmarks.pdf

#### Phase 3: End of task

Learners can work in small groups and share their answers to Task 30.3 on **Worksheet Task 30\_B6.6.6.1.4 Show how to set bookmarks.pdf**.

Iask 31 of	Task 31 a	of 4	7
------------	-----------	------	---

Sub-strand 6: Customising your browser

<b>Content standard:</b> B6.6.6.1. Show how to customise a browser.	<b>Indicator:</b> B6.6.6.1.5 Show how to set cookies and demonstrate the steps in turning on cookies in a browser.
Performance indicator:	Core competencies:
<b>ALL</b> learners will be able to set cookies.	I. Creativity and innovation
<b>SOME</b> learners will be able to show how to set cookies and demonstrate some of the steps in turning on cookies in a browser.	<ol> <li>Communication and collaboration</li> <li>Cultural identity and global citizenship</li> <li>Personal development and leadership</li> </ol>
<b>FEW</b> learners will be able to show how to set cookies and demonstrate the steps in turning on cookies in a browser.	5. Digital literacy

#### **Core competencies:**

- I. Creativity and innovation
- 2. Communication and collaboration
- 3. Cultural identity and global citizenship
- **4.** Personal development and leadership

Learner's Book page 107

5. Digital literacy

114

Key words: cookies, toolbar, browser, bookmarks, themes, customise, favourites

#### In this task:

**The teacher should** illustrate how they have changed the cookies already set in their browser and to show how to turn on cookies in a browser.

Learners should complete the worksheet.

### **Resources required**

Learner's Book page 108

# **On CD**

Worksheet Task 31\_B6.6.6.1.5 Set cookies and turn on in a browser.pdf

#### Phase I: Start of task

Play the game HOT SEAT with the key words. Ask for a volunteer to sit in the HOT SEAT at the front of the class facing the learners but with their back to the board. The teacher writes the key word on the board so the hot seat learner cannot see the word. Learners must explain what the word means but cannot mention the word or spell it. Once the correct word is guessed a new volunteer should have a turn to sit in the HOT SEAT and a new word goes on the board.

#### Phase 2: Main

#### Learners work through Worksheet Task 31\_B6.6.6.1.5 Set cookies and turn on in a browser.pdf.

#### Phase 3: End of task

Ask learners to complete the sentence in Task 31.2 on the worksheet and to compare their answers with a partner's.

Task 32 of 47	
Sub-strand 7: Electronic mail	
<b>Content standard:</b> B6.6.7. I Demonstrate the use of electronic mail.	<b>Indicator:</b> B6.6.7.1.1 Show how to create and access email messages.
<ul> <li>Performance indicator:</li> <li>ALL learners will be able to create an email account.</li> <li>SOME learners will be able to create an email account and access some email messages.</li> <li>FEW learners will be able to create an email account and access all their email messages.</li> </ul>	<ol> <li>Core competencies:</li> <li>Creativity and innovation</li> <li>Communication and collaboration</li> <li>Cultural identity and global citizenship</li> <li>Personal development and leadership</li> <li>Digital literacy</li> </ol>

Key words: username, password, email address, email account, access, cc

#### In this task:

**The teacher should** assist learners to create email accounts and to send introductory messages to a classmate and to reply to their classmate's email. They should cc those messages to the teacher.

**Learners should** create email accounts, send introductory messages to a classmate, and reply to the email message that they receive. They should cc those messages to their teacher.

# **Resources required**

Learner's Book page 109

#### Phase I: Start of task

Ensure all learners can access the Google email new account sign-up page. Explain to learners that they need to have a username and a password ready and to ensure they can remember both.

#### Phase 2: Main

Allow learners to follow the online instructions to create the email account. Support those who are struggling and ask learners who have finished setting up an email account to assist others who may need more support.

Ask learners to send one email to a classmate, just a polite message introducing themselves. They must all reply to the email they receive. Remind them to cc you into the emails.

#### Phase 3: End of task

Ask learners to say what they found difficult in this task. Let their classmates suggest what they can do next time make the task easier.

### **Extension activity**

Refer learners to Activity 6.4 in the Learner's Book for more practice and guidance on how to create an email account in Google.

#### Answers

### Activity 6.4

#### Learner's Book page 114

Learners should all have a new email account with Gmail. They should be able to remember their own email address and password and should have selected a theme.

#### Task 33 of 47

Sub-strand 7: Electronic mail

**Content standard:** B6.6.7.1 Demonstrate the use of electronic mail.

#### **Performance indicator:**

**ALL** learners will be able to illustrate how to reply to received messages.

**SOME** learners will be able to illustrate how to reply to and forward received some messages.

**FEW** learners will be able to illustrate how to reply to and forward received messages.

**Indicator:** B6.6.7.1.2 Illustrate how to reply to and forward received messages.

#### Core competencies:

- I. Creativity and innovation
- 2. Communication and collaboration
- 3. Cultural identity and global citizenship
- 4. Personal development and leadership
- 5. Digital literacy

Key words: compose email, format text, create email, reply, forward, cc, bcc

**The teacher should** send the attachment **Dear Learner\_Attachment.pdf** found on the CD to all the learners and ensure that they have managed to open it to get the instruction to complete the worksheet for the day's task.

**Learners should** open the email attachment sent to them by their teacher and work through the instructions in the attachment and the worksheet in this task.

# **Resources required**

Learner's Book pages 110-111

# On CD

Dear Learner\_Attachment.pdf

#### Phase I: Start of task

Send an email message with an attachment to all the learners with the instructions about how to reply to and forward received email messages.

#### Phase 2: Main

Ensure all learners can open their emails and the attachment you sent to them so that they can do the exercises in the worksheet.

### Phase 3: End of task

Learners complete the tasks set out in the attachment.

### **Extension activity**

Refer learners to Activity 6.5 in the Learner's Book for more practice and guidance on sending emails.

#### Task 34 of 47

Sub-strand 7: Electronic mail

<b>Content standard:</b> B6.6.7.1 Demonstrate the use of electronic mail.	<b>Indicator:</b> B6.6.7.1.2 Demonstrate how to delete messages.
Performance indicator:	Core competencies:
ALL learners will be able to demonstrate how to	I. Creativity and innovation
delete messages.	2. Communication and collaboration
SOME learners will be able to demonstrate how to	3. Cultural identity and global citizenship
delete messages.	4. Personal development and leadership
<b>FEW</b> learners will be able to demonstrate how to delete messages.	5. Digital literacy

Key words: delete email, format text, create email, reply, forward, cc, bcc, inbox

The teacher should explain that learners should record videos on how to delete messages.

**Learners should** record how to delete messages and then email a copy to the teacher as in the phase 2 instructions.

# **Resources required**

Learner's Book page 110

### On CD

Video\_Deleting emails.mp4

#### Phase I: Start of task

Show learners how to delete emails from their inboxes in Video\_Deleting emails.mp4.

#### Phase 2: Main

Ask learners to open the inbox and delete emails. They should do a screen capture using the shortcut Windows key + G on the keyboard. This will enable them to do the screen capture and record voice, if possible.

Once they have completed their screen captures, they should send a copy to you and attach the .mp4 file with their name on it.

#### Phase 3: End of task

Learners should also send their video to a classmate. They then pair up to discuss each other's video and to give constructive feedback.

Task 35 of 47	
Sub-strand 7: Electronic mail	
<b>Content standard:</b> B6.6.7.1 Demonstrate the use of electronic mail.	<b>Indicator:</b> B6.6.7.1.4 Illustrate filing of email messages.
Performance indicator:ALL learners will be able to illustrate filing of email messages.SOME learners will be able to illustrate filing of email messages.FEW learners will be able to illustrate filing of	<ol> <li>Core competencies:</li> <li>Creativity and innovation</li> <li>Communication and collaboration</li> <li>Cultural identity and global citizenship</li> <li>Personal development and leadership</li> <li>Digital literacy</li> </ol>

Key words: inbox, sent box, sort, folders, label new folders, move emails

**The teacher should** speak about sorting emails in the inbox into appropriately labelled folders. Use the video screen capture showing how to create a new folder and then move emails from the inbox into the new folder.

**Learners should** open the inbox and sort their emails into suitably labelled folders. They do a screen capture showing how they managed to create new folders and then move the emails into those folders from the inbox.

# **Resources required**

Learner's Book page III

### On CD

• Video\_Filing emails.mp4

#### Phase I: Start of task

Show learners how to file and sort emails from their inboxes into suitably labelled folders. Use **Video\_Filing** emails.mp4.

#### Phase 2: Main

Ask learners to open the inbox and sort their emails into suitably labelled folders. They should do a screen capture using the shortcut Windows key + G on the keyboard. This will enable them to do the screen capture and record voice, if possible, about how to file emails and sort them into appropriate folders.

Once they have completed their screen captures, they should send a copy to you and attach the .mp4 file with their name on it.

#### Phase 3: End of task

Learners should also send their video to a classmate. They then pair up to discuss each other's video and to give constructive feedback.

Task 36 of 47	
Sub-strand 7: Electronic mail	
<b>Content standard:</b> B6.6.7.1 Demonstrate the use of electronic mail.	Indicator: B6.6.7.1.5 Create address list.
<ul> <li>Performance indicator:</li> <li>ALL learners will be able to create an address list.</li> <li>SOME learners will be able to create an address list.</li> <li>FEW learners will be able to create an address list.</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Core competencies:</li> <li>I. Creativity and innovation</li> <li>2. Communication and collaboration</li> <li>3. Cultural identity and global citizenship</li> <li>4. Personal development and leadership</li> <li>5. Digital literacy</li> </ul>

Key words: address list, inbox, sent box, sort, folders, label new folders, move emails

**The teacher should** speak about creating an address list. Use the screen capture to demonstrate how to carry out the steps to create an address list.

**Learners should** open the inbox and create an address list with some of their classmates in it. They do a screen capture showing how they managed to create new folders and then move the emails into those folders from the inbox.

### **Resources required**

Learner's Book page 112

### On CD

Video\_Address list.mp4

#### Phase I: Start of task

Show learners how to create an address list. Use Video\_Address list.mp4.

#### Phase 2: Main

Ask learners to create an email address list of some of their classmates and then to do a screen capture by using the shortcut Windows key + G on the keyboard. This will open into the window to do the screen capture and record voice, if possible.

Once they have completed their screen captures, they should send a copy to you and attach the .mp4 file with their name on it.

#### Phase 3: End of task

Learners should also send their video to a classmate. They then pair up to discuss each other's video and to give constructive feedback.

Task 37 of 47	
Sub-strand 7: Electronic mail	
<b>Content standard:</b> B6.6.7.1 Demonstrate the use of electronic mail.	<b>Indicator:</b> B6.6.7.1.6 Demonstrate attaching files to email messages.
Performance indicator:	Core competencies:

**ALL** learners will be able to demonstrate attaching some files to email messages.

**SOME** learners will be able to demonstrate attaching many files to email messages.

**FEW** learners will be able to demonstrate attaching files to email messages.

Creativity and innovation

- I. Creativity and innovation
- 2. Communication and collaboration
- 3. Cultural identity and global citizenship
- 4. Personal development and leadership
- 5. Digital literacy

Key words: attachments, address list, inbox, sent box, sort, folders, label new folders, move emails

**The teacher should** speak about attaching files to email messages. Use the screen capture to demonstrate how to carry out the steps of attaching files to email messages.

**Learners should** open the inbox and attach files to an email message. Do a screen capture showing how they managed to attach files to an email message.

# **Resources required**

Learner's Book page 113

### On CD

• Worksheet Task 37\_B6.6.7.1.6 Attach files.pdf

#### Phase I: Start of task

Show learners the video about how to attach files.

#### Phase 2: Main

Ask learners to attach files to an email message and then to do a screen capture using the shortcut Windows key + G on the keyboard. This will open into the window to do the screen capture and record voice, if possible.

Once they have completed their screen captures, they should send a copy to you and attach the .mp4 file with their name on it.

#### Phase 3: End of task

Learners should also send their video to a classmate. They then pair up to discuss each other's video and to give constructive feedback.

Task 38 of 47	
Sub-strand 7: Electronic mail	
<b>Content standard:</b> B6.6.7. I Demonstrate the use of electronic mail.	<b>Indicator:</b> B6.6.7.1.7 Demonstrate some email tips.
Performance indicator:ALL learners will be able to demonstrate email tips.SOME learners will be able to demonstrate some email tips.FEW learners will be able to demonstrate some email tips.	<ol> <li>Core competencies:</li> <li>Creativity and innovation</li> <li>Communication and collaboration</li> <li>Cultural identity and global citizenship</li> <li>Personal development and leadership</li> <li>Digital literacy</li> </ol>

**Key words:** attachments, address list, inbox, sent box, sort, folders, label new folders, move emails, netiquette

### In this task:

**The teacher should** work through the worksheet and refer to the Learner's Book section on internet etiquette for more information about emailing tips.

Learners should attempt to do all the tasks on the worksheet.

# **Resources required**

Learner's Book pages 109–116

# On CD

Worksheet Task 38\_B6.6.7.1.7 Email etiquette tips.pdf

#### Phase I: Start of task

Learners work in small groups to do **Task 38.1 of Worksheet Task 38\_B6.6.7.1.7 Email etiquette tips.pdf**. You can have a plenary session to listen to all the tips.

#### Phase 2: Main

Ask learners to refer to the Learner's Book section on internet etiquette and then work through all the tasks on **Worksheet Task 38\_B6.6.7.I.7 Email etiquette tips.pdf.** 

#### Phase 3: End of task

Ask learners to share any email etiquette rules with the class that are not mentioned in the Learner's Book.

#### **Answers to Task 38 worksheet**

Answers will vary.

Task 39 of 47

Sub-strand 8: Internet of Things (IoT)

**Content standard:** B6.6.8.1 Demonstrate the use of Internet of Things (IoT).

#### **Performance indicator:**

**ALL** learners will be able to describe the hardware used in the Internet of Things.

**SOME** learners will be able to describe the hardware used in the Internet of Things.

**FEW** learners will be able to describe the hardware used in the Internet of Things.

**Indicator:** B6.6.8.1.1 Describe the hardware used in the Internet of Things (IoT).

#### **Core competencies:**

- I. Creativity and innovation
- 2. Communication and collaboration
- 3. Cultural identity and global citizenship
- 4. Personal development and leadership
- 5. Digital literacy

Key words: sensors, thermostat, remote controller, drone, robot, micro-processor, tracker, antenna

#### In this task:

**The teacher should** assign various IoT scenarios to groups of learners for them to analyse all the hardware related to their scenario.

**Learners should** work in groups to analyse the hardware related to the IoT scenario they are assigned. They should create posters for the classroom display boards.

# **Resources required**

Learner's Book pages 117

# On CD

Worksheet Task 39\_B6.6.8.1.1 Hardware used in the IoT.pdf

### Phase I: Start of task

Play the HOT SEAT game using the key words. Select a learner to sit facing the other learners with their back to the board where you write the key words for learners to describe what the word means or does and the learner in the HOT SEAT has to guess what the word is. Repeat for all the key words.

#### Phase 2: Main

Divide learners into small groups and assign one of these scenarios to each group. Learners should create clearly labelled posters showing all the hardware used in their IoT scenario. Hardware must be clearly labelled.

Scenarios:

- Driverless cars
- Smart homes
- Drones on farms
- Robots milking cows
- Hydroponics
- Greenhouse farming
- Food delivery
- Monitoring medical conditions in patients
- Robots in manufacturing

Learners could refer to the websites given in the worksheet for their scenarios. They should take note of the evaluation criteria when creating their posters.

#### Phase 3: End of task

Learners evaluate all the posters using the Evaluation criteria in **Worksheet Task 39\_B6.6.8.1.1 Hardware used in the IoT.pdf**.

### **Extension activity**

Arrange learners into mixed ability groups so they can work through Activity 6.6 in the Learner's Book.

#### Answers

### Activity 6.6

Learner's Book page 120

Give learners time to watch the videos at least once, preferably twice. The video material would prove a good subject for a whole class discussion.

#### Task 40 of 47

Sub-strand 8: Internet of Things (IoT)

**Content standard:** B6.6.8.1 Demonstrate the use of Internet of Things (IoT).

**Indicator:** B6.6.8.1.2 Give more examples of IoT with a consumer part and an industrial/business segment.

### Performance indicator:

**ALL** learners will be able to give some examples of IoT with a consumer part and an industrial/ business segment.

**SOME** learners will be able to give more examples of IoT with a consumer part and an industrial/ business segment.

**FEW** learners will be able to give many examples of IoT with a consumer part and an industrial/ business segment.

### Core competencies:

- I. Creativity and innovation
- 2. Communication and collaboration
- 3. Cultural identity and global citizenship
- 4. Personal development and leadership
- 5. Digital literacy

Key words: sensors, thermostat, remote controller, drone, robot, micro-processor, tracker, antenna

### In this task:

**The teacher should** continue to develop the ideas from the previous task to include more examples of IoT with a consumer part and an industrial/business segment.

**Learners should** work in groups to continue to develop the ideas from the previous task to include more examples of IoT with a consumer part and an industrial/business segment.

# **Resources required**

Learner's Book pages 117–118

# On CD

Worksheet Task 39\_B6.6.8.1.1 Hardware used in the IoT.pdf

#### Phase I: Start of task

Continue from the previous task where learners were divided into small groups. They should now extend their work by developing their ideas from the previous task to include more examples of IoT with a consumer part and an industrial/business segment.

Scenarios:

Driverless cars	
Smart home	
Drones on farms	
Robots milking cows	
Hydroponics	
Greenhouse farming	
Food delivery	
Monitoring medical conditions in patients	
Robots in manufacturing	

#### Phase 2: Main

Learners could refer to the ideas given in **Worksheet Task 39\_B6.6.8.1.1 Hardware used in the IoT.pdf** for their scenarios and make summary notes to continue developing the ideas from the previous task to include more examples of IoT with a consumer part and an industrial/business segment.

#### Phase 3: End of task

Learners should imagine a future scenario using some of the ideas developed in the Internet of Things.

Task 41 of 47	
Sub-strand 8: Internet of Things (IoT)	
<b>Content standard:</b> B6.6.8.1 Demonstrate the use of Internet of Things (IoT).	<b>Indicator:</b> B6.6.8.1.3 Mention five more terms and acronyms of IoT.
<ul> <li>Performance indicator:</li> <li>ALL learners will be able to mention three more terms and acronyms of IoT.</li> <li>SOME learners will be able to mention four more terms and acronyms of IoT.</li> <li>FEW learners will be able to mention five more terms and acronyms of IoT.</li> </ul>	<ol> <li>Core competencies:</li> <li>Creativity and innovation</li> <li>Communication and collaboration</li> <li>Cultural identity and global citizenship</li> <li>Personal development and leadership</li> <li>Digital literacy</li> </ol>
Key words: sensors, thermostat, remote controller, drone, robot, micro-processor, tracker, antenna	

#### In this task:

**The teacher should** allow each group to explore new terms and acronyms related to their scenario of IoT. They should create a rap song of at least 10 lines using all their new terms and acronyms.

**Learners should** work in groups to create a rap song of at least 10 lines using all their new terms and acronyms related to their group's scenario.

# **Resources required**

Learner's Book page 119

# On CD

• Worksheet Task 39\_B6.6.8.1.1 Hardware used in the IoT.pdf

#### Phase I: Start of task

Allow learners to work in their groups assigned in the two previous tasks and explain that they need to create a rap song of at least 10 lines using all their new terms and acronyms.

#### Phase 2: Main

The rap song must:

- have at least 10 lines
- explain the meanings of each term or acronym
- be fun
- include all group members.

#### Phase 3: End of task

Groups present their rap song to the class and they vote for the best rap song. The class must give reasons for their selection.

#### Task 42 of 47

Sub-strand 9: Digital literacy

**Content standard:** B6.6.9.1 Demonstrate proficiency in digital literacy.

#### **Performance indicator:**

**ALL** learners will be able to demonstrate how to handle private information.

**SOME** learners will be able to demonstrate how to handle personal information.

**FEW** learners will be able to demonstrate how to handle private and personal information.

**Indicator:** B6.6.9.1.1 Demonstrate how to handle private and personal information.

#### **Core competencies:**

- I. Creativity and innovation
- 2. Communication and collaboration
- 3. Cultural identity and global citizenship
- **4.** Personal development and leadership
- 5. Digital literacy

Key words: private information, personal information

### In this task:

**The teacher should refer** learners to the Learner's Book to summarise the points on how to handle private and personal information.

**Learners should** work in pairs and carry out the tasks as given by the teacher in Phases 1, 2 and 3 of this task. They could refer to the section in their Learner's Book on how to handle personal and private information.

### **Resources required**

Learner's Book pages 121–122

#### Phase I: Start of task

Ask learners to write 10 pieces of information about themselves, such as address, names, contact details, medical history, financial status, hobbies, family information, etc. and then categorise the information they listed into two groups: Personal and Private.

#### Phase 2: Main

Learners work in pairs and do the following:

- Compare their lists and discuss why they placed certain pieces of information in each category.
- Decide on which category they should place information that they had categorised differently.
- Suggest reasons why:
  - a) some types of information should not be made public, giving examples
  - b) some types of information should only be private, giving examples.

#### Phase 3: End of task

Learners complete these statements:

- A reasonably good definition of personal information is ...
- A reasonably good definition of private information is ...

### **Extension activity**

Refer learners to Activity 6.7 and ask them to work in pairs for peer-reviewing and more detailed discussions on the topic.

### Answers

### Activity 6.7

Learner's Book page 121

Ask learners how many words they found and allow others to help those who found fewer words.



#### Task 43 of 47

Sub-strand 9: Digital literacy

**Content standard:** B6.6.9.1 Demonstrate proficiency in digital literacy.

#### **Performance indicator:**

**ALL** learners will be able to devise a technique to protect themselves from online identity theft.

**SOME** learners will be able to devise some techniques to protect themselves from online identity theft.

**FEW** learners will be able to devise various techniques to protect themselves from online identity theft.

**Indicator:** B6.6.9.1.2 Devise various techniques on how to protect oneself from online identity theft.

#### **Core competencies:**

- I. Creativity and innovation
- 2. Communication and collaboration
- 3. Cultural identity and global citizenship
- **4.** Personal development and leadership
- 5. Digital literacy

Key words: private information, personal information

**The teacher should** present the advice given in the posters found on the CD and ask learners to create an advice leaflet for learners in Basic 5 on how to protect themselves from online identity theft.

**Learners should** create an advice leaflet for learners in the level below them on how to protect themselves from online identity theft.

### **Resources required**

Learner's Book pages 122-123

### On CD

- Poster\_10 Facts about identity theft.pdf
- Poster\_Safety from identity theft.pdf

#### Phase I: Start of task

Show learners the posters on the CD to use as inspiration and for ideas about what to place in their advice leaflets.

#### Phase 2: Main

Learners work in pairs to create an advice leaflet for learners in Basic 5 on how to protect themselves from online identity theft.

Give them the evaluation criteria before they begin the task.

#### **Evaluation criteria: Advice leaflet**

Evaluation criteria	Achieved	Still needs to be done
Content is accurate and correct		
Two columns on the page		
Clear title		
Uses some images, pictures, drawings or sketches		
Clear explanations		
Overall quality (smiley face)		

#### Phase 3: End of task

Let learners complete the sentence: "The most important thing to keep safe from online identity theft is ...

Task 44 of 47	
Sub-strand 9: Digital literacy	
<b>Content standard:</b> B6.6.9.1 Demonstrate proficiency in digital literacy.	<b>Indicator:</b> B6.6.9.1.3 Differentiate between spam and solicited messages.



#### **Performance indicator:**

**ALL** learners will be able to differentiate between spam and solicited messages.

**SOME** learners will be able to differentiate between spam and solicited messages.

**FEW** learners will be able to differentiate between spam and solicited messages.

#### **Core competencies:**

- I. Creativity and innovation
- 2. Communication and collaboration
- 3. Cultural identity and global citizenship
- **4.** Personal development and leadership
- 5. Digital literacy

Key words: spam, solicited messages, unsolicited messages

#### In this task:

**The teacher should** discuss with the class the differences between spam, solicited messages and unsolicited messages. The class should then debate if all spam and unsolicited messages are bad or not.

Learners should participate in a debate on whether all spam and unsolicited messages are bad or not.

### **Resources required**

Learner's Book pages 123-124

#### Phase I: Start of task

As a class, discuss the meanings of what spam is, what solicited messages are and also what unsolicited messages are.

### Phase 2: Main

Divide the class into two groups for a debate on this topic: *All spam and unsolicited messages are bad.* They should either AGREE or DISAGREE with the statement.

#### Phase 3: End of task

Learners completed these sentences:

- I. A reasonably good definition of spam is ...
- 2. A reasonably good definition of a solicited message is ...

#### Task 45 of 47

Sub-strand 9: Digital literacy

<b>Content standard:</b> B6.6.9.1 Demonstrate proficiency in digital literacy.	<b>Indicator:</b> B6.6.9.1.4 Differentiate between virtual friends and real friends.
<ul> <li>Performance indicator:</li> <li>ALL learners will be able to differentiate between virtual friends and real friends.</li> <li>SOME learners will be able to differentiate between virtual friends and real friends.</li> <li>FEW learners will be able to differentiate between virtual friends and real friends.</li> </ul>	<ol> <li>Core competencies:         <ol> <li>Creativity and innovation</li> <li>Communication and collaboration</li> <li>Cultural identity and global citizenship</li> <li>Personal development and leadership</li> <li>Digital literacy</li> </ol> </li> </ol>

Key words: virtual friends, real friends

**The teacher should** explore the notion of virtual friends versus real friends in the form of a discussion and drawing up a list that differentiates the two.

Learners should participate in the discussion and then compile a list of virtual and real friends.

### **Resources required**

Learner's Book pages 124

#### Phase I: Start of task

Ask learners to compile a list of all their friends and family both online and those they have met and/or known all their lives. There should be at least 10 to 15 names.

#### Phase 2: Main

1. Let learners work in pairs. They should discuss whether they have actually met each person or whether they only know of them. Learners then place the names into these two categories according to whether they have met them in person or not (i.e. they only know them from TV, online games, or from what others have said about them):

Met in person	Not met in person
---------------	-------------------

2. They then draw up another list and place the names from their initial list in these categories:

3. They then compare the lists they complied in questions I and 2. Are there any differences?

#### Phase 3: End of task

Learners completed these sentences:

- I. A reasonably good definition of a virtual friend is ...
- 2. A reasonably good definition of a real friend is ...

Task	46 o	of 47
------	------	-------

Sub-stand 10: Internet etiquette

**Content standard:** B6.6.10.1 Demonstrate the application of internet etiquette.

#### **Performance indicator:**

**ALL** learners will be able to explain internet etiquette and how to deal with it

**SOME** learners will be able to explain internet etiquette and how to deal with it

**FEW** learners will be able to explain internet etiquette and how to deal with it

Key words: internet etiquette, netiquette

**Indicator:** B6.6.10.1.1 Explain internet etiquette and how to deal with it.

#### **Core competencies:**

- I. Creativity and innovation
- 2. Communication and collaboration
- 3. Cultural identity and global citizenship
- 4. Personal development and leadership
- 5. Digital literacy

**The teacher should** refer learners to the Learner's Book section on internet etiquette and allow them to make summary notes.

Learners should make summary notes on internet etiquette.

# **Resources required**

Learner's Book pages 125-126

#### Phase I: Start of task

Allow learners to watch one of these this short videos first:

- https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=-tiUDjn7-as
- https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=b9GmCoMGYlE

#### Phase 2: Main

Learners should make summary notes from the Learner's Book section on internet etiquette on page 125.

#### Phase 3: End of task

Ask learners to complete the sentence below: The most important thing I learnt about internet etiquette today is . . .

#### Task 47 of 47

Sub-stand 10: Internet etiquette

**Content standard:** B6.6.10.1 Demonstrate the application of internet etiquette.

#### **Performance indicator:**

**ALL** learners will be able to investigate the responsible use of computers, e.g. information privacy.

**SOME** learners will be able to investigate the responsible use of computers, e.g. information privacy, copyright, etc.

**FEW** learners will be able to investigate the responsible use of computers, e.g. information privacy, copyright, hardware, software and information theft, etc.

**Indicator:** B6.6.10.1.1 Investigate the responsible use of computers.

#### **Core competencies:**

- I. Creativity and innovation
- 2. Communication and collaboration
- 3. Cultural identity and global citizenship
- 4. Personal development and leadership
- 5. Digital literacy

Key words: internet etiquette, netiquette, copyright, information theft, information privacy

#### In this task:

**The teacher should** refer learners to the section in the Learner's Book on the responsible use of computers, e.g. information privacy, copyright, hardware, software and information theft, etc.

**Learners should** make summary notes that investigate the responsible use of computers, e.g. information privacy, copyright, hardware, software and information theft, etc.

# **Resources required**

Learner's Book page 126

#### Phase I: Start of task

Allow learners to watch one of these this short videos first:

- Copyright: https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=qp\_IWVZoZhQ
- Information privacy: https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=ZNEPaGFApX4

#### Phase 2: Main

Learners should make summary notes from the section on responsible use of computers in the Learner's Book on pages 126–127, e.g. information privacy, copyright, hardware, software and information theft, etc.

#### Phase 3: End of task

Ask learners to complete the sentence below:

The most important thing I learnt about the responsible use of computers related to information privacy, copyright, hardware, software, and information theft, etc. today is ...

# **Check your progress**

- I. A protocol is a set of rules about the way that something has to be done.
- 2. It is the main part of an internet address that identifies the website.
- 3. Answers will vary.
- 4. It is a device that that allows one computer to send information to another over telephone wires.
- 5. a) IoT: Internet of Things
  - **b)** IIoT Industrial Internet of Things
  - c) MIoT Mobile IoT
- 6. It is regarded as rude and shouting.

Strand 7: Health and safety in using ICT tools

# Introduction

In this strand, learners can expect to identify some major health hazards associated with the use of ICT tools and how to maintain the correct sitting posture. The topic of health and safety when using ICT is highly relevant in today's world.

### Task I of 2

Sub-strand I: Health and safety in using ICT tools

<b>Content standard:</b> B6.7.1.1 Demonstrate the application of health and safety measures in using ICT tools.	<b>Indicator:</b> B6.7.1.1.1 Identify five major health hazards associated with using ICT tools.
Performance indicator:	Core competencies:
<b>ALL</b> learners will be able to identify a few health hazards associated with using ICT tools.	<ol> <li>Creativity and innovation</li> <li>Communication and collaboration</li> </ol>
<b>SOME</b> learners will be able to identify most health hazards associated with using ICT tools.	<ol> <li>Cultural identity and global citizenship</li> <li>Personal development and leadership</li> </ol>
<b>FEW</b> learners will be able identify the major health hazards associated with using ICT tools.	5. Digital literacy

Key words: repetitive strain injury (RSI), eye strain, back problems, circulation problems

#### In this task:

**The teacher should** start with a quick quiz about health and safety in using ICT Tools. Create a role play where learners should pose on their chairs and pretend they are sitting on a sofa or couch relaxing reading a book or sitting in an office or at a dinner table or in a car. Let other learners describe the differences in the postures of each role play. Let learners answer the questions on the worksheet.

Learners should complete Worksheet Task I\_B6.7.1.1.1 Major health hazards in using ICT tools.pdf.

# **Resources required**

Learner's Book pages 131–132

# On CD

Worksheet Task I\_B6.7.1.1.1 Major health hazards in using ICT tools.pdf

### Phase I: Start of task

Give learners this quick quiz:

- 1. If you had to work for eight hours a day inputting data into a computer, how many miles would your fingers be travelling? (Answer: 8 miles)
- 2. TRUE or FALSE: A computer screen should be kept at least 30–32 inches away from your eyes for safety. (Answer: False)
- 3. Is a cheap computer a health hazard? (Answer: No, not if it works properly.)

### Phase 2: Main

Ask different learners to come to the front of the class and role play one of the following poses. The other learners must describe the differences in the postures of each role play. Learners role play that they are sitting:

- on a sofa or couch relaxing reading a book
- in an office at a desk
- at a dinner table
- in a car as a passenger
- in a car as the driver.

Let learners answer the questions on **Worksheet Task I\_B6.7.1.1.1 Major health hazards in using ICT tools.pdf**. Learner should refer to the relevant Learner's Book section on health and safety to complete the worksheet .

#### Phase 3: End of task

Ask learners to swap their answers and then go over the correct answers with the whole class for peerassessment.

### **Extension activity**

Arrange learners into small groups of mixed ability to attempt Activity 7.1 in the Learner's Book.

### **Answers to Task I worksheet**

#### Task I.I

- I. back and neck strain
- **2.** eye irritation
- 3. wrist pain
- **4.** eye fatigue
- 5. eye strain

#### Task I.2

- Eye strain is when you struggle to read your screen because the background light or reflections make it difficult for your eyes to see the output on your screen.
- Eye irritation is when your eyes become scratchy and sore from the extreme brightness or the glare from your screen.
- Eye fatigue is when you develop red eyes from straining your eyes too much by spending too long in front of a computer monitor or screen.

#### Task I.3

- Eye strain can be prevented by using proper background lighting and ensuring that there are no reflections causing you to strain your eyes.
- Eye irritation can be prevented by adjusting the brightness to suit the different times of the day and by using an anti-glare screen.
- Eye fatigue can be prevented by looking away from the monitor on a regular basis to give your eyes a break.

#### Task I.4

- Backache from sitting on chairs that are uncomfortable and/or the wrong height
- Repetitive strain injury from repeating keyboard actions for long periods of time
- Eye problems
- Circulation problems from sitting too long in the same position

Activity 7.1	Learner's Book page 133
<ol> <li>Any two from: backache / neck ache / sleep disorders / eye problems</li> <li>a) mouse</li> <li>b) keyboard</li> </ol>	
Task 2 of 2	
Sub-strand I: Health and safety in using ICT tools	
<b>Content standard:</b> B6.7.1.1 Demonstrate the application of health and safety measures in using ICT tools.	<b>Indicator:</b> B6.7.1.1.2 Demonstrate solutions for the health related problems in ICT.
<ul> <li>Performance indicator:</li> <li>ALL learners will be able to identify a few solutions to health hazards associated with using ICT tools.</li> <li>SOME learners will be able to identify most solutions to health hazards associated with using ICT tools.</li> <li>FEW learners will be able identify the solutions to major health hazards associated with using ICT tools, including proper sitting posture.</li> </ul>	<ol> <li>Core competencies:         <ol> <li>Creativity and innovation</li> <li>Communication and collaboration</li> <li>Cultural identity and global citizenship</li> <li>Personal development and leadership</li> <li>Digital literacy</li> </ol> </li> </ol>
Key words: repetitive strain injury (RSI), eye strain, back problems, circulation problems	

**The teacher should** use the video link and refer learners to the relevant section in the Learner's Book on health and safety in ICT.

Learners should complete the Worksheet Task 2\_Solutions for health Issues in ICT.pdf

### **Resources required**

Learner's Book pages 133-135

# On CD

• Worksheet Task 2\_B6.7.1.1.2 Solutions for health issues in ICT.pdf

#### Phase I: Start of task

Play the HOT SEAT game using the key words. Select a learner to sit facing the other learners with their back to the board where you write the key words for learners to describe what the word means or does and the learner in the HOT SEAT has to guess what the word is. Repeat for all the key words.

#### Phase 2: Main

Allow learners to watch this short video on health and safety: https://www.youtube.com/ watch?v=T8qG07XQ0Uw

Then let learners complete Worksheet Task 2\_B6.7.1.1.2 Solutions for health issues in ICT.pdf.

Learners should refer to the relevant Learner's Book section on health and safety to complete the worksheet

Ask learners to swap their answers and then go over the correct answers with the whole class for peerassessment.

### **Extension activity**

Arrange learners into small groups of mixed ability to attempt activities 7.2, 7.3 and 7.4 in the Learner's Book.

### **Answers to Task 2 worksheet**

#### Task 2. I

Sitting in a relaxed position requires unsupported structures, such as a couch or sofa. Sitting in a formal setting, such as at a dinner table or in school or a working environment requires a supportive structure, such as a chair that is adjustable in height or position.

#### Task 2.3

An adjustable chair will allow you to raise or lower the chair so that your eyes are in line with the top line of your monitor. This will ensure that you do not suffer from neck or back pain.

### Activity 7.2

Learner's Book page 134

- 1. Any 2 from: take regular breaks / use a mouse pad with a wrist rest / use an ergonomic keyboard / use an ergonomic mouse / sit with correct posture / arrange workspace ergonomically.
- 2. a) Eye strain caused by too much background light, or reflections on the screen that make it difficult to read the screen.
  - **b)** Eye irritation caused by having the screen brightness turned up too high. Glare could also come from the desk, depending on what it is made from.
  - c) Eye fatigue caused by spending much time in front of a computer screen without a rest.

### Activity 7.3

Learner's Book page 136

Students should do this revision exercise by listening to videos on computing health and safety.

### Activity 7.4

#### Learner's Book page 136

The posters created will vary a lot. They should be relevant to 10–14-year olds and have at least one aspect of health and safety in the computer room covered correctly.

# **Check your progress**

- I. repetitive strain injury
- 2. Ergonomics is about arranging the things that people use so that they can carry out their work and daily life efficiently and safely. The term applies to the positioning of a computer workstation and the design of the equipment used.

3. keyboard, mouse, chair